# Faculty of Natural and Agricultural Sciences

# Calendar 2007

# Part 1: Natural Sciences: Undergraduate Programmes

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It also contains useful information that will help students to plan their learning programmes optimally. It is normally not necessary to read this book from front to back, only use the parts applicable and what is needed.

The contents of the Faculty Calendar is the following:

- The names of academic staff and departmental heads of the different departments can be found on page 5-9.
- The faculty regulations are very important and only comprise a few pages. It is absolutely essential that each student in the Faculty should be well acquainted with these regulations. If students are not clear on the interpretation thereof, the Faculty Manager or Faculty Officer should be consulted.
- The learning programmes under Reg. D7 lead to the degrees B.Sc., B.Sc.(Home Economics.), B. in Consumer Science and B.Sc.(IT).
- The learning programmes and regulations for Honours, Master's and Doctor's degrees can be found in the postgraduate Natural Sciences Calendar.
- The syllabi of modules can be found from page 73 of this calendar. Students should study the syllabi of the modules they have selected.
- The transitional regulations can be found in Annexure A on page 140.
- The prerequisites for modules can be found in Annexure B on page 143.

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### ACADEMIC STAFF

#### DEAN

#### VICE DEAN

PROGRAMME DIRECTORS

Actuarial Sciences and Risk Analysis Agriculture Architecture Biological Sciences Building Sciences Consumer Science Geosciences Information Technology Mathematical Sciences Physical and Chemical Sciences Urban and Regional Planning

Mr K.N. Bekker Prof. J.B. van Wyk Dr P.C. le Roux Prof. J.J. Spies Mr F.H. Berry Prof. H.J.H. Steyn Dr H.E. Praekelt Dr L. de Wet Prof. S.W. Schoombie Dr R.E. Kroon Ms G.M. Steenkamp

Professor H.D. van Schalkwyk

Professor N.J.L. Heideman

(Departmental Heads / Departmental Chairpersons / Qwaqwa Subject Heads are indicated with an asterisk)

#### AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS

Prof. M.F. Viljoen, Prof. L.K. Oosthuizen \*Prof. A. Jooste, Prof. B.J. Willemse Professors Associate Professor Professors Extraordinary Prof. J.A. Groenewald, Dr C.F. le Clus Senior Lecturer Mr Z.G. Alemu Mr B. Grové, Mr A.J. Jordaan, Mr P.R. Taljaard Lecturers Agricultural Engineering Senior Lecturer Mr J.J. van Staden **Centre for Agricultural Management** Dr W.T. Nell Head Ms N. Maine Lecturer

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ARCHITECTURE

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Junior Lecturers

CENTRE FOR CONFOCAL AND ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

Associate Professor Prof. P.W.J. van Wyk

#### CENTRE FOR ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

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\*Prof. M.T. Seaman rer Dr J.C. Roos Ms M.F. Avenant

 CENTRE FOR SUSTAINABLE AGRICULTURE

 Director
 \*Prof. I.B. Groenewald

 Senior Lecturer
 Dr J.C. Roos

 Professors Extraordinary
 Prof. A.E. Nesamvuni, Prof. A. Pell,

 Prof. F.J.C. Swanepoel

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Senior Lecturers Lecturers

Subject Coordinators Junior Lecturer **Qwaqwa Campus** Professor Senior Lecturer Lecturers Junior Lecturers \*Prof. S.S. Basson, Prof. E.V. Brandt, Prof. J.C. Swarts, Prof. A. Roodt Prof. H.K.L. Hundt Prof. W. Purcell, Prof. J.A. Steenkamp, Prof. C.R. Dennis, Prof. J.H. van der Westhuizen Dr H.G. Visser, Dr J. Conradie, Dr B.I. Kamara Mr J.A. Venter, Mr E.H.G. Langner, Mr K. von Eschwege, Dr S.L. Bonnet Dr M. Versteeg, Ms R. Meintjes Mr T.N. Mtshali Prof. A.S. Luyt Vacant

\*Mr S.P. Hlangothi, Ms M.A. Mokoena, Ms B.G. Jacobs Ms D.G. Dikobe, Ms F.N. Stuurman, Mr R.G. Moji

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Qwaqwa Campus Junior Lecturers

#### Vista Campus

Lecturer Junior Lecturers

#### GEOGRAPHY

Professor Senior Lecturers Lecturers Junior Lecturer **Qwaqwa Campus** Associate Professor Senior Lecturer Lecturer

#### GEOLOGY

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Ms N. de Sousa Mr R. Shih, Mr S.D. Ramatlotlo

\*Prof. P.J. Holmes Dr C.H. Barker, Dr G.E. Visser Ms S. Vrahimis, Ms T.C. Mehlomakhulu Ms E. Kruger

Prof. W.F. van Zyl \*Dr J.H.D. Claassen Mr A. Adjei

\*Prof. W.A. van der Westhuizen Prof. W.P. Colliston, Prof. R. Scheepers, Prof. M. Tredoux Dr C.D.K. Gauert Dr H.E. Praekelt Ms A. Lombard, Mr N. Scholtz

#### INSTITUTE FOR GROUNDWATER STUDIES

 

 Professor/Director
 \*Prof. F.D.I. Hodgson

 Professor
 Prof. G.J. van Tonder

 Lecturer/Researchers
 Dr I. Dennis, Dr B.H. Usher, Ms L. Cruywagen, Mr P.D. Vermeulen

#### MATHEMATICS AND APPLIED MATHEMATICS Professors \* Prof. D.M. Murray, Prof. J.H. Meyer,

Senior Lecturer Lecturers

**Qwaqwa Campus** Associate Professor Dr H.W. Bargenda Ms J.S. van Niekerk, Ms A.F. Kleynhans, Dr S. Dorfling, Mr C. Venter Prof J. Schröder

Prof. S.W. Schoombie, Prof. A.H.J.J. Cloot

Vista Campus Associate Professor

Prof. T. Acho

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#### MATHEMATICAL STATISTICS Professors

Senior Lecturers

Lecturers

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Prof. J.L.F. Kock, Prof. D. Litthauer, Prof. M.S. Smit,

Prof. G. Osthoff, Prof. H-G. Patterton, Prof. H.J.H. Steyn

Dr J. Albertyn, Dr A. Hugo, Dr C.J. Hugo, Dr J. Myburgh,

Ms C. Bothma, Dr M. de Wit, Dr L.A. Piater, Dr C.H. Pohl,

Prof. J.I. de Wet Dr I. Kemp

Prof. B.C. Viljoen

Prof. M.F. DeFlaun

Prof. E. DaSilva, Prof. S. Nigam

Dr E. van Heerden, Dr A. van Tonder Dr C.P. Kenyon, Dr E.J. Lodolo

MICROBIAL, BIOCHEMICAL AND FOOD BIOTECHNOLOGY Professors \*Prof. J.C. du Preez, Prof. R.R. Bragg, Prof. S.G. Kilian,

Professor Extraordinary Associate Professors Affiliated Associate Professor Senior Lecturers

Affiliated Senior Lecturers Lecturers

Junior Lecturers

#### PHYSICS

Professor Associate Professors Senior Lecturers Lecturer **Qwaqwa Campus** Senior Lecturer Lecturers

#### PLANT SCIENCES

Plant Pathology Professors Lecturer Genetics Professor Associate Professor Affiliated Associate Professor Lecturers Botany Professors

Senior Lecturer Lecturers Lecturer Researcher Ms I. van der Merwe Ms J.S. van Zyl, Ms P.Z. Swart \*Prof. H.C. Swart Prof. W.D. Roos, Prof. P.J. Meintjes, Prof. J.J. Terblans

Dr M.J.H. Hoffman, Dr R.E. Kroon Dr O.M. Ntwaeaborwa \*Dr B.F. Dejene

Mr J.J. Dolo, Mr J.Z. Msomi, Mr R.O. Ocaya, Mr B.M. Mothudi

\*Prof. Z.A. Pretorius, Prof. W.J. Swart, Prof. N.W. McLaren Ms W-M. Kriel

Prof. J.J. Spies Prof. J.P. Grobler Prof. A. Kotzé Ms K. Ehlers, Dr A. Strydom

Prof. J.U. Grobbelaar, Prof. L. Scott, Prof. A.J. van der Westhuizen, Prof. R.L. Verhoeven Dr P.J. du Preez Dr L. Mohase, Dr A.M. Venter, Dr B. Visser Dr G.P. Potgieter

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Plant Breeding Professors Affiliated Associate Professors Senior Lecturer Lecturer Qwaqwa Campus Professor Lecturers Junior Lecturer

Prof. M.T. Labuschagne, Prof. C.S. van Deventer Prof. R. Prins, Prof. J.B.J. van Rensburg Dr L. Herselman Ms B.K. Mashope Vacant

\* Mr R. Lentsoane, Ms M.J. Moloi Mr T.R. Pitso

#### QUANTITY SURVEYING AND CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT

Professor Senior Lecturer Lecturers \*Prof. J.J.P. Verster Dr H.J. Marx Mr F.H. Berry, Mr B.J. Swart, Mr H.J. van Vuuren, Ms B.J. Kotzé, Mr P.M. Oosthuizen, Mr C. van Zyl

#### SOIL, CROP AND CLIMATE SCIENCES

Professors\*Prof. C.C. du Preez, Prof. J.C. Pretorius, Prof. L.D. van<br/>Rensburg, Prof. S. WalkerSenior LecturersDr P.A.L. le Roux, Dr J. Allemann, Dr C.W. van Huyssteen<br/>Ms A. Bothma-Schmidt, Dr G.M. Ceronio,<br/>Dr G.M. Engelbrecht , Ms L. de Wet, Ms E. Kotzé<br/>Mr A.S. Steyn

URBAN AND REGIONAL PLANNING

Professor Senior Lecturer Lecturers \*Prof. J.J. Steÿn Dr M.M. Campbell Mr P.J. Potgieter, Ms E. Barclay

#### ZOOLOGY AND ENTOMOLOGY Professors

Professors Extraordinary Senior Lecturer Lecturers

Junior Lecturer Qwaqwa Campus Lecturers \*Prof. J.G. van As, Prof. O.B. Kok, Prof. S. v.d. M. Louw, Prof. T.C. de K. van der Linde, Prof. L. Basson Prof. G.L. Prinsloo, Prof. L.J. Fourie Dr L.L. van As Ms E.M.S.P. van Dalen, Mr H.J.B. Butler, Mr C.R. Haddad, Ms C. Jansen van Rensburg Mr J. Parau

\*Dr M. Cunningham, Mr S. Mtshali

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### **REGULATIONS AND INFORMATION**

#### **Bachelor's Degrees**

Degree	Minimum period of study	Abbreviation
Baccalaureus Scientiae	4 years	B.Sc.
Baccalaureus Scientiae	3 years	B.Sc.
Baccalaureus Scientiae (Inf. Technology)	3 years	B.Sc.(IT)
Baccalaureus Scientiae (Home Economics)	4 years	B.Sc. (Home Ec.)
Baccalaureus in Consumer Science	4 years	B.Cons.Sc.

#### REGULATIONS

#### Reg. D1 - General Regulations

The general regulations of the University are, with the necessary adjustments, applicable in this Faculty. These regulations can be found in the General Calendar of the University.

#### Reg. D2 - Entrance requirements

For admission to a programme in the Natural Sciences a student must comply with the following minimum requirements in the grade 12 examination. In cases of students not complying with these requirements, the Dean might consider admission in certain special circumstances.

#### D2.1 Faculty entrance requirements:

- Senior certificate with endorsement (Matriculation Exemption) or an equivalent qualification or a three-year qualification obtained from a tertiary institution.
- A minimum M-score of 28 based on the grade 12 subject symbols.

#### D2.1.1 Specific programme requirements:

#### B.Sc. (Information Technology)

To enrol for the B.Sc. (Information Technology) students should meet the following minimum requirements:

- Higher Grade E or Standard Grade C in grade 12 Mathematics. If the curriculum includes the modules WTW114 and WKS114, the minimum Mathematics symbol required is a D Higher Grade.
- Standard Grade E in grade 12 Physical Science or Higher Grade D or Standard Grade C in grade 12 Biology.

#### B.Sc. (three-year curriculum)

To enrol for the B.Sc. (three-year curriculum) students should meet the following minimum requirements:

- Higher Grade E or Standard Grade C in grade 12 Mathematics.
- Standard Grade E in grade 12 Physical Science or Higher Grade D or Standard Grade C in grade 12 Biology.

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#### B.Sc. (four-year curriculum)

If a student does not meet the entrance requirements for the B.Sc. (three-year curriculum), the student can be allowed into the B.Sc. (four-year curriculum) if the following minimum requirements are met:

- A minimum M-score of 24 based on the grade 12 subject symbols.
- Standard Grade F in grade 12 Mathematics.
- Standard Grade F in grade 12 Physical Science or Standard Grade F in grade 12 Biology.

#### \* Progress requirements

To progress to the second study year of the four-year curriculum, all the development modules (ALC104, CGS108, WTW154, WTW164 and BRS111) plus 32 mainstream credits (CEM104 and CEM194) should be passed.

To progress to the third study year of the four-year curriculum, the development module ALC204 must be passed.

#### B.Sc.(Home Ec.)

To enrol for the B.Sc. (Home Economics) students should meet the following minimum requirements:

- Standard Grade F in grade 12 Mathematics.
- Standard Grade E in grade 12 Physical Science or Higher Grade D or Standard Grade C in grade 12 Biology.

#### B.Cons.Sc.

- To enrol for the B.Consumer Science the minimum requirement is an endossed senior certificate with a M-score of 28.
- No grade 12 Mathematics required.

#### D2.2 Subject requirements:

Students who passed Computer Studies higher grade in grade 12 or any other substantial
programming module and can deliver proof thereof can be exempted from RIS114 or RIS134 if
a promoting test at the beginning of the semester is passed with at least 65%. The test will be
of equivalent standard of the RIS114/RIS134 examination.

#### D2.3 Students in other faculties:

• Students in other faculties who register for subjects in the Faculty of Natural and Agricultural Sciences must comply with the minimum regulation requirements, as set out in Reg. D2.1.

#### Reg. D3 - The selection of a learning programme

#### D3.1 The meaning of a module code

A learning programme consists of compulsory modules as well as optional modules. A module is indicated with the code ABCxyz that means the following:

- ABC Letters stating the name of the module
- x A numeral stating the year level
- y An uneven number for the first semester and an even number for the second semester.
- z This number must be multiplied by four to indicate the number of credits.

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#### D3.2 Credit values of modules from other faculties:

Modules given in faculties other than Natural and Agricultural Sciences, do not necessarily use the above-mentioned notation. If the notation differs, the credit value for such a module is indicated in brackets after the module code.

#### D3.3 Procedure for the selection of a learning programme:

- Select a learning programme under Reg. D7.
- Verify that all the elected modules are allowed on the class and examination timetable.
- Verify that the prerequisites prescribed for every module are met (See Reg. D4).
- Verify that the elected learning programme complies to the requirements of the qualification (See Reg. D5).

#### D3.4 FSK114 or FSK134 as elective

- Students who took higher grade Mathematics and higher grade Science in grade 12 and achieved an A or a B symbol and students who plan to continue with Physics in their second year of study, are advised to take FSK114.
- Students who plan to study first year Physics only, are advised to study FSK134.

#### D3.5 WTW114 or WTW134 as elective

- Students who took higher grade Mathematics in grade 12 and achieved an A or a B symbol and students who plan to continue with Mathematics in the second year of study, are advised to take WTW114.
- WTW 134: It is strongly recommended that a student who plans to study WTW 134 should at least have obtained a C-symbol in grade 12 standard grade Mathematics.

#### D3.6 CEM124 or CEM144 as elective

- CEM124 must preferably be taken by students who want to continue with Chemistry in the second year of study.
- CEM144 must preferably be taken by students who wish to take Chemistry only in the first year of study.
- CEM144 can lead to study in second-year Chemistry if a pass mark of at least 60% was obtained for CEM144.

#### Reg. D4 - Prerequisites

Before a module can be taken, the prerequisites of the module have to be complied to, unless special permission is obtained from the Head/Chairperson of the relevant department. There are four possibilities:

- No prerequisite is required for the module and the module can be taken at all times.
- The minimum prerequisite applies. The requirement is a semester/year mark or an examination mark of 40% in the relevant module. It is indicated as, for example, Min. (WTW114), if WTW114 is the relevant module.
- A full prerequisite applies. The requirement is a pass in the relevant module. It is indicated as WTW114, if WTW114 is the relevant module.
- A co-requisite is required. If the modules are taken for the first time, the module prescribed as co-requisite must be taken simultaneously with the relevant module.

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### Reg. D5 - Programme requirements for the degrees B.Sc., B.Consumer Science, B.Sc.Home Economics and B.Sc.(IT):

#### D5.1 General requirements

- Students must comply with the requirements of the specific programme. (For programmes, see Reg. D7.)
- If indicated in the programme, the foundation modules BRS111 and RIS121 are compulsory and must be passed. The foundation modules represent the mastering of basic skills and must be passed before the degree can be awarded. Students who passed Computer Studies in grade 12 with a D (HG) or C (SG) are exempted from BRS111.
- In exceptional cases of students not complying with the minimum programme and/or credit requirements, the Dean might, according to the nature of the programme, approve a deviation from the above requirements.

#### D5.2 Specific requirements for B.Sc. and B.Sc. (IT) and the B.Sc. (four-year curriculum)

The degree cannot be conferred if the minimum credit requirements are not met as follows:

- A total of at least 392 credits must be obtained over three years ((384 degree credits plus BRS111 and RIS121).
- On first year level a minimum of 120 credits must be obtained.
- On both second and third year levels a minimum of 96 credits must be obtained.
- At least 64 credits must be obtained from one discipline (subject) on third year level, unless
  the specific programme requirement is different. Please note that all modules in a given
  discipline do not necessarily share the same code structure. E.g., MKB, BTG and IQM are all
  modules within the discipline of Microbiology.
- It will be expected from B.Sc.(IT) students to do at least one student assistantship in the Department of Computer Science and Informatics in the third year of study.
- **B.Sc. (four-year curriculum)** A total of 480 (496) credits must be obtained over a period of four years. Of these a minimum of 384 degree credits must be obtained. At least 96 credits must be obtained on both second and third year level and 64 credits on third year level should be in the same discipline.

#### Recommendations:

- If the student wishes to complete the degree with two majors, at least 48 credits must be obtained for each subject on second year level and 64 credits on third year level.
- If the student wishes to take three full second year subjects, at least 48 credits must be obtained for each subject on second year level. The total of this second year credits will then at least be 144 credits. The advantage of this option is that the student will have a wider choice of majors in the third year.
- Because the outcomes of most programmes are based on a study period of four years, students are advised to plan to continue with honours study after completing the B.Sc. degree. It is therefore important to plan undergraduate programmes accordingly.

#### D5.3 Specific requirements for B.Consumer Science and B.Sc. (Home Economics)

• A total of at least 492 credits must be obtained in four years' time.

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#### Reg. D6 - Examinations

For the duration of the examinations, see syllabi. For pass requirements and other regulations concerning examinations, consult the general regulations.

#### Reg. D7 - Undergraduate programmes

The following undergraduate learning programmes are presented in the Natural Sciences: see from page 16.

The following learning areas are presented in the Building Sciences. For more information see Calendar Part 2:

B.Sc. Learning Areas: Quantity Surveying: Open learning - 4324 - 360 credits. Residential - 4386 - 360 credits. B.Sc. Learning Areas: Construction Management: Open learning - 4392 - 360 credits. Construction Management - 4387 - 360 credits.

For detailed information regarding the programmes in the Building Professions and Architecture, see Calendar Part 2. For detailed information regarding postgraduate programmes, see Calendar Part 3. For detailed information regarding the Agriculture programmes, see Calendar Part 4.



#### B.Sc. (four-year curriculum) (4393)

The B.Sc. (four-year curriculum) runs over a minimum of four years and is aimed to improve the throughput rate of the B.Sc. degree. The modules in the first year of the programme are all compulsory. From the second year on electives can be made. Modules with an asterix are year modules.

# • Students who wrote the UFS Afrikaans skills test, but did not comply with the required skill, must register additionally for AFA104.

Year		Semester 1	Semester 2
2	Academic language course Concepts of general science Chemistry Basic computer literacy Advanced computer usage Mathematics Advanced academic language course Mathematics Biology Physics Geological sciences Computer Science Statistics Mathematical Statistics Mathematics Biometry	Semister 1           Compulsory           ALC104*           CGS108*           CEM104*           CEM194*           BRS111           WTW154           Compulsory           ALC204*           WTW114 or WTW134           32 credits from:           BLG114           FSK114 or FSK134           GWS114           RIS114 or RIS134           STK114           WKS114	Seriester 2         Compulsory         RIS121         WTW164         48 credits from:         BLG124, BLG144         FSK124 or FSK144         GLG124, GEO124         RIS124 or RIS144         STK124         WKS124         WTW124/144 or         BMT124
NB	After successful completing of all the modules in the first and second year of the programme, the student can change to the learning programme of his/her choice Follow mainstream second year of choice as set out in the Faculty Calendar		
		,	
4	Follow mainstream third year of choice as	set out in the Faculty Calendar	

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Biodiversity describes "Life on Earth". It includes the total variety of organisms and their interaction with one another and their environment. This interaction takes place on physical, physiological and genetic levels. The study of biodiversity starts in individuals, followed by populations, species etc. Biodiversity therefore reflects the sum total of life.

Possible learning programmes in Biodiversity and Ecology are:

- LP1: Botany (4302)
- LP2: Plant Health (4358)
- LP3: Zoology (4303)
- LP4: Entomology (4304)
- LP5: Microbial diversity (4359)
- LP6: Human Biology (4374)

#### Composition of a learning programme

- A learning programme consists of compulsory as well as optional modules. A module is indicated by the code ABCxyz that means the following:
  - ABC Characters indicating the name of the module.
    - x A digit indicating the year level.
    - y An odd digit for the first semester and even digit for second semester.
    - z A digit that should be multiplied by 4 to determine the credits.
- At first year level the modules with a credit value of at least 120 have to be passed.
- On both second and third year level, modules with a credit value of at least 96, but preferably 128 have to be passed.
- For a B.Sc. degree modules with a total weight of at least 392 credits must be passed (384 degree credits plus BRS111 and RIS121).
- A '+' between modules indicate that all the modules must be taken.
- A comma between modules indicates the modules may be taken independently.
- The word 'or' between modules indicates that only one of the modules may be taken.
- Prerequisites of individual modules must always be adhered to.
- Additional modules may be taken only if the timetable allows it.

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#### Learning programme 1: Botany (4302)

Completion of this study provides the student with a fundamental knowledge of botany, including ecology of terrestrial and aquatic systems. The student can be employed as laboratory or research assistant/teacher/environmental consultant/conservationist in the environmental or agricultural sectors, education and medical institutes. After completion of the third year a postgraduate study in Botany up to Ph.D. level can be followed.

Year		Semester 1	Semester 2
1	Compulsory		
	- Biology	BLG114	BLG124+BLG144
	- Chemistry	CEM114	CEM124 or CEM144
	- Mathematics	WTW114 or WTW134	
	- Physics	FSK114 or FSK134	
	- Computer literacy	BRS111	
	<ul> <li>Advanced computer usage</li> </ul>		RIS121
			One module in the second
	Optional:		semester from:
	- Biometry		BMT124
	- Physics		FSK124 or FSK144
	- Geosciences	GWS114	GLG124 or GEO124
	<ul> <li>Computer Information Systems</li> </ul>	RIS114 or RIS134	RIS124 or RIS144
	- Psychology	PSY112+PSY132	PSY122+PSY142
	- Statistics	STK114	STK124
	- Mathematics		WTW124 or WTW144
2	Compulsory		
	- Botany	PLK212+PLK214	PLK224+PLK262
	Sufficient modules to obtain another		
	- Biochemistry	BOC212, BOC252	BOC224, BOC262
	- Zoology	DRK252, DRK214	DRK262, DRK224
	- Genetics	GEN272, GEN214	GEN282, GEN224
	- Geography	GEO214, GEO234	GEO224, GIS224
	Geology	GLG212, GLG232, GLG214	GLG222, GLG224, GLG242,
			GLG244
	- Microbiology	MKB214, MKB252	MKB222, MKB224
3	Compulsory		
	- Botany	PLK314+PLK334	PLK324+PLK344
	Sufficient modules to obtain another		
	- Biochemistry	BOC314, BOC334	BOC324, BOC344
1	- Zoology	DRK314, DRK334	DRK324, DRK344
1	- Genetics	GEN314, GEN334	GEN324, GEN344
1	- Geography	GEO314, GEO334	GE0324, GIS324
1	- Geology	GLG314, GLG334, GLG354,	GLG324, GLG344, GLG364,
	NAL	GLG374	GLG384
	<ul> <li>Microbiology</li> </ul>	MKB 314, MKB334	MKB 324, MKB344

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#### Learning programme 2: Plant Health (4358)

After completion of these studies, the student will have a thorough knowledge of environmental factors influencing the health of plants with emphasis on the underlying ecological principals involved. With this unique holistic approach as background, the student will be exceedingly competent in services in environmental and agricultural institutes where the conservation or cultivation of healthy plants is of vital importance. After completion of the third year and depending on which major subjects were chosen in the second year, the student can proceed with post graduate studies in Planth pathology, Botany, Entomology or Genetics up to a Ph.D. level.

Year		Semester 1	Semester 2
1	Compulsory - Biology - Chemistry - Mathematics	BLG114 CEM114 WTW114 or WTW134	BLG124+BLG144 CEM124 or CEM144
	<ul> <li>Physics</li> <li>Computer literacy</li> <li>Advanced computer usage</li> </ul>	FSK114 or FSK134 BRS111	RIS121 One module in the second
	Optional: - Biometry - Physics		semester from : BMT124 FSK124 or FSK144
	<ul> <li>Geosciences</li> <li>Computer Information Systems</li> <li>Statistics</li> <li>Mathematics</li> </ul>	GWS114 RIS114 or RIS134 STK114	GLG124 or GEO124 RIS124 or RIS144 STK124 WTW124 or WTW144
2	Compulsory - Plant pathology Sufficient modules to obtain at least a	PPG214+PPG314	PPG324
	<ul> <li>Entomology</li> <li>Botany</li> <li>Genetics</li> </ul>	ENT214+ENT252 PLK212+PLK214 GEN272+GEN214	ENT224+ENT262 PLK224+PLK262 GEN282+GEN224
3	Compulsory - Plant pathology Sufficient modules to obtain at least a	PPG414+PPG434 another 32 credits (preferably 64)	PPG424+PPG444 from:
	<ul> <li>Entomology</li> <li>Botany</li> <li>Genetics</li> </ul>	ENT314+ENT334 PLK314+PLK334 GEN314+GEN334	ENT324+ENT344 PLK324+PLK344 GEN324+GEN344

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#### Learning programme 3: Zoology (4303)

This learning programme is designed for students interested in biology with zoology as focus. After completion of the third year a student can proceed with postgraduate studies up to the Ph.D. level.

Year		Semester 1	Semester 2
1	Compulsory		
	- Biology	BLG114	BLG124+BLG144
	- Chemistry	CEM114	CEM124 or CEM144
	- Mathematics	WTW114 or WTW134	
	- Physics	FSK114 or FSK134	
	<ul> <li>Computer literacy</li> </ul>	BRS111	
	<ul> <li>Advanced computer usage</li> </ul>		RIS121
			One module in the second
	Optional:		semester from:
	- Biometry		BMT124
	- Physics		FSK124 or FSK144
	- Geosciences	GWS114	GLG124 or GEO124
	<ul> <li>Computer Information Systems</li> </ul>	RIS114 or RIS134	RIS124 or RIS144
	<ul> <li>Psychology</li> </ul>	PSY112+PSY132	PSY122+PSY142
	- Statistics	STK114	STK124
	<ul> <li>Mathematics</li> </ul>		WTW124, WTW144
2	Compulsory		
	- Zoology	DRK252+DRK214	DRK262+DRK224
	Sufficient modules to obtain at lease		
	- Biochemistry	BOC212+BOC252+GEN272	BOC224, BOC262
	- Chemistry	CEM232, CEM214	CEM242, CEM224
	<ul> <li>Entomology</li> </ul>	ENT252+ENT214	ENT262+ENT224
	- Genetics	GEN272, GEN214	GEN282, GEN224
	<ul> <li>Microbiology</li> </ul>	MKB214, MKB252	MKB222, MKB224
	- Botany	PLK212, PLK214	PLK224, PLK262
3	Compulsory		
	- Zoology	DRK314+DRK334	DRK324+DRK344
	Sufficient modules to obtain at leas		
	- Biochemistry	BOC314, BOC334	BOC324, BOC344
	- Chemistry	CEM314, CEM334	CEM324, CEM344
	- Entomology	ENT314, ENT334	ENT324, ENT344
	- Genetics	GEN314, GEN334	GEN324. GEN344
	- Microbiology	MKB314, MKB334	MKB324, MKB344
	- Botany	PLK314, PLK334	PLK324, PLK344

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#### Learning programme 4: Entomology (4304)

After completion of this learning programme, the student will be able to work as a technician within the total spectrum of the discipline of entomology. However, to become a qualified entomologist, the student is advised to follow an honours module in the fourth year. Excellent facilities for postgraduate studies up to Ph.D. level are available.

Year		Semester 1	Semester 2
<u>Year</u> 1	Compulsory - Biology - Chemistry - Mathematics - Physics - Computer literacy - Advanced computer usage Optional: - Biometry - Physics - Geosciences - Computer Information Systems - Psychology - Statistics - Mathematics Compulsory - Entomology Sufficient modules to obtain at les - Agronomy and Hortology - Biochemistry - Chemistry - Zoology - Genetics - Microbiology - Botany - Plant pathology, Plant breeding	BLG114 CEM114 WTW114 or WTW134 FSK114 or FSK134 BRS111 GWS114 RIS114 or RIS134 PSY112+PSY132 STK114 ENT252+ENT214	BLG124+BLG144 CEM124 or CEM144 RIS121 One module in the second semester from: BMT124 FSK124 or FSK144 GLG124 or GEO124 RIS124 or RIS144 PSY122+PSY142 STK124 WTW124 or WTW144 ENT262+ENT224
3	Compulsory - Entomology Sufficient modules to obtain at lea - Agronomy - Biochemistry - Chemistry - Zoology - Genetics - Microbiology - Botany - Plant pathology, Plant breeding	ENT314+ENT334 ast another 32 credits (preferabl AGR414, AGR434 BOC314, BOC334 CEM314, CEM334 DRK314, DRK334 GEN314, GEN334 MKB314, MKB334 PLK314, PLK334 PPG414, PPG434, PLT314	ENT324+ENT344 y 64) from: AGR424, AGR444 BOC324, BOC344 CEM324, CEM344 DRK324, DRK344 GEN324, GEN344 MKB324, MKB344 PLK324, PLK344 PPG424, PPG444, PLT424

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#### Learning Programme 5: Microbial diversity (4359)

Students will be well versed in the properties and applications of microorganisms. Students will be employed in the agricultural and environmental sectors, health services and food and other biotechnology - related industries. They can be applied as production, laboratory or research technicians or in the purchasing, sales or marketing departments of industries. After completion of the programme the student may apply for postgraduate studies in Microbiology.

Year		Semester 1	Semester 2
1	Compulsory		
	- Biology	BLG114	BLG124+BLG144
	- Chemistry	CEM114	CEM124 or CEM144
	- Mathematics	WTW114 or WTW134	
	- Physics	FSK114 or FSK134	
	- Computer literacy	BRS111	
	<ul> <li>Advanced computer usage</li> </ul>	-	RIS121
			One module in the second
	Optional:		semester from:
	One module per semester from:		
	- Mathematics		WTW124 or WTW144
	- Biometry		BMT124
	- Physics		FSK124 or FSK144
	- Computer Information Systems	RIS114 or RIS134	RIS124 or RIS144
	- Statistics	STK114	STK124
2	Compulsory		
-	- Microbiology	MKB214+MKB252	MKB222+MKB224
	- Biochemistry and Genetics	BOC212+BOC252+GEN272	BOC224+BOC262
	Sufficient modules to preferably obt		
	- Microbiology		IOM242
	- Food Science	VWS212, VWS232	VWS222, VWS224
	- Entomology	ENT252+ENT214	ENT262+ENT224
	- Genetics	GEN214	GEN282, GEN224
	- Botany	PLK212, PLK214	PLK224, PLK262
	- Chemistry	CEM232, CEM214	CEM242, CEM224
	- Zoology	DRK252, DRK214	DRK262, DRK224
3	Compulsory		
	- Microbiology	MKB314+MKB334	MKB324
			One of the following:
	- Food Science		VWS344 or
	- Microbiology		MKB344
	Sufficient modules to obtain at least	another 16 credits (preferably 48	
	- Biochemistry	BOC314, BOC334	BOC324, BOC344
	- Microbiology		MKB344, BTG324
	- Entomology	ENT314, ENT334	ENT324, ENT344
	- Genetics	GEN314, GEN334	GEN324, GEN344
	Botany	PLK314, PLK334	PLK324, PLK344
	- Zoology	DRK314, DRK334	DRK324, DRK344
	- Food Science	VWS314, VWS334	VWS324, VWS344

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#### Learning programme 6: Human Biology (4374)

After completion of this programme students should have a sound foundation of the structure and/or function of the normal human body. They can be employed in the education-, agricultural-, environmental- and health sectors as well as in food-related and chemical industries, working as teachers, professional officers, laboratory/research assistants or in the purchases/sales/marketing divisions. For students interested in a career as medical scientist it is recommended that the student follows an applied honours degree during the fourth study year and adheres to the regulations of the Health Professions' Council of SA. Postgraduate study up to Ph.D. level is possible.

Year		Semester 1	Semester 2
1	Compulsory - Biology - Chemistry - Mathematics - Physics - Computer literacy - Advanced computer usage Optional:	BLG114 CEM114 WTW114 or WTW134 FSK114 or FSK134 BRS111	BLG124+BLG144 CEM124 or CEM144 RIS121 One module in the second semester from:
	<ul> <li>Anthropology</li> <li>Biometry</li> <li>Physics</li> <li>Computer Information Systems</li> <li>Psychology</li> <li>Statistics</li> <li>Mathematics</li> </ul>	ANT112+ANT132 RIS114 or RIS134 PSY112+PSY132 STK114	ANT124 BMT124 FSK124 or FSK144 RIS124 or RIS144 PSY122+PSY142 STK124 WTW124 or WTW144
2	Compulsory - Anatomy or Physiology Sufficient modules to obtain at least an - Anatomy - Anthropology - Biochemistry - Chemistry	ANA216 or FFG216 other 48 credits (preferably 80 ANA216 ANT212+ANT232 BOC212+BOC252 CEM214, CEM232	ANA226 or FFG226 0) from: ANA226 ANT222+ANT242 BOC224+BOC262 CEM224, CEM242
	<ul> <li>Zoology</li> <li>Entomology</li> <li>Physiology</li> <li>Genetics</li> <li>Histology</li> <li>Psychology</li> </ul>	DRK252, DRK214 ENT252+ENT214 FFG216 GEN272+GEN214 HTG214 PSY212+PSY232	DRK262, DRK224 ENT262+ENT224 FFG226 GEN282+GEN224 HTG224 PSY222+PSY242

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3	Compulsory		
	<ul> <li>Anatomy or Physiology</li> </ul>	ANA316+ANA304 or	ANA326 or FFG326+FFG342
		FFG316+FFG332	
	Sufficient modules to obtain at least an	other 32 credits (preferably 64	) from:
	- Anatomy	ANA316+ANA304	ANA326
	- Anthropology	ANT312+ANT332	ANT324
	- Biochemistry	BOC314, BOC334	BOC324, BOC344
	- Chemistry	CEM314, CEM334	CEM324, CEM344
	- Zoology	DRK314, DRK334	DRK324, DRK344
	- Entomology	ENT334	
	- Physiology	FFG316, FFG332	FFG326, FFG342
	- Genetics	GEN314, GEN334	GEN324, GEN344
	- Histology	HTG304	
	- Psychology	PTV312+PNA332	PNA322+PSY342

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The survival of living cells and organisms are dependent on the flow of energy, matter and genetic information. These complex interactions occur between different molecules, macro molecules and cells. The ordered relationship among molecules therefore forms the basis of life.

Possible learning programmes in Molecular and Cell Biology are:

- LP7: Microbiology (4305)
- LP8: Medical Microbiology (4375)
- LP9: Biochemistry (4306)
- LP10: Human Molecular Biology (4376)
- LP11: Genetics (4307)
- LP12: Behavioural Genetics (4377)

#### Composition of a learning programme

- A learning programme consists of compulsory as well as optional modules. A module is indicated by the code ABCxyz that means the following:
  - ABC Characters indicating the name of the module.
    - x A digit indicating the year level.
    - y An odd digit for the first semester and even digit for second semester.
    - z A digit that should be multiplied by 4 to determine the credits.
- At first year level the modules with a credit value of at least 120 have to be passed.
- On both second and third year level, modules with a credit value of at least 96, but preferably 128 have to be passed.
- For a B.Sc. degree modules with a total weight of at least 392 credits must be passed (384 degree credits plus BRS111 and RIS121).
- A '+' between modules indicate that all the modules must be taken.
- A comma between modules indicates the modules may be taken independently.
- The word 'or' between modules indicates that only one of the modules may be taken.
- Prerequisites of individual modules must always be adhered to.
- Additional modules may be taken only if the timetable allows it.

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#### Learning Programme 7: Microbiology (4305)

This learning programme is designed for students who are interested in microbiology and who also want advance knowledge of molecular biology. Students can be employed in the agricultural or environmental sectors, health services as well as in the food or other biotechnology related industries. They can be applied as production, laboratory or research technicians or in the purchasing, sales or marketing departments of industries. After completion of the programme the student may apply to post-graduate studies in Microbiology.

Year		Semester 1	Semester 2
1	Compulsory		
1	- Biology	BLG114	BLG124+BLG144
	- Chemistry	CEM114	CEM124 or CEM144
	- Mathematics	WTW114 or WTW134	
	- Physics	FSK114 or FSK134	
	- Computer literacy	BRS111	
	- Advanced computer usage	BROTT	RIS121
	Advanced computer usage		One module in the second
	Optional:		semester form:
	- Mathematics		WTW124 or WTW144
	- Biometry		BMT124
	- Physics		FSK124 or FSK144
	- Computer Information Systems	RIS114 or RIS134	RIS124 or RIS144
	- Statistics	STK114	STK124
2	Compulsory	UNIT UNIT	OTICIET
2	- Microbiology	MKB214+MKB252	MKB222+MKB224
	- Biochemistry and Genetics	BOC212+BOC252+GEN272	BOC224+BOC262
	Sufficient modules to obtain preferabl		0002241000202
	- Microbiology		IOM242
	- Food Science	VWS212, VWS232	VWS222, VWS224
	- Entomology	ENT252+ENT214	ENT262+ENT224
	- Genetics	GEN214	GEN282, GEN224
	- Botany	PLK212, PLK214	PLK224, PLK262
	- Chemistry	CEM232, CEM214	CEM242, CEM224
	- Zoology	DRK252, DRK214	DRK262, DRK224
3	Compulsory	DIRECT	DIRECE, DIREET
Ŭ	- Microbiology	MKB314+MKB334	MKB324+344
	- Biochemistry	BOC314	
	Sufficient modules to obtain at least a		) from:
	- Biochemistry	BOC334	BOC324, BOC344
	- Microbiology		BTG324
	- Genetics	GEN314, GEN334	GEN324, GEN344
	- Chemistry	CEM314, CEM334	CEM324, CEM344
	- Food Science	VWS314, VWS334	VWS324, VWS344

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#### Learning programme 8: Medical Microbiology (4375)

Medical Microbiology refers to human infectious diseases caused by microorganisms, associated laboratory techniques, diagnosis and identification of pathogens. After completion of this programme students can be employed in the health services, environmental- and agricultural sectors as well as in biotechnological and food-related industries, working as professional officer, laboratory-/research assistant or in purchases/sales/marketing divisions. For students interested in a career as medical scientist it is recommended that the student follows the applied honours degree during the fourth study year and adheres to the regulations of the Health Professions' Council of SA. Postgraduate study up to Ph.D. level is possible.

Year		Semester 1	Semester 2
1	Compulsory		
	- Biology	BLG114	BLG124+BLG144
	- Chemistry	CEM114	CEM124 or CEM144
	- Mathematics	WTW114 or WTW134	
	- Physics	FSK114 or FSK134	
	<ul> <li>Computer literacy</li> </ul>	BRS111	
	<ul> <li>Advanced computer usage</li> </ul>		RIS121
			One module in the second
	Optional:		semester from:
	- Anatomy		ANA124
	- Biometry		BMT124
	- Physics		FSK124 or FSK144
	<ul> <li>Computer Information Systems</li> </ul>	RIS114 or RIS134	RIS124 or RIS144
	- Statistics	STK114	STK124
	- Mathematics		WTW124 or WTW144
2	Compulsory		
	- Microbiology	MKB252+MKB214	MKB222+MKB224
	- Biochemistry	BOC212+BOC252	BOC224+BOC262
	- Genetics	GEN272	
	Sufficient modules to obtain preferably a		
	- Chemistry	CEM232, CEM214	CEM242, CEM224
	- Genetics	GEN214	GEN282+GEN224
	- Microbiology		IQM242
3	Compulsory		
	<ul> <li>Medical Microbiology</li> </ul>	MKM314+MKM334	MKM324+MKM344
	Sufficient modules to obtain at least anot		
	- Biochemistry	BOC314, BOC334	BOC324, BOC344
	- Chemistry	CEM314, CEM334	CEM324, CEM344
	- Microbiology		MKB344

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#### Learning Programme 9: Biochemistry (4306)

This learning programme is designed for students interested in biology, but with a knack for chemistry. After completion of this programme, students will be well prepared as technicians for a wide range of sectors, including medical research, agriculture as well as the food, biotechnological and chemical industries.

Year		Semester 1	Semester 2
1	Compulsory		
	- Biology	BLG114	BLG124+BLG144
	- Chemistry	CEM114	CEM124 or CEM144
	- Physics	FSK114 or FSK134	
	- Mathematics	WTW114 or WTW134	
	<ul> <li>Computer literacy</li> </ul>	BRS111	
	<ul> <li>Advanced computer usage</li> </ul>		RIS121
			One module in the second
	Optional:		semester from:
	- Physics		FSK124 or FSK144
	<ul> <li>Computer Information Systems</li> </ul>	RIS114 of RIS134	RIS124 or RIS144
	- Mathematics		WTW124 or WTW144
	- Biometry		or BMT124
2	Compulsory		
	- Biochemistry	BOC212+BOC252	BOC224+BOC262
	- Genetics	GEN272	
L	Sufficient modules to obtain at lea		
	<ul> <li>Microbiology</li> </ul>	MKB214, MKB252	MKB224+MKB222
	<ul> <li>Physiology</li> </ul>	FFG216	FFG226
	- Entomology	ENT252+ENT214	ENT262+ENT224
	- Genetics	GEN214	GEN282, GEN224
	- Botany	PLK212, PLK214	PLK224, PLK262
	- Chemistry	CEM232, CEM214	CEM242, CEM224
	- Zoology	DRK252 <u>,</u> DRK214	DRK262, DRK224
	- Food Science	VWS212, VWS232	VWS222, VWS224
3	Compulsory		
	- Biochemistry	BOC314+BOC334	BOC324+344
Į	Sufficient modules to obtain at lea		
	<ul> <li>Microbiology</li> </ul>	MKB314+MKB334	MKB324, MKB344, BTG324
	- Entomology	ENT314, ENT334	ENT324, ENT344
	- Genetics	GEN314, GEN334	GEN324, GEN344
	- Botany	PLK314, PLK334	PLK324, PLK344
	- Chemistry	CEM314, CEM334	CEM324, CEM344
	- Zoology	DRK314, DRK334	DRK324, DRK344
	<ul> <li>Food Science</li> </ul>	VWS314, VWS334	VWS324, VWS344
	- Physiology	FFG316+FFG332	FFG326+FFG342

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#### Learning programme 10: Human Molecular Biology (4376)

This learning programme offers the student career opportunities in various biological research institutes, the pharmaceutical industry as well as biotechnological and training institutions where as sound knowledge of molecular biology is required. For students interested in a career as medical scientist it is recommended that the student follows an applied honours degree during the fourth study year and adheres to the regulations of the Health Professions' Council of SA. Postgraduate study up to Ph.D. level is possible.

Yea	r	Semester 1	Semester 2
1	Compulsory		
	- Biology	BLG114	BLG124+BLG144
	- Chemistry	CEM114	CEM124 or CEM144
	- Mathematics	WTW114 or WTW134	
	- Physics	FSK114 or FSK134	
	<ul> <li>Computer literacy</li> </ul>	BRS111	
	<ul> <li>Advanced computer usage</li> </ul>		RIS121
			One module in the second
	Optional:		semester from:
	- Biometry		BMT124
	- Physics		FSK124 or FSK144
	<ul> <li>Computer Information Systems</li> </ul>	RIS114 or RIS134	RIS124 or RIS144
	<ul> <li>Psychology</li> </ul>	PSY112+PSY132	PSY122+PSY142
	<ul> <li>Mathematics</li> </ul>		WTW124 or WTW144
2	Compulsory		
	<ul> <li>Human Molecular Biology</li> </ul>	MBG216	MBG226
	- Biochemistry	BOC212+BOC252	BOC224+BOC262
	- Genetics	GEN272+GEN214	GEN282+GEN224
3	Compulsory		
	- Genetics	GEN314+GEN334	GEN324+GEN344
	- Biochemistry	BOC314+BOC334	BOC324+BOC344

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#### Learning programme 11: Genetics (4307)

Completion of this study provides the student with a fundamental knowledge of genetics. The student will be able to specialise at post-graduate level (up to a Ph.D.) in population, molecular or cytogenetic fields in human, animal or plant genetics. With a three-year qualification the student will only be able to be employed as a technician in agricultural, forestry, seed, pest control and medical research institutes.

Year		Semester 1	Semester 2
1	Compulsory		
	- Biology	BLG114	BLG124+BLG144
	- Biometry		BMT124
	- Chemistry	CEM114	CEM124 or CEM144
	- Physics	FSK114 or FSK134	
	- Mathematics	WTW114 or WTW134	
	<ul> <li>Computer literacy</li> </ul>	BRS 111	
	<ul> <li>Advanced computer usage</li> </ul>		RIS121
2	Compulsory		
	- Genetics	GEN272+GEN214	GEN282+GEN224
	Sufficient modules to obtains at least a	nother 48 credits (preferably 80)	from:
	- Biochemistry	BOC212, BOC252	BOC224, BOC262
	- Zoology	DRK252, DRK214	DRK262, DRK224
	- Entomology	ENT252+ENT214	ENT262+ENT224
	- Physiology	FFG216	FFG226
	<ul> <li>Microbiology</li> </ul>	MKB214, MKB252	MKB222, MKB224
	- Botany	PLK212, PLK214	PLK262, PLK224
3	Compulsory		
	- Genetics	GEN314+GEN334	GEN324+GEN344
	Sufficient modules to obtain at least a	nother 32 credits (preferably 64)	from:
	- Biochemistry	BOC314, BOC334	BOC324, BOC344
	- Zoology	DRK314, DRK334	DRK324, DRK344
	- Entomology	ENT314+ENT334	ENT324+ENT344
	- Physiology	FFG316+FFG332	FFG326+FFG342
	- Microbiology	MKB314, MKB334	MKB324, MKB344
	- Botany	PLK314, PLK334	PLK324, PLK344

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#### Learning Programme 12: Behavioural Genetics (4377)

Behavioural Genetics is a combination of psychology and genetics. The main purpose of this subject area is to study the interaction between the environment and hereditary behavioural patterns. After completion of this study, the student will have a thorough basic knowledge of Behavioural Genetics. The student will be capable of specialising on post graduate level (up until Ph.D.) in Behavioural Genetics, Genetics of Psychology. Post graduate training is essential in order to work as a behavioural geneticist.

Year		Semester 1	Semester 2
1	Compulsory		
	- Biology	BLG114	BLG124+144
	- Biometry		BMT124
	- Chemistry	CEM114	CEM124 or CEM144
	<ul> <li>Psychology</li> </ul>	PSY112+PSY132	PSY122+142
	<ul> <li>Mathematics</li> </ul>	WTW114 or WTW134	
	<ul> <li>Computer literacy</li> </ul>	BRS111	
	<ul> <li>Advanced computer usage</li> </ul>		RIS121
2	Compulsory		
	- Genetics	GEN272+GEN214	GEN282+GEN224
	<ul> <li>Psychology</li> </ul>	PSY212+PSY232	PSY222+PSY242
	Sufficient modules to obtain at least and		
	- Biochemistry	BOC212, BOC252	BOC224, BOC262
	- Zoology	DRK252, DRK214	DRK262, DRK224
	<ul> <li>Entomology</li> </ul>	ENT252+ENT214	ENT262+ENT224
	- Physiology	FFG216	FFG226
3	Compulsory		
	- Genetics	GEN314+GEN334	GEN324+GEN344
	<ul> <li>Psychology</li> </ul>	PTV312+PNA332	PNA322+PSY342
	Sufficient modules to obtain at least and		
	- Biochemistry	BOC314, BOC334	BOC324, BOC344
	- Zoology	DRK314, DRK334	DRK324, DRK344
	- Entomology	ENT314, ENT334	ENT324, ENT344
	<ul> <li>Physiology</li> </ul>	FFG316+FFG332	FFG326+FFG342

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Biotechnology is the integrated use of biological, molecular, physical and engineering sciences, with the focus on the use of biological systems for technological applications in the industry, agriculture and medical field.

Possible learning programmes in Biotechnology are:

- LP13: Microbial Biotechnology (4311)
- LP14: Plant Molecular Biology (4308)
- LP15: Food Biotechnology (4313)
- LP16: Plant Improvement (4378)
- LP17: Bioinformatics (4379)

#### Composition of a learning programme

- A learning programme consists of compulsory as well as optional modules. A module is indicated by the code ABCxyz that means the following:
  - ABC Characters indicating the name of the module.
    - x A digit indicating the year level.
    - y An odd digit for the first semester and even digit for second semester.
    - z A digit that should be multiplied by 4 to determine the credits.
- At first year level the modules with a credit value of at least 120 have to be passed.
- On both second and third year level, modules with a credit value of at least 96, but preferably 128 have to be passed.
- For a B.Sc. degree modules with a total weight of at least 392 credits must be passed (384 degree credits plus BRS111 and RIS121).
- A '+' between modules indicate that all the modules must be taken.
- A comma between modules indicates the modules may be taken independently.
- The word 'or' between modules indicates that only one of the modules may be taken.
- Prerequisites of individual modules must always be adhered to.
- Additional modules may be taken only if the timetable allows it.

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#### Learning programmes 13: Microbial Biotechnology (4311)

Individuals with this qualification are very well equipped to be taken into service by industries involved in the manufacturing of bioproducts (enzymes, vaccines; antibiotics, amino acids), food and pharmaceutical products or the development and use of genetically modified micro organisms. In particular, they will be experts in the development and operations of a variety of biotechnological processes or in the line of quality control of food production. Their services can be used for production, laboratory or research technicians and will also be equipped with basic management skills.

Year		Semester 1	Semester 2
1	Compulsory - Biology - Chemistry - Mathematics - Physics	BLG114 CEM114 WTW114 or WTW134 FSK114 or FSK134	BLG124 +BLG144 CEM124 or CEM144 BMT124
	<ul> <li>Computer literacy</li> <li>Advanced computer usage</li> <li>Optional:</li> <li>Mathematics</li> <li>Physics</li> </ul>	BRS111	RIS121 WTW124 or WTW144 FSK124 or FSK144
2	Compulsory - Microbiology - Biochemistry - Genetics	MKB214+MKB252 BOC212+BOC252 GEN272	IQM242+MKB222+ MKB224 BOC224+BOC262
	Sufficient modules to obtain preferat - Chemistry - Genetics - Computer Information Systems - Statistics - Mathematics and Applied Mathematics	oly 24 credits from: CEM232 (recommended), CEM214 GEN214 RIS114 STK216 WTW214, WTW236, WTW252	CEM242 (recommended), CEM224 GEN282, GEN224 RIS124 STK226 WTW224, WTW244, WTW262, WTW282
3	Compulsory - Biochemistry - Microbiology - Business management Sufficient modules to obtain preferat - Biochemistry - Chemistry - Genetics - Microbiology - Computer Information Systems - Statistics - Mathematics and Applied Mathematics	BOC314 MKB314+MKB334 OBS234 Oly another 16 credits from: BOC334 CEM314, CEM334 GEN314, GEN334 RIS216 STK316, BMT334 WTW314, WTW334, WTW354, WTW374	MKB324+BTG324 OBS244 BOC324, BOC344 CEM324, CEM344 GEN324, GEN344 MKB344 RIS222, RIS224 STK326, BMT344 WTW324, WTW364, WTW364, WTW384

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#### Learning Programme 14: Plant molecular Biology (4308)

After completion of this study the student will have a sound knowledge of the theoretical and practical approaches in plant molecular biology and will be able to be taken into service by industries involved in the use of plants and plant systems. The student can be employed as production, laboratory or research assistant. After completion of the third year a postgraduate study in Botany up to Ph.D. level can be followed.

Year		Semester 1	Semester 2
1	Compulsory		
	- Biology	BLG114	BLG124+BLG144
	- Chemistry	CEM114	CEM124 or CEM144
	<ul> <li>Mathematics</li> </ul>	WTW114 or WTW134	
	- Physics	FSK114 or FSK134	
	<ul> <li>Computer literacy</li> </ul>	BRS111	
	<ul> <li>Advanced computer usage</li> </ul>		RIS121
			One module in the second
	Optional:		semester from:
	- Biometry		BMT124
	- Physics		FSK124 or FSK144
	- Geosciences	GWS114	GLG124 or GEO124
	- Computer Information Systems	RIS114 or RIS134	RIS124 or RIS144
	- Statistics	STK114	STK124
	- Mathematics		WTW124 or 144
2	Compulsory		
	- Botany	PLK212+PLK214	PLK224 + PLK262
	- Genetics	GEN272+GEN214	
	- Biochemistry	BOC212	
	Sufficient modules to obtain at lea	st another 16 credits (preferably 48	3) from:
	- Biochemistry	BOC252	BOC224, BOC262
	- Chemistry		CEM224
	- Genetics		GEN282, GEN224
	- Microbiology	MKB214, MKB252	MKB222, MKB224
3	Compulsory		
	- Botany	PLK314+PLK334	PLK324+PLK344
	- Genetics	GEN314	
	<ul> <li>Business management</li> </ul>	OBS234	OBS244
	Sufficient modules to preferably of	otain another 16 credits form:	
	- Biochemistry	BOC314, BOC334	BOC324, BOC344
	- Chemistry	CEM314, CEM334	CEM324, CEM344
	- Genetics	GEN334	GEN324, GEN344
	<ul> <li>Microbiology</li> </ul>	MKB314, MKB334	MKB324, MKB344, BTG324

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#### Learning Programme 15: Food Biotechnology (4313)

Individuals with this qualification are very well equipped for being employed by industries involved with the manufacturing or developing of food products (dairy, meant, fruit, grain and vegetables). They will also be capable of doing microbial analyses to determine whether the food is safe for consumption. They will be especially equipped in the development and running of a variety of biotechnological processes or in the line of quality assurance and food production. They will be able to work as production, laboratory or research technicians and will have basic management skills. Individuals will also be capable of starting a meat, dairy, grain or vegetable food production plant.

Year		Semester 1	Semester 2
1	Compulsory - Biology - Chemistry - Mathematics - Physics - Computer literacy - Advanced computer usage Optional: - Biometry - Mathematics	BLG114 CEM114 WTW114 or WTW134 FSK114 or FSK134 BRS111	BLG124+BLG144 CEM124 or CEM144 RIS121 One module in the second semester from: BMT124 WTW124 or WTW144
2	Physics     Compulsory     Biochemistry     Microbiology     Food Science     One module in the first semeste     Chemistry (recommended)     Physics     Computer Information Systems     Genetics	BOC212+BOC252 MKB214+MKB252 VWS212+VWS232 r from: CEM232 FSK214 RIS114 GEN272	FSK124 or FSK144 BOC224+BOC262 MKB222+MKB224+IQM242 VWS222
3	Compulsory - Microbiology - Business management - Food Science	MKB314 OBS234 VWS314+VWS334 n in the first or second semester BOC314, BOC334 MKB344, MKB334	BTG324 OBS244 VWS324+VWS344 BOC324, BOC344 MKB324 VWS224, VWS461

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#### Learning programme 16: Plant improvement (4378)

After completion of this study, the student will have a thorough knowledge of plant improvement. The programme specialises in the breeding of new crops. The student will be able to specialise in Genetics, Plant breeding or Plant improvement on a post graduate level up to Ph.D. With a mere three-year qualification, the student can do services as a technician at institutes such as agricultural research institute, forestry, seed and pest control companies.

Year		Semester 1	Semester 2
1	- Biology - Biometry	BLG114	BLG124+BLG144 BMT124
	Chemistry     Physics     Mathematics     Computer literacy	CEM114 FSK114 or FSK134 WTW114 or WTW134 BRS111	CEM124 or CEM144 RIS121
	- Advanced computer usage		RISTZT
2	Compulsory - Entomology - Genetics - Plant breeding - Botany	ENT252+ENT214 GEN272+GEN214	GEN282+GEN224 PLT224 PLK224 +PLK262
	- Plant pathology	PPG214	
3	Compulsory - Genetics - Plant breeding	GEN314+GEN334 PLT314	GEN324+GEN344 PLT424+PLT461
	Sufficient modules to obtain at lea		
	- Entomology - Hortology - Botany	ENT314, ENT334 HRT314	PLK324
	- Plant pathology	PPG414, PPG434	PPG324

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#### Learning programme 17: Bioinformatics (4379)

This learning programme is for individuals who are interested in biology but who have a knack for mathematics and computer science. The speed with which new biological data is generated in the form of DNA and protein structure as well as the understanding thereof in living systems is increasing rapidly. After completion of this module, the student will have an excellent knowledge of the mathematical, statistical and computer techniques which are used to access and interpret the wide variety of biological data.

Year		Semester 1	Semester 2
1	Compulsory		
	- Biology	BLG114	BLG124 of BLG144
	- Chemistry	CEM114	CEM124 or CEM144
	<ul> <li>Computer Information Systems</li> </ul>	RIS114	RIS124
	- Mathematics	WTW114	WTW124
	<ul> <li>Computer literacy</li> </ul>	BRS111	
	<ul> <li>Advanced computer usage</li> </ul>		RIS121
2	Compulsory		
	- Biochemistry	BOC212+BOC252	BOC224+BOC262
	- Genetics	GEN272+GEN214	GEN282+GEN224
	<ul> <li>Computer Information Systems</li> </ul>	RIS216	RIS222
	- Statistics	WKS114	WKS124
3	Compulsory		
	- Biochemistry	BOC334	
	- Genetics	GEN334	
	<ul> <li>Computer Information Systems</li> </ul>	RIS314	RIS364
	- Bioinformatics		BOC364
	One module in the first semester an	d two modules in the second sen	nester from:
	- Biochemistry	BOC314	BOC324+BOC344
	- Genetics	GEN314	GEN324+GEN344

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This programme is designed for students with a strong mathematical inclination who would like to specialise in a mathematical discipline. The various mathematical subjects can be combined with Computer Information Systems, Physics, Chemistry or various Biological disciplines.

Possible learning programmes in Mathematical Sciences are:

- LP1: Mathematics and Applied Mathematics (4331)
- LP2: Financial Mathematics (4332)
- LP3: Mathematical Statistics (4333)
- LP4: Statistics and Biology (4334)
- LP5: Risk analysis (4335)
- LP6: Actuarial Science (4336)

#### Composition of a learning programme

 A learning programme consists of compulsory as well as optional modules. A module is indicated by the code ABCxyz that means the following:

ABC Characters indicating the name of the module.

- x A digit indicating the year level.
- y An odd digit for the first semester and even digit for second semester.
- z A digit that should be multiplied by 4 to determine the credits.
- At first year level the modules with a credit value of at least 120 have to be passed.
- On both second and third year level, modules with a credit value of at least 96, but preferably 128 have to be passed.
- For a B.Sc. degree modules with a total weight of at least 392 credits must be passed (384 degree credits plus BRS111 and RIS121).
- A '+' between modules indicate that all the modules must be taken.
- A comma between modules indicates the modules may be taken independently.
- The word 'or' between modules indicates that only one of the modules may be taken.
- Prerequisites of individual modules must always be adhered to.
- Additional modules may be taken only if the timetable allows it.

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#### Learning programme 1: Mathematics and Applied Mathematics (4331)

This learning programme is recommended for students who wish to develop a sound mathematical base for a career as scientist, mathematical analyst, financial mathematician, lecturer or teacher. Students can broaden their scientific background by combining their mathematical subjects with Physics, Chemistry or the Geosciences or can place a higher emphasis on Mathematics modules. For a career in Applied Mathematics the student must first develop a solid mathematical background.

Mathematics in grade 12 with Higher Grade D is required for admission to this learning programme.

Year	Semester 1	Semester 2
1 Compulsory		
- Mathematics	WTW114	WTW124
- Computer literacy	BRS111	
- Advanced computer usage		RIS121
At least one module per semester f	rom :	
- Chemistry	CEM114	CEM124
- Physics	FSK114	FSK124
	20 credits on first year level. The follo	
others:		string is possible among
Additional modules can be taken in	the first and second semester	
- Biology	BLG114	BLG124 or BLG144
- Geosciences	GWS114	GEO124 or GLG124
- Business Management	OBS134	OBS144
- Computer Information Systems	RIS114 or RIS134	RIS124 or RIS144
- Mathematical Statistics	WKS114	WKS124
2 Compulsory	WKSTI	WIGHZ4
- Mathematics and Applied	WTW214+WTW252	WTW224+WTW262
Mathematics	VVIVV214+VVIVV232	VV1VV224+VV1VV202
Recommended		
- Mathematics and Applied	WTW236	WTW244, WTW282
Mathematics	VV I VV230	VV I VVZ44, VV I VVZOZ
	ast 96 credits (preferably 128) on se	cond year level. The following
is possible among others:	ast 90 credits (preferably 120) of se	cond year level. The following
- Chemistry	CEM232, CEM214	CEM242, CEM224
- Physics	FSK232, FSK214	FSK242, FSK224
		-
- Business Management	OBS234	OBS244
Computer Information Systems     Mathematical Statistics	RIS216 or RIS236 WKS216	RIS222, RIS224 WKS226
		WK3220
- Mathematics and Applied	WTW314, WTW334, WTW354,	WTW324, WTW344, WTW364
Mathematics	WTW374	WTW384
	ast 96 credits (preferably 128) on th	iro year level. The following is
possible among others:	0514214 0514224	054004 054044
- Chemistry	CEM314, CEM334	CEM324, CEM344
- Physics	FSK314, FSK332, FSK352	FSK324, FSK342, FSK362
- Business Management	OBS314	OBS364
- Computer Information Systems	RIS314, RIS334	RIS324, RIS344
<ul> <li>Mathematical Statistics</li> </ul>	WKS314, WKS334	WKS324, WKS344

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#### Learning programme 2: Financial Mathematics (4332)

This interdisciplinary learning programme is aimed at students that are interested in mathematics in the financial world. Financial institutions such as banks, insurance and investment companies need well trained mathematicians with a sound base in the economic sciences. This combination of skills offer excellent career opportunities for graduates that can do mathematical analyses of financial problems. Students can decide how big an emphasis they want to put on the various disciplines. Postgraduate study will enable a person to handle more complex financial models.

Mathematics in grade 12 with Higher Grade D is required for admission to this learning programme.

Yea	r	Semester 1	Semester 2	
rea		Semester	Semester 2	
1	Compulsory			
	- Mathematics	WTW114	WTW124	
	<ul> <li>Computer literacy</li> </ul>	BRS111		
	<ul> <li>Advanced computer usage</li> </ul>		RIS121	
	At least one module per semester fro	m:		
	- Chemistry	CEM114	CEM124	
	- Physics	FSK114	FSK124	
	Enough other modules to earn at leas	st 120 credits on first year level. The	he following is possible	
	among others:	-		
	- Economics	EKN114	EKN124	
	<ul> <li>Business Management</li> </ul>	OBS134	OBS144	
2	Compulsory			
	<ul> <li>Mathematics and Applied</li> </ul>	WTW214+WTW236+WTW252	WTW224+WTW244+	
	Mathematics		WTW262+WTW282	
	Enough modules to earn preferably a	nother 32 credits on second year	level. The following is	
	possible among others:	,		
	- Economics	EKN214	EKN224	
	- Money and Banking	GFB214	GEB224	
	- Business Management	OBS234	OBS244	
3	At least four semester modules from		000211	
	<ul> <li>Mathematics and Applied</li> </ul>	WTW314, WTW334, WTW354,	WTW324, WTW344,	
	Mathematics	WTW374	WTW364, WTW344,	
	Enough other modules from the following to earn at least 96 credits (preferably 128) on third year level:			
	- Economics	EKN314	l	
	- Econometrics	LINIS14	EKT324	
		OBS314	OBS364	
	<ul> <li>Business Management</li> </ul>	UB5314	UB3304	

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# Learning programme 3: Mathematical Statistics (4333)

This learning programme focuses on stochastic models with various applications for Mathematical Statistics. It is evident from the numerous options in the third year that there is a vast field for statistical applications in practice. The programme also enables students to proceed with post-graduate study in Mathematical Statistics and Risk Analysis.

Mathematics in grade	12 with Higher	Grade D is requ	uired for admission	to this learning programme.

Yea	n	Semester 1	Semester 2		
1	Compulsory				
	<ul> <li>Computer Information Systems</li> </ul>	RIS114 or RIS134	RIS124 or RIS144		
	- Mathematics	WTW114	WTW124		
	<ul> <li>Mathematical Statistics</li> </ul>	WKS114	WKS124		
	<ul> <li>Computer literacy</li> </ul>	BRS111			
	<ul> <li>Advanced Computer Usage</li> </ul>		RIS121		
	16 credits per semester from the follo	owing:			
	- Chemistry	CEM114	CEM124		
	- Physics	FSK114	FSK124		
	<ul> <li>Psychology</li> </ul>	PSY112+PSY132	PSY122+PSY142		
2	Compulsory				
	<ul> <li>Mathematical Statistics</li> </ul>	WKS216	WKS226		
	<ul> <li>Mathematics and Applied</li> </ul>	WTW214+WTW252	WTW224+WTW262		
	Mathematics				
	Enough modules to earn preferably a				
	- Chemistry	CEM232, CEM214	CEM242, CEM224		
	- Physics	FSK232+FSK214	FSK242+FSK224		
	<ul> <li>Computer Information Systems</li> </ul>	RIS216 or RIS236	RIS222, RIS224		
	<ul> <li>Psychology</li> </ul>	PSY212+232	PSY222+PSY242		
3	Compulsory				
	<ul> <li>Mathematical Statistics</li> </ul>	WKS314+334	WKS324+WKS344		
	Enough modules to earn at least and				
	- Chemistry	CEM314, 334	CEM324, CEM344		
	- Physics	FSK314, FSK332, FSK352	FSK324, FSK342, FSK362		
	- Computer Information Systems	RIS314, RIS334	RIS324, RIS344		
	- Psychology	PTV312+PNA332	PNA322+PSY342		
	<ul> <li>Mathematics and Applied</li> </ul>	WTW314, WTW334, WTW354,	WTW324, WTW344,		
	Mathematics	WTW374	WTW364, WTW384		

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# Learning programme 4: Statistics and Biology (4334)

Students who want to specialise in Statistics, but with specific application in the biological sciences, should follow this program. After finishing this program, a student has the opportunity to enrol for postgraduate study in Statistics, or even in certain biological directions, depending on the selected third year modules.

Mathematics in grade	12 with Higher Grade D is rec	uired for admission to this learning programme.

Yea	r	Semester 1	Semester 2
1	Compulsory		
	- Biology	BLG114	BLG124 or BLG144
	- Chemistry	CEM114	CEM124
	- Physics	FSK134	
	- Biometry		BMT124
	- Mathematics	WTW114	WTW124
	<ul> <li>Computer literacy</li> </ul>	BRS111	
	<ul> <li>Advanced Computer Usage</li> </ul>		RIS121
2	Compulsory		
	- Statistics	STK216	STK226
	Enough modules to earn at least and	ther 48 (preferably 80) credits fro	om:
	- Biochemistry	BOC212, BOC252	BOC224, BOC262
	- Chemistry	CEM232, CEM214	CEM242, CEM224
	- Zoology	DRK214, DRK252	DRK262, DRK224
	- Entomology	ENT252+ENT214	ENT262+ENT224
	- Physiology	FFG216	FFG226
	- Genetics	GEN272, GEN214	GEN282, GEN224
	<ul> <li>Microbiology</li> </ul>	MKB214, MKB252	MKB224+MKB222
	- Botany	PLK212, PLK214	PLK224, PLK262
	- Psychology	PSY212+PSY232	PSY222+PSY242
	<ul> <li>Food Science</li> </ul>	VWS212, VWS232	VWS222, VWS224
3	Compulsory		
	- Statistics	STK316	STK326
	- Biometry	BMT334	BMT344
	Enough modules to earn at least and		
	<ul> <li>Biochemistry</li> </ul>	BOC314, BOC334	BOC324, BOC344
	- Zoology	DRK314, DRK334	DRK324, DRK344
	<ul> <li>Entomology</li> </ul>	ENT314, ENT334	ENT324, ENT344
	- Physiology	FFG316, FFG332	FFG326, FFG342
	- Genetics	GEN314, GEN334	GEN324, GEN344
	<ul> <li>Microbiology</li> </ul>	MKB314, MKB334	MKB324, MKB344
	- Botany	PLK314, PLK334	PLK324, PLK344
	- Psychology	PTV312+PNA332	PNA322+PSY342
	<ul> <li>Food Science</li> </ul>	VWS314, VWS334	VWS324, VWS344

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#### Learning programme 5: Risk analysis (4335)

This stream is specifically designed for students who want to follow the post-graduate M.Sc. programme in Risk Analysis. Risks are analysed scientifically and the results are utilised to control crises and losses in future and to minimise the impact thereof. Areas where risk-analysis is applied include insurance, economy, property and natural resources. The program also offers the student the opportunity to continue with normal post-graduate study in Mathematical Statistics, depending on the subjects taken in the third year.

Mathematics in grade 12 with Higher Grade D is required for admission to this learning programme.

Yea	ir	Semester 1	Semester 2
1	Compulsory Computer Information Systems Accounting Mathematics Mathematical Statistics Computer literacy Advanced Computer Usage	RIS114 or RIS134 REK114 WTW114 WKS114 BRS111	RIS124 or RIS144 REK124 WTW124 WKS124 RIS121
2	Compulsory - Actuarial Science - Mathematical Statistics - Computer Information Systems - Mathematics and Applied Mathematics - Economics	ATW216 WKS216 RIS216 or RIS236 WTW214+WTW252 OR EKN214	ATW226 WKS226 RIS222+224 WTW224+WTW262 OR EKN224
3	Compulsory - Mathematical Statistics - Actuarial Science	WKS314+334 ATW318	WKS324+WKS344 ATW328

#### Learning programme 6: Actuarial Science (4336)

This learning programme is specifically designed for students who plan to eventually qualify as actuaries, i.e. as fellows of a professional body. The Actuarial Society of South Africa (ASSA) uses the curriculum of the Joint Board of the Institute / Faculty of Actuaries, UK. Certain South African universities, of which the UFS is one, has an exemption agreement with the Institute / Faculty of Actuaries to recommend students, who perform to a certain standard, to obtain exemptions for the Core Technical (CT)-series subjects. Prospective students can be recommended for exemptions in CT1, CT2, CT3, CT4, CT6 and CT7 after obtaining the degree, as well as for CT5 and CT8 after completing the honours degree. After a candidate has obtained the relevant degrees, such a candidate must also pass the prescribed examinations of the Joint Board of the Institute of Actuaries (London) and the Faculty of Actuaries (Edinburgh) to qualify as a fully fledged actuary.

Prospective students who would like more information regarding this programme are welcome to consult our website www.uovs.ac.za/actuarial. For any questions concerning the actuarial career outside of the university context, please feel free to consult the worthwhile "Ask an Actuary"-forum hosted by ASSA at www.assa.org.za/ask-the-actuary.asp.

Mathematics in grade 12 with Higher Grade C is required for admission to this learning programme.

Yea	r	Semester 1	Semester 2
1	Compulsory - Financial Management and Reporting	FBS108	FBS108
	<ul> <li>Economics</li> <li>Computer Information Systems</li> <li>Accounting</li> <li>Mathematics</li> <li>Mathematical Statistics</li> <li>Computer literacy</li> </ul>	EKN114 RIS114 or RIS134 REK114 WTW114 WKS114 BRS111	EKN124 RIS124 or RIS144 REK124 WTW124 WKS124
	<ul> <li>Advanced Computer Usage</li> </ul>	DIGTTI	RIS121
2	Compulsory - Actuarial Science - Economics - Mathematics and Applied Mathematics - Mathematical Statistics	ATW216 EKN214 WTW214+WTW252 WKS216	ATW246 EKN224 WTW224+WTW262 WKS226
3	Compulsory - Actuarial Science - Mathematical Statistics - Money and Banking	ATW318 WKS314+WKS334 GEB314	ATW328 WKS324+WKS344 GEB324 or OBS324

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These learning programmes are intended for students who wish to graduate with physics and/or chemistry with combinations from other disciplines.

Possible learning programmes in Chemical and Physical Sciences are:

- LP1: Physics and Chemistry (4341)
- LP2: Physics (4342)
- LP3: Chemistry (4343)
- LP4: Astrophysics (4344)
- LP5: Chemistry/Physics and Biology (4388)
- LP6: Physics and Agrometeorology (4346)
- LP7: Materials Science (4347)
- LP8: Chemistry and Management (4371)
- LP9: Physics and Management (4373)

### Composition of a learning programme

- A learning programme consists of compulsory as well as optional modules. A module is indicated by the code ABCxyz that means the following:
  - ABC Characters indicating the name of the module.
    - x A digit indicating the year level.
    - y An odd digit for the first semester and even digit for second semester.
    - z A digit that should be multiplied by 4 to determine the credits.
- At first year level the modules with a credit value of at least 120 have to be passed.
- On both second and third year level, modules with a credit value of at least 96, but preferably 128 have to be passed.
- For a B.Sc. degree modules with a total weight of at least 392 credits must be passed (384 degree credits plus BRS111 and RIS121).
- A '+' between modules indicate that all the modules must be taken.
- A comma between modules indicates the modules may be taken independently.
- The word 'or' between modules indicates that only one of the modules may be taken.
- Prerequisites of individual modules must always be adhered to.
- Additional modules may be taken only if the timetable allows it.

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#### Learning programme 1: Physics and Chemistry (4341)

This learning programme is aimed at students who are interested in a career in the physical and chemical sciences. This includes careers in industry, research laboratories and teaching at all levels (universities, schools, technicons and technical colleges). This combination of modules is well suited to careers in any manufacturing industry (food, mining, agriculture, metallurgy) or engineering firms concerned with mechanical, civil, electronic and/or chemical activities. Careers in design, energy production, computer sciences, advanced instrumentation development and atmospheric sciences are also possible. After these studies are completed, postgraduate studies in Physics or Chemistry can be continued provided that the necessary prerequisites are met.

Year		Semester 1	Semester 2
1	Compulsory		
	- Physics	FSK114	FSK124
	- Mathematics	WTW114 or WTW134	WTW124 or WTW144
	- Chemistry	CEM114	CEM124
	- Computer literacy	BRS111	
	<ul> <li>Advanced computer usage</li> </ul>		RIS121
	One module per semester from:		
	- Mathematical Statistics	WKS114	WKS124
	<ul> <li>Computer Information Systems</li> </ul>	RIS114 or RIS134	RIS124 or RIS144
	<ul> <li>Geography and/or Geology</li> </ul>	GWS114	GEO124, GLG124
2	Compulsory		
	- Physics	FSK214+FSK232	FSK224+FSK242
	- Chemistry	CEM214+CEM232	CEM224+CEM242
	Enough modules to obtain 32 credit	s from:	
	- Computer Information Systems	RIS216 or RIS236	RIS222, RIS224
	- Geology	GLG212, GLG214	GLG222, GLG224
	<ul> <li>Mathematics and Applied</li> </ul>	WTW214, WTW236, WTW252	WTW224, WTW244, WTW262,
	Mathematics		WTW282
	<ul> <li>Mathematical Statistics</li> </ul>	WKS216	WKS226
3	Compulsory		
	- Chemistry	CEM314+CEM334	CEM324+CEM344
	- Physics	FSK314+FSK332+FSK352	FSK324+FSK342+FSK362

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#### Learning programme 2: Physics (4342)

This learning programme makes provision for the student who is interested in Physics and who wishes to choose modules with it that no other learning programmes provide for. Postgraduate studies can be pursued in physics or the other chosen discipline provided that the necessary prerequisites are met. Together with the career possibilities mentioned under learning programme 1, combined career directions, for example combinations of physics and law (e.g. patent lawyer) or Physics and economics directions (see programme 9) can also be considered.

Year		Semester 1	Semester 2
1	Compulsory		
	- Physics	FSK114	FSK124
	- Mathematics	WTW114	WTW124
	<ul> <li>Computer literacy</li> </ul>	BRS111	
	- Advanced computer usage		RIS121
	Two modules per semester from:		
	- Chemistry	CEM114	CEM124
	<ul> <li>Computer Information Systems</li> </ul>	RIS114 or RIS134	RIS124 or RIS144
	<ul> <li>Geography and/or Geology</li> </ul>	GWS114	GEO124, GLG124
	- Mathematical Statistics	WKS114	WKS124
2	Compulsory		
	- Physics	FSK214+FSK232	FSK224+FSK242
	Enough modules to obtain 48 (prefe	rably 80) credits from:	
	<ul> <li>Mathematics and Applied</li> </ul>	WTW214, WTW236,	WTW224, WTW244, WTW262,
	Mathematics	WTW252	WTW282
	- Chemistry	CEM232, CEM214	CEM242, CEM224
	<ul> <li>Computer Information Systems</li> </ul>	RIS216 or RIS236	RIS222, RIS224
	- Geology	GLG212, GLG214	GLG222, GLG224
	- Mathematical Statistics	WKS216	WKS226
3	Compulsory		
	- Physics	FSK314+FSK332+	FSK324+FSK342+
		FSK352	FSK362
	Enough modules to obtain 32 (prefe	erably 64) credits from:	
	- Mathematics and Applied	WTW314, WTW334,	WTW324, WTW344, WTW364,
	Mathematics	WTW354, WTW374	WTW384
	- Chemistry	CEM314, CEM334	CEM324+CEM344
	- Computer Information Systems	RIS314, RIS334	RIS324+RIS344
	- Geology	GLG314, GLG334,	GLG324, GLG344,
		GLG354, GLG374	GLG364, GLG384
	- Mathematical Statistics	WKS314, WKS334	WKS324, WKS344

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#### Learning programme 3: Chemistry (4343)

This learning programme makes provision for the student who is interested in Chemistry and who wishes to choose modules with it that no other learning programmes provide for. Postgraduate studies can be pursued in Chemistry or the other chosen discipline provided that the necessary prerequisites are met. In addition to the career possibilities mentioned in learning programme 1, careers in Chemistry which include natural products, structural elucidations, polymer- and/or new material development, catalysis, speed of reactions, Analytical Chemistry and electrochemical energy transformations may also be considered. Combined career directions, for example combinations of Chemistry and law (e.g. patent attorney) or Chemistry and economic directions (see programme 8) can also be considered.

Yea	r	Semester 1	Semester 2
1	Compulsory - Chemistry - Mathematics - Computer literacy - Advanced computer usage	CEM114 WTW114 or WTW134 BRS111	CEM124 WTW124 or WTW144 RIS121
	Two modules per semester from: - Computer Information Systems - Geography and/or Geology - Mathematical Statistics - Physics	RIS114 or RIS134 GWS114 WKS114 FSK114	RIS124 or RIS144 GEO124, GLG124 WKS124 FSK124
2	Compulsory - Chemistry	CEM214+CEM232	CEM224+CEM242
	Enough modules to obtain 48 (prefera - Mathematics and Applied Mathematics - Computer Information Systems - Geology - Mathematical Statistics - Physics	ably 80) credits from: WTW214, WTW236, WTW252 RIS216 or RIS236 GLG212, GLG214 WKS216 FSK232+FSK214	WTW224, WTW244, WTW262, WTW282 RIS222, RIS224 GLG222, GLG224 WKS226 FSK242+FSK224
3	Compulsory - Chemistry	CEM314+CEM334	CEM324+CEM344
	<ul> <li>Enough modules to obtain 32 (preferation of the second s</li></ul>	ably 64) credits from: WTW314, WTW334, WTW354, WTW374 RIS314, RIS334 GLG314, GLG334, GLG354, GLG374 WKS314, WKS334 FSK314, FSK332, FSK352	WTW324, WTW344, WTW364, WTW384 RIS324, RIS344 GLG324, GLG344, GLG364, GLG384 WKS324, WKS344 FSK324, FSK342, FSK362

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#### Learning programme 4: Astrophysics (4344)

In this learning programme Astrophysics is presented together with Physics. During undergraduate studies, the modules in Astrophysics are resource based modules presented by the University of South Africa (UNISA) and count 12 credits each (irrespective of the last number in the code). Students who have successfully completed their studies can pursue postgraduate studies in basic Physics with Astrophysics modules which can lead to an M.Sc. and Ph.D. degree in Physics specialising in Astrophysics. Career possibilities include that of astronomer (astrophysics) as well as physicist (see learning programmes 1 and 2).

Year		Semester 1	Semester 2
1	Compulsory - Astronomy - Physics - Mathematics - Computer literacy - Advanced computer usage	AST131 FSK114 WTW114 BRS111	AST134 FSK124 WTW124 RIS121
	<ul> <li>Advanced computer usage</li> <li>Three modules from: <ul> <li>Chemistry</li> <li>Computer Information Systems</li> <li>Geography and/or Geology</li> <li>Mathematical Statistics</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	CEM114 RIS114 or RIS134 GWS114 WKS114	CEM124 RIS124 or RIS144 GLG124, GEO124 WKS124
2	Compulsory - Astronomy - Physics	AST251+AST255 FSK214+FSK232	AST252 FSK224+FSK242
	Enough modules to obtain 12 (prefer - Mathematics and Applied Mathematics - Chemistry - Computer Information Systems - Geology - Mathematical Statistics	ably 44) credits from: WTW214, WTW236, WTW252 CEM232, CEM214 RIS216 or RIS236 GLG212, GLG214 WKS216	WTW224, WTW244, WTW262, WTW282 CEM242, CEM224 RIS222, RIS224 GLG222, GLG224 WKS226
3	Compulsory - Astronomy - Physics	AST341+AST354 FSK314+FSK332+ FSK352	AST342+AST355 FSK324+FSK342+ FSK362
	Preferably one module from: - Mathematics and Applied Mathematics - Chemistry - Computer Information Systems - Geology - Mathematical Statistics	WTW314, WTW334, WTW354, WTW374 CEM314, CEM334 RIS314, RIS334 GLG314, GLG334, GLG354, GLG374 WKS314, WKS334	WTW324, WTW344, WTW364, WTW384 CEM324, CEM344 RIS324, RIS344 GLG324, GLG344, GLG364, GLG384 WKS324, WKS344

\* Students choosing this learning programme must register separately at UNISA to take the AST-modules. The module codes at UNISA differ slightly from those at the UFS as follows:

UFS	AST131	AST134	AST251	AST255	AST252	AST341	AST342	AST354	AST355
UNISA	AST131-F	AST134-J	AST251-N	AST255-S	AST252-P	AST361-T	AST362-U	AST363-V	AST355-V

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#### Learning programme 5: Chemistry/Physics and Biology (4388)

This learning programme makes provision for a student who is interested in Chemistry and the Biological Sciences where the foundation of biological systems and Chemistry is involved. It includes careers in any manufacturing industry as well as in fields such as medicine, the pharmaceutical industry, agriculture (including livestock, crops, pest control, soil and water), forestry, environmental, waste and pollution management and various careers in the marine environment. Post-graduate studies may be continued in Chemistry or any of the Biological Sciences if the necessary prerequisites are met.

Year		Semester 1	Semester 2
1	Compulsory		
	- Chemistry	CEM114	CEM124
	- Physics	FSK114 or FSK134	FSK124 or FSK144
	- Biology	BLG114	BLG124 or BLG144
	- Mathematics	WTW114 or WTW134	WTW124 or WTW144
	<ul> <li>Computer literacy</li> </ul>	BRS111	
	<ul> <li>Advanced computer usage</li> </ul>		RIS121
2	Compulsory		
	- Chemistry	CEM214+CEM232	CEM224+CEM242
	Enough modules to obtain 48 (prefera	bly 80) credits from:	
	- Physics	FSK214, FSK232	FSK224, FSK242
	- Biochemistry	BOC212, BOC252	BOC224, BOC262
	- Botany	PLK212, PLK214	PLK224, PLK262
	- Entomology	ENT252+ENT214	ENT262+ENT224
	- Food Science	VWS212, VWS232	VWS222, VWS224
	- Genetics	GEN272, GEN214	GEN282, GEN224
	- Microbiology	MKB214, MKB252	MKB224+MKB222
	- Physiology	FFG216	FFG226
	- Zoology	DRK252, DRK214	DRK262, DRK224
3	Compulsory		
	- Chemistry	CEM314+CEM334	CEM324+CEM344
	Enough modules to obtain 32 (prefera	bly 64) credits from:	
	- Physics	FSK314, FSK332, FSK352	FSK324, FSK342, FSK362
	- Biochemistry	BOC314, BOC334	BOC324, BOC344
	- Botany	PLK314, PLK334	PLK324, PLK344
	<ul> <li>Entomology</li> </ul>	ENT314, ENT334	ENT324, ENT344
	- Food Science	VWS314, VWS334	VWS324, VWS344
	- Genetics	GEN314, GEN334	GEN324, GEN344
	- Microbiology	MKB314, MKB334	MKB324, MKB344
	- Physiology	FFG316, FFG332	FFG326, FFG342
	- Zoology	DRK314, DRK334	DRK324, DRK344

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# Learning programme 6: Physics and Agrometeorology (4346)

This learning programme makes provision for a student to apply the principles of Physics to agriculture. It will enable the student to handle and use equipment in environmental and agricultural applications. Postgraduate studies can be pursued in Physics or Agrometeorology if the necessary prerequisites are met.

Year		Semester 1	Semester 2
1	Compulsory		
	<ul> <li>Computer Information Systems</li> </ul>	RIS114 or RIS134	RIS124 or RIS144
	- Mathematics	WTW114 or WTW134	WTW124 or WTW144
	<ul> <li>Mathematical Statistics</li> </ul>	WKS114	WKS124
	- Physics	FSK114	FSK124
	<ul> <li>Computer literacy</li> </ul>	BRS111	
	- Advanced computer usage		RIS121
2	Compulsory		
	- Agrometeorology	LWR214	LWR324
	- Physics	FSK214+FSK232	FSK224+FSK242
1	Enough modules to obtain 40 credits	per semester from:	
ſ	- Mathematics and Applied	WTW214, WTW236, WTW252	WTW224, WTW244, WTW262,
	Mathematics		WTW282
	- Mathematical Statistics	WKS216	WKS226
3	Compulsory		
	- Agrometeorology	LWR414+LWR434	LWR424+LWR444
	- Physics	FSK314+FSK332+FSK352	FSK324+FSK342+FSK362

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#### Learning programme 7: Materials Science (4347)

This learning programme is recommended for students who wish to increase their marketability for a career in materials science or in material characterisation. Knowledge and development of materials is very important for technology. For example, semiconductor materials form the basis of modern electronics and cheap steel or substitutes are necessary for the economic production of cars. The undergraduate studies form the basis for the specialisation in materials science and material characterisation in the honours year.

Year		Semester 1	Semester 2
1	Compulsory - Chemistry - Computer Information Systems - Mathematics - Physics - Computer literacy	CEM114 RIS114 or RIS134 WTW114 FSK114 BRS111	CEM124 RIS124 or RIS144 WTW124 FSK124
	<ul> <li>Advanced computer usage</li> </ul>		RIS121
2	Compulsory - Chemistry - Physics	CEM214+CEM232 FSK214+FSK232	CEM224+CEM242 FSK224+FSK242
	Preferably enough modules to obtain - Mathematics and Applied Mathematics - Business Management - Economics - Computer Information Systems	n <b>32 credits from:</b> WTW214, WTW236, WTW252 EKN152, EKN214 RIS216 or RIS236	WTW224, WTW244, WTW262, WTW282 OBS122 EKN124 RIS222, RIS224
3	Compulsory - Physics	FSK314+FSK332+FSK352	FSK324+FSK342+FSK362
	Enough modules to obtain 32 (prefer - Mathematics and Applied Mathematics - Business Management - Chemistry - Computer Information Systems - Economics	ably 64) credits from: WTW314, WTW334, WTW354, WTW374 OBS234, OBS314 CEM314, CEM334 RIS314, RIS334 EKN214, EKN314	WTW324, WTW344, WTW364, WTW384 OBS144, OBS324 CEM324, CEM344 RIS324, RIS344 EKN224, EKN324

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#### Learning programme 8: Chemistry and Management (4371)

The focus of this learning programme is management training for a cost unit (fixed financial budget/allocation) at a B.Sc. exit level or a profit unit (profit/loss of a viable business) at an honours exit level. Further studies could lead to either an M.Sc. or an MBA degree. This learning programme is recommended for students who wish to improve their marketability for a career in marketing management, project/general management, corporate/strategic planning, chemical sector analysis or entrepreneurship in a Chemistry direction.

Year		Semester 1	Semester 2
1	Compulsory - Chemistry - Mathematics - Computer literacy - Advanced computer usage	CEM114 WTW114 or WTW134 BRS111	CEM124 WTW124 or WTW144 RIS121
	Two modules per semester from: - Biology - Computer Information Systems - Geography and/or Geology - Mathematical Statistics - Physics	BLG114 RIS114 or RIS134 GWS114 WKS114 FSK114	BLG124 or BLG144 RIS124 or RIS144 GLG124, GEO124 WKS124 FSK124
2	Compulsory - Accounting - Business Management - Chemistry - Economics - Management Accounting - Industrial Psychology	REK112 CEM214+CEM232 EKN152 ORG114	OBS122 CEM224+CEM242 EKN124 BRF121
	Preferably enough modules to obta - Biochemistry - Botany - Computer Information Systems - Entomology - Geology - Mathematics and Applied Mathematics - Mathematical Statistics - Microbiology - Physics - Zoology	in 32 credits from: BOC212, BOC252 PLK212, PLK214 RIS216 or RIS236 ENT252+ENT214 GLG212, GLG214 WTW214, WTW236, WTW252 WKS216 MKB214, MKB252 FSK214+FSK232 DRK252, DRK214	BOC224, BOC262 PLK224, PLK262 RIS222, RIS224 ENT262+ENT224 GLG222, GLG224 WTW224, WTW244, WTW262, WTW282 WKS226 MKB224+MKB222 FSK224+FSK242 DRK262, DRK224
3	Compulsory - Chemistry - Business Management - Industrial Specific Management - Industrial Psychology	CEM314+CEM334 OBS314+OBS234	CEM324+CEM344 OBS324 ISM122 HUM122

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#### Learning programme 9: Physics and Management (4373)

The focus of this learning programme is management training for a cost unit (fixed financial budget/allocation) at a B.Sc. exit level or a profit unit (profit/loss of a viable business) at an honours exit level. Further studies could lead to an M.Sc. or an MBA degree. This learning programme is recommended for students who wish to increase their marketability for a career in marketing management, project/general management, corporate/strategic planning, physical sector analysis, or entrepreneurship in a Physics direction.

Year		Semester 1	Semester 2
1	Compulsory		
	- Mathematics	WTW114 or WTW134	WTW124 or WTW144
	- Physics	FSK114	FSK124
	- Computer literacy	BRS111	
	- Advanced computer usage		RIS121
	Two modules per semester from:		
	- Chemistry	CEM114	CEM124
	<ul> <li>Computer Information Systems</li> </ul>	RIS114 or RIS134	RIS124 or RIS144
	<ul> <li>Geography and/or Geology</li> </ul>	GWS114	GLG124, GEO124
	- Mathematical Statistics	WKS114	WKS124
2	Compulsory		
	- Accounting	REK112	
	<ul> <li>Business Management</li> </ul>		OBS122
	- Economics	EKN152	EKN124
	<ul> <li>Management Accounting</li> </ul>		BRF121
	<ul> <li>Industrial Psychology</li> </ul>	ORG114	
	- Physics	FSK214+FSK232	FSK224+FSK242
	Preferably enough modules to obtai		
	<ul> <li>Mathematics and Applied</li> </ul>	WTW214, WTW236, WTW252	WTW224, WTW244, WTW262,
	Mathematics		WTW282
	- Chemistry	CEM214, CEM232	CEM224, CEM242
	- Computer Information Systems	RIS216 or RIS236	RIS222, RIS224
	- Geology	GLG212, GLG214	GLG224, GLG222, GLG244,
			GLG242
	- Mathematical Statistics	WKS216	WKS226
3	Compulsory		0.5000.4
	- Business Management	OBS314+OBS234	OBS324
	- Industrial Psychology		HUM122
	- Physics	FSK314+FSK332+FSK352	FSK324+FSK342+FSK362

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The learning programmes in Geosciences are studies of the properties and processes in the earth and on the surface and encompass a holistic study of the human environment and accompanying interactions and relationships. The programme is aimed at students who are interested in various aspects of the environment and can lead to specialisation as environmentalists. Careers in the geosciences are divergent because all institutions that are involved with resource utilisation are legally obliged to examine the impact of their activities on the environment.

Possible learning programmes in the Geosciences are:

- LP1: Geology (4361)
- LP2: Geochemistry (4389)
- LP3: Environmental Geology (4365)
- LP4: Geology and Management (4372)
- LP5: Geography (4362)
- LP6: Environmental Geography (4364)
- LP7: Soil Science (4363)
- LP8: Geographical Information Systems (4383)
  - (See learning programme 3 under Information Technology)

#### Composition of a learning programme

- A learning programme consists of compulsory as well as optional modules. A module is indicated by the code ABCxyz that means the following:
  - ABC Characters indicating the name of the module.
    - x A digit indicating the year level.
    - y An odd digit for the first semester and even digit for second semester.
    - z A digit that should be multiplied by 4 to determine the credits.
- At first year level the modules with a credit value of at least 120 have to be passed.
- On both second and third year level, modules with a credit value of at least 96, but preferably 128 have to be passed.
- For a B.Sc. degree modules with a total weight of at least 392 credits must be passed (384 degree credits plus BRS111 and RIS121).
- A '+' between modules indicate that all the modules must be taken.
- A comma between modules indicates the modules may be taken independently.
- The word 'or' between modules indicates that only one of the modules may be taken.
- Prerequisites of individual modules must always be adhered to.
- Additional modules may be taken only if the timetable allows it.

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# Learning programme 1: Geology (4361)

With completion of this learning programme to honours level you will be trained as a professional geologist with job opportunities in mining, exploration and research.

Year		Semester 1	Semester 2
1	Compulsory		
	- Geology	GWS114	GLG124
	- Chemistry	CEM114	
	- Computer literacy	BRS111	
	<ul> <li>Advanced computer usage</li> </ul>		RIS121
	One module in the first semester fro	om:	-
	- Statistics	STK114	
	<ul> <li>Mathematics</li> </ul>	WTW114 or WTW134	
	<ul> <li>Mathematical Statistics</li> </ul>	WKS114	
	One module in the first semester an	d three in the second semester fro	m:
	- Biology	BLG114	BLG124 or BLG144
	- Chemistry		CEM124 or CEM144
	- Economics		EKN124
	- Physics	FSK114 or FSK134	FSK124 or FSK144
	- Geography		GEO124
	- Soil Science	GKD214	
	<ul> <li>Business Management</li> </ul>	OBS134	OBS144
	<ul> <li>Computer Information Systems</li> </ul>	RIS114 or RIS134	RIS124 or RIS144
	- Statistics		STK124
	- Mathematics		WTW124 or WTW144
	<ul> <li>Mathematical Statistics</li> </ul>		WKS124
2	Option 1 (Geology specialisation)		
	- Geology	GLG214+GLG212+GLG232+	GLG224+GLG222+GLG244+
		GLG252+GLG202	GLG242
	- Geography		GIS224
	Modules to earn preferably another	16 credits in the first semester from	n the list of electives below
	option 2		
	Option 2 (Geology + second major)		
	- Geology	GLG214+GLG212+GLG232+	GLG224+GLG222+GLG202,
		GLG252	GLG244,GLG242
	Enough modules to earn at least 96	credits (preferably 128) on second	year level from list of
	electives		
	Electives	CEM214, CEM232	CEM224, CEM242
	- Chemistry	FSK214, FSK232	FSK224, FSK242
	- Physics	GE0214, GE0234	GEO224, GIS224
	- Geography	GKD314	GKD324
	- Soil Science	OBS234	OBS244
-	- Business Management	00000	000211
3	Option 1 (Geology specialisation)	CL C214, CL C224, CL C254	
	- Geology	GLG314+GLG334+GLG354+	GLG324+GLG344+GLG364+
	Option 2 (Geology + second major)	GLG374	GLG384
	- Geology	GLG314	GLG324
	<ul> <li>Geology</li> <li>Geology (at least 32 credits)</li> </ul>	GLG314 GLG334, GLG354, GLG374	GLG324 GLG344, GLG364, GLG384
	Enough modules to earn at least an		
	- Chemistry	CEM314, CEM334	CEM324, CEM344
	- Physics	FSK314, FSK332, FSK352	FSK324, FSK342, FSK362
	- Geography	GE0314, GE0334	GEO324, GIS324
	- Soil Science	GKD414, GKD434	GKD424, GKD444
		010414, 010434	UKD424, UKD444

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# Learning programme 2: Geochemistry (4389)

With completion of this learning programme to honours level you will be trained as a professional geologist/geochemist with job opportunities in mining, exploration and research.

Year		Semester 1	Semester 2
1	Compulsory		
	- Geology	GWS114	GLG124
	- Chemistry	CEM114	
	<ul> <li>Computer literacy</li> </ul>	BRS111	
	<ul> <li>Advanced computer usage</li> </ul>		RIS121
	One module in the first semester from	om:	
	- Statistics	STK114	
	<ul> <li>Mathematics</li> </ul>	WTW114 or WTW134	
	<ul> <li>Mathematical Statistics</li> </ul>	WKS114	
	One module in the first semester an	d three in the second semester fro	m:
	- Biology	BLG114	BLG124 or BLG144
	- Chemistry		CEM124 or CEM144
	- Economics		EKN124
	- Physics	FSK114 or FSK134	FSK124 or FSK144
	- Geography		GE0124
	- Soil Science	GKD214	
	- Business Management	OBS134	OBS144
	- Computer Information Systems	RIS114 or RIS134	RIS124 or RIS144
	- Statistics		STK124
	- Mathematics		WTW124 or WTW144
	- Mathematical Statistics		WKS124
2	Compulsory		
-	- Geology	GLG214+GLG212+GLG232+	GLG224+GLG222+GLG244+
	Coology	GLG252+GLG202	GL G242
	- Geography		GIS224
	Modules to earn preferably another	16 credits in the first semester from	
	Electives		
	- Chemistry	CEM214, CEM232	CEM224, CEM242
	- Physics	FSK214, FSK232	FSK224, FSK242
	- Geography	GEO214, GEO234	GEO224, GIS224
	- Soil Science	GKD314	GKD324
	- Business Management	OBS234	OBS244
3	Compulsory		I
5	- Geology	GLG314+GLG354+GLG374	GLG324+GLG364+GLG384
	Geology	02001410200041020074	GE0324+GE0304+GE0304
	Enough modules to earn at least an	other 32 credits from:	
	- Chemistry	CEM314, CEM334	CEM324, CEM344
	- Physics	FSK314, FSK332, FSK352	FSK324, FSK342, FSK362
	- Geography	GEO314, GEO334	GEO324, GIS324
	- Geology	GLG334	GLG344
	- Soil Science	GKD414, GKD434	GKD424, GKD444

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# Learning programme 3: Environmental Geology (4365)

With completion of this learning programme to honours level you will be qualified as a professional environmental geologist who is able to evaluate applicable problem areas and propose solutions.

Year		Semester 1	Semester 2
1	Compulsory		
	- Geology	GWS114	GLG124
	- Chemistry	CEM114	CEM124
	<ul> <li>Business Management</li> </ul>		OBS244
	<ul> <li>Computer Information Systems</li> </ul>	RIS114 or RIS134	RIS124 or RIS144
	<ul> <li>Computer literacy</li> </ul>	BRS111	
	<ul> <li>Advanced computer usage</li> </ul>		RIS121
	One of the following modules in the	first semester:	
	- Statistics	STK114	
	<ul> <li>Mathematics</li> </ul>	WTW114 or WTW134	
	<ul> <li>Mathematical Statistics</li> </ul>	WKS114	
2	Compulsory		
	- Geology	GLG214+GLG212+GLG232+	GLG224+GLG222+GLG244+
		GLG252+GLG202	GLG242
	- Geography		GIS224
	- Soil Science	GKD214	
3	Compulsory		
	- Geology	GLG354+GLG374	GLG324+GLG364+GLG384
	- Geography		GIS324
	- Soil Science	GKD314	
	<ul> <li>Business Management</li> </ul>	OBS134	

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#### Learning programme 4: Geology and Management (4372)

The learning programme delivers management training in order to handle cost-unit management (fixed financial budgeting/allocation) at a B.Sc. exit level or a profit unit (profit/loss of a viable business) at an honours exit level. Further studies could lead to an MBA, MRM or M.Sc. degree. After completion of this programme up to honours level, you are qualified as a professional geologist with a focus on management skills.

Year		Semester 1	Semester 2
1	Compulsory		
	<ul> <li>Geosciences/Geology</li> </ul>	GWS114	GLG124
	- Chemistry	CEM114	
	<ul> <li>Management Accounting</li> </ul>		BRF121
	<ul> <li>Industrial Psychology</li> </ul>	ORG114	HUM124
	- Economics	EKN151	EKN124
	<ul> <li>Business Management</li> </ul>		OBS122
	- Statistics		STK124
	- Accounting	REK112	
	<ul> <li>Computer literacy</li> </ul>	BRS111	
	<ul> <li>Advanced computer usage</li> </ul>		RIS121
2	Compulsory		
	- Geology	GLG214+GLG212+GLG232+	GLG224+GLG222+GLG244+
		GLG252+GLG202	GLG242
	<ul> <li>Business Management</li> </ul>	OBS134	OBS244
3	Compulsory		
	- Geology	GLG314+GLG334+GLG354	GLG324+GLG364+GLG384
	<ul> <li>Business Management</li> </ul>	OBS314	
	<ul> <li>Advanced marketing</li> </ul>		OBS324
	management		

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#### Learning programme 5: Geography (4362)

Geography, a study of the relation between humans and the environment, is the ideal preparation for further study in fields like Environmental Management, Planning, Development, Tourism and Education. Geography offers challenging careers in the public and private sectors, as well as the opportunity for private enterprise. This programme leads to a B.Sc. qualification. Consult the calendar for Humanities for a B.A. in Geography.

Year		Semester 1	Semester 2
1	Compulsory		
	- Geography	GWS114	GEO124
	<ul> <li>Business Management</li> </ul>	OBS134	
	<ul> <li>Computer literacy</li> </ul>	BRS111	
	<ul> <li>Advanced computer usage</li> </ul>		RIS121
	Three modules in the first semester a	and two in the second semester f	rom:
	- Biology	BLG114	BLG124 or BLG144
	- Chemistry	CEM114	CEM124 or CEM144
	- Physics	FSK114 or FSK134	FSK124 or FSK144
	- Soil Science	GKD214	
	- Geology		GLG124
	<ul> <li>Computer Information Systems</li> </ul>	RIS114 or RIS134	RIS124 or RIS144
	- Statistics	STK114	STK124
	- Mathematics	WTW114 or WTW134	WTW124
2	Compulsory		
	- Geography	GEO214+234	GEO224+GIS224
	<ul> <li>Business Management</li> </ul>		OBS244
	Enough modules to earn at least and		om:
	- Chemistry	CEM214, CEM212	CEM224, CEM242
	- Zoology	DRK214, DRK252	DRK224, DRK262
	- Entomology	ENT214+ENT252	ENT224+ENT262
	- Physics	FSK214, FSK232	FSK224, FSK242
	- Geology	GLG212, GLG214	GLG224, GLG222
	- Geology	GLG232, GLG252, GLG202	GLG244, GLG242
	- Soil Science	GKD314	GKD324
	- Botany	PLK212, PLK214	PLK224, PLK262
	- Statistics	STK216	STK226
3	Compulsory		
	- Geography	GEO314+GEO334	GEO324+GIS324
	Enough modules to earn at least and		
	- Chemistry	CEM314+CEM334	CEM324+CEM344
	- Zoology	DRK314, DRK334	DRK324, DRK344
	- Entomology	ENT314, ENT334	ENT324, ENT344
	- Physics	FSK314+FSK332+FSK352	FSK324+FSK342+FSK362
	- Geology	GLG314, GLG334, GLG354,	GLG314, GLG344, GLG364,
		GLG374	GLG384
	- Soil Science	GKD414+GKD434	GKD424+GKD444
	- Botany	PLK314+PLK334	PLK324+PLK344
	<ul> <li>Statistics and Biometry</li> </ul>	STK316+BMT334	STK326+BMT344

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#### Learning programme 6: Environmental Geography (4364)

Students with a degree in environmental geography will not only understand the interaction between humans and the environment, but can also offer solutions for environmental problems which humans have to deal with in the physical as well as the cultural milieu, with the aid of applicable knowledge, skills and technology.

Year		Semester 1	Semester 2
1	Compulsory		
	- Geography	GWS114	GE0124
	<ul> <li>Business Management</li> </ul>	OBS134	
	- Computer literacy	BRS111	
	- Advanced computer usage	bitotti	RIS121
	One module from the following:		100121
	- Computer Information Systems	RIS114 or RIS134	RIS124 or RIS144
	- Statistics	STK114	
	- Mathematics	WTW114 or WTW134	
	- Mathematical Statistics	WKS114	
	Two modules per semester from:	WK3114	
	- Biology	BLG114	BLG124 or BLG144
	- Chemistry	CEM114	CEM124 or CEM144
		FSK114 or FSK134	FSK124 or FSK144
		F3N114 ULF3N134	GLG124
	200.09)	CKD314	GLG124
2	- Soil Science	GKD214	
2	Compulsory	050014 050004	050004 010004
	- Geography	GEO214+GEO234	GE0224+GIS224
	- Geology		GLG244
	- Business Management		OBS244
	- Communication Studies	KOM232	
	Enough modules to earn at least anot		
	- Chemistry	CEM214, CEM212	CEM224, CEM242
	- Zoology	DRK214, DRK252	DRK224, DRK262
	- Entomology	ENT214+ENT252	ENT224+ENT262
	- Physics	FSK214, FSK232	FSK224, FSK242
	- Geology	GLG212, GLG214, GLG232,	GLG224, GLG222, GLG244,
		GLG252, GLG202	GLG242
	<ul> <li>Soil Science</li> </ul>	GKD314	GKD324
	- Botany	PLK212, GLG214	PLK224, PLK262
	<ul> <li>Computer Information Systems</li> </ul>	RIS214, RIS212 or RIS234	RIS224, RIS222
	- Statistics	STK216	STK226
3	Compulsory		
	- Geography	GEO314+GEO334	GEO324+GIS324
	- Sociology	SOS372	
	Enough modules to earn at least and	ther 24 credits (preferably 56) from	m:
	- Chemistry	CEM314, CEM334	CEM324, CEM344
	- Zoology	DRK314, DRK334	DRK324, DRK334
	- Entomology	ENT314+ENT334	ENT324, ENT344
	- Physics	FSK314, FSK332, FSK352	FSK324, FSK342, FSK362
	- Geology	GLG314, GLG334, GLG354,	GLG314, GLG344, GLG364,
	57	GLG374	GLG384
	- Soil Science	GKD414, GKD434	GKD424, GKD444
	- Botany	PLK314, PLK334	PLK324, PLK344
	<ul> <li>Statistics and Biometry</li> </ul>	STK316, BMT334	STK326, BMT344

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#### Learning programme 7: Soil Science (4363)

Soil Science encompasses the genesis and properties of soil and land use planning, to ensure sustainable biological production for the conservation of the environment and to promote the wellbeing of plant, animal and mankind. A qualification in Soil Science leads to job opportunities in the Government and Private sectors as well as entrepreneurship.

Year		Semester 1	Semester 2
1	Compulsory		Comostor E
	- Soil Science	GKD214	
	- Geosciences	GWS114	GEO124 or GLG124
	- Chemistry	CEM114	
	- Computer literacy	BRS111	
	<ul> <li>Advanced computer usage</li> </ul>	5110111	RIS121
	One of the following modules in the	first semester and three in the se	
	<ul> <li>Industrial Psychology</li> </ul>	ORG114	HUM124
	- Biometry		BMT124
	- Biology	BLG114	BLG124, BLG144
	- Chemistry		CEM124 or CEM144
	- Physics	FSK114, FSK134	FSK124, FSK144
	<ul> <li>Geography or Geology</li> </ul>		GEO124, GLG124
	<ul> <li>Computer Information Systems</li> </ul>	RIS114, RIS134	RIS124, RIS144
	- Statistics	STK114	STK124
	- Mathematics	WTW114, WTW134	WTW124, WTW144
	<ul> <li>Mathematical Statistics</li> </ul>	WKS114	WKS124
2	Compulsory		
	- Soil Science	GKD314	GKD324
	Enough modules to earn at least and	ther 64 credits (preferably 96) fro	im:
	- Chemistry	CEM214, CEM212	CEM224, CEM242
	- Physics	FSK214, FSK232	FSK224, FSK242
	- Geography	GEO214, GEO234	GEO224, GIS224
	- Geology	GLG214, GLG212, GLG232,	GLG224, GLG222, GLG244,
		GLG252, GLG202	GLG242
	- Botany	PLK214, PLK212	PLK224, PLK262
3	Compulsory		
	<ul> <li>Soil Science</li> </ul>	GKD414+GKD434	GKD424+GKD444
	Enough modules to earn at least and		im:
	- Chemistry	CEM314, CEM334	CEM324, CEM344
	- Physics	FSK314, FSK332, FSK352	FSK324, FSK342, FSK362
	- Geography	GEO314, GEO334	GEO324, GIS324
	- Geology	GLG314, GLG334, GLG354,	GLG324, GLG344, GLG364,
		GLG374	GLG384
	- Botany	PLK314, PLK334	PLK324, PLK344

#### Learning programme 8: Geographical Information Systems (4383)

The details of this learning programme appear as Learning Programme 3 under Information Technology.

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This programme delivers highly trained information technologists with technical skills in programming, system design and analysis as well as database and network management. The student will be able to render overall computer support in the industry.

Possible learning programmes in Information Technology are:

- LP1: Mathematical (4381)
- LP2: Industrial and Mining (4382)
- LP3: Geographical Information systems (4383)
- LP4: Management (4384)

#### Composition of a learning programme

- A learning programme consists of compulsory as well as optional modules. A module is indicated by the code ABCxyz that means the following:
  - ABC Characters indicating the name of the module.
    - x A digit indicating the year level.
    - y An odd digit for the first semester and even digit for second semester.
    - z A digit that should be multiplied by 4 to determine the credits.
- At first year level the modules with a credit value of at least 120 have to be passed.
- On both second and third year level, modules with a credit value of at least 96, but preferably 128 have to be passed.
- For a B.Sc. degree modules with a total weight of at least 392 credits must be passed (384 degree credits plus BRS111 and RIS121).
- A '+' between modules indicate that all the modules must be taken.
- A comma between modules indicates the modules may be taken independently.
- The word 'or' between modules indicates that only one of the modules may be taken.
- Prerequisites of individual modules must always be adhered to.
- To enrol for the B.Sc. (Information Technology) students should meet the following minimum requirements:
  - Higher Grade E or Standard Grade C in grade 12 Mathematics. If the curriculum includes the modules WTW114 and WKS114, the minimum Mathematics symbol required is a D (Higher Grade).
  - Standard Grade E in grade 12 Physical Science or Higher Grade D or Standard Grade C in grade 12 Biology.
- Additional modules may be taken only if the timetable allows it.

# Learning programme 1: Mathematical (4381)

The powerful combination of Computer Science with Mathematics and/or Mathematical Statistics provides the student with a solid knowledge base and excellent background for a career as information technologist. This training is directed towards careers in the IT industry as well as academical and research institutions such as Universities, Technikons, CSIR, ARC, MINTEK, etc.

Year		Semester 1	Semester 2
1	Compulsory		
	<ul> <li>Computer Information Systems</li> </ul>	RIS114	RIS124
	- Mathematics	WTW114	WTW124
	<ul> <li>Mathematical Statistics</li> </ul>	WKS114	WKS124
	- Computer literacy	BRS111	
	- Advanced computer usage	bitotti	RIS121
	Advanced computer usage		110121
	One module per semester from:		
	- Chemistry	CEM114	CEM124 or CEM144
	- Physics	FSK114 or FSK134	FSK124 or FSK144
	- Geosciences	GWS114	GE0124 or GLG124
2	Compulsory		
2	- Computer Information Systems	RIS216	RIS222+RIS224
	Enough modules to earn at least a		
	- Mathematics and Applied	WTW214, WTW236, WTW252	WTW224, WTW244, WTW262,
	Mathematics	VVIVVZ14, VVIVVZ30, VVIVVZ32	WTW224, WTW244, WTW202, WTW282
		W/K6216	
	- Mathematical Statistics	WKS216	WKS226
3	Compulsory		
	<ul> <li>Computer Information Systems</li> </ul>	RIS314+RIS334	RIS324+RIS344
	Enough modules to earn at least a		
	<ul> <li>Mathematics and Applied</li> </ul>	WTW314, WTW334, WTW354,	WTW324, WTW344, WTW364,
	Mathematics	WTW374	WTW384
	<ul> <li>Mathematical Statistics</li> </ul>	WKS314+WKS334	WKS324+WKS344

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#### Learning programme 2: Industrial and Mining (4382)

This learning programme provides the student with the opportunity to combine Computer Science with the Physical and/or Soil Sciences. The learning programme provides the student with a wide selection of modules as preparation for a possible career as information technologist in industry, for example in the manufacturing sector, chemical industry, mining, geology or mineralogy sectors.

Year		Semester 1	Semester 2
1	Compulsory		
	- Computer Information Systems	RIS114 or RIS134	RIS124 or RIS144
	- Mathematics	WTW114 or WTW134 BRS111	WTW124 or WTW144 or BMT124
	<ul> <li>Computer literacy</li> <li>Advanced computer usage</li> </ul>	BROTT	RIS121
	- Auvanceu computer usage		RIJ121
	Two modules per semester from:		
	- Chemistry	CEM114	CEM124 or CEM144
	- Physics	FSK114 or FSK134	FSK124 or FSK144
	- Geosciences and Geology	GWS114	GLG124
2	Compulsory		
	- Computer Information Systems	RIS216 or RIS236	RIS222+RIS224
	Enough modules to earn at least a	l nother 48 credits (preferably 80) f	rom:
	- Chemistry	CEM232, CEM214	CEM242, CEM224
	- Physics	FSK232+FSK214	FSK242+FSK224
	- Geology	GLG212, GLG214	GLG222, GLG224
	- Statistics	STK216	STK226
	- Food Science	VWS212, VWS232	VWS222, VWS224
	<ul> <li>Mathematics and Applied</li> </ul>	WTW214, WTW236, WTW252	WTW224, WTW244, WTW262,
	Mathematics		WTW282
3	Compulsory		
	- Computer Information Systems	RIS314+RIS334	RIS324+RIS344
	Enough modules to earn at least a		from:
	- Chemistry	CEM314, CEM334	CEM324, CEM344
	- Physics	FSK314, FSK332, FSK352	FSK324, FSK342, FSK362
	- Geology	GLG314, GLG334, GLG354,	GLG324, GLG344, GLG364,
	Chattatian Diamateu	GLG374	GLG384
	- Statistics, Biometry	STK316+BMT334	STK326+BMT344
	<ul> <li>Food Science</li> <li>Mathematics and Applied</li> </ul>	VWS314, VWS334	VWS324
	<ul> <li>Mathematics and Applied Mathematics</li> </ul>	WTW314, WTW334, WTW354, WTW374	WTW324, WTW344, WTW364, WTW384
L	wathematics	VV I VV 3 / 4	VV I VV 304

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# Learning programme 3: Geographical Information Systems (GIS) (4383)

The connection of geographical information and computer technology simplifies the storage, processing, modelling and presentation of information and expedites decision making. A GIS scientist or technologist is prepared for a challenging career in diverse directions such as defence, planning, agriculture, tourism, the environment and resource management.

Year		Semester 1	Semester 2
1	Compulsory		
1	<ul> <li>Computer Information Systems</li> </ul>	RIS114 or RIS134	RIS124 or RIS144
	- Mathematics	WTW114 or WTW134	WTW124 or WTW144 or BMT124
	<ul> <li>Geosciences/Geography</li> </ul>	GWS114	GEO124
	- Computer literacy	BRS111	
	<ul> <li>Advanced computer usage</li> </ul>		RIS121
	One module per semester from:		
	- Biologie	BLG114	BLG124, BLG144
	- Chemistry	CEM114	CEM124
	- Physics	FSK114 or FSK134	FSK124 or FSK144
	<ul> <li>Soil Science/Geology</li> </ul>	GKD214	GLG124
2	Compulsory		
	<ul> <li>Computer Information Systems</li> </ul>	RIS216 or RIS236	RIS222+RIS224
	- Geography	GEO214+GEO234	GE0224+GIS224
	Enough modules to earn preferable	y another 32 credits from:	
	- Chemistry	CEM232, CEM214	CEM242+CEM224
	- Zoology	DRK252, DKR214	DRK262, DRK224
	- Entomology	ENT252+ENT214	ENT262+ENT224
	- Physics	FSK232+FSK214	FSK242+FSK224
	- Geology	GLG212, GLG214	GLG222, GLG224
	<ul> <li>Soil Science</li> </ul>	GKD314	GKD324
	- Botany	PLK212, PLK214	PLK224, PLK262
	- Statistics	STK216	STK226
3	Compulsory		
1	<ul> <li>Computer Information Systems</li> </ul>	RIS314+RIS334	RIS324+RIS344
	- Geography	GEO314+GEO334	GEO324+GIS324

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<sup>\*</sup>This learning programme can also fall under the Geosciences.

# Learning programme 4: Management (4384)

The science and commercial sectors often overlap and it is important that individuals in these two sectors understand and speak one another's language. This learning programme provides students with the opportunity to learn and to experience the best of both worlds. It is directed towards preparing a student for a career as IT manager in both the public and private sectors.

Year		Semester 1	Semester 2
1	Compulsory - Computer Information Systems - Industrial Psychology - Business Management - Computer literacy - Advanced computer usage	RIS114 or RIS134 ORG114 BRS111	RIS124 or RIS144 HUM122 OBS122 RIS121
	One module per semester from: - Biometry - Statistics - Mathematics One module per semester from: - Biology - Chemistry	STK 114 WTW114 or WTW134 BLG114 CEM114	BMT124 STK124 WTW124 or WTW144 BLG124 or BLG144 CEM124 or CEM144
	<ul> <li>Physics</li> <li>Geosciences</li> </ul>	FSK114 or FSK134 GWS114	FSK124 or FSK144 GLG124 or GEO124
2	Compulsory - Computer Information Systems - Business Management - Accounting Enough modules to earn preferably - Biochemistry - Chemistry - Zoology - Entomology - Physics - Geography - Geology - Soil Science - Microbiology - Botany - Statistics Mathematics and Applied Mathematics	RIS216 or RIS236 OBS234 REK112	RIS222+RIS224 OBS144 BRF121 BOC224, BOC262 CEM242, CEM224 DRK262, DRK224 ENT262+ENT224 FSK242+FSK224 GEO224, GIS224 GLG222, GLG224 GKD324 MKB222+MKB224 PLK224, PLK262 STK226 WTW224, WTW244, WTW262, WTW282
3	Compulsory - Computer Information Systems - Business Management	RIS314+RIS334 OBS314+IBM314	RIS324+RIS344 OBS324 and (OBS344 or OBS244 or EKN124)

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#### LEARNING PROGRAMMES IN CONSUMER SCIENCE (B.Consumer Science) AND HOME ECONOMICS (B.Sc. (Home Economics))

Consumer science is a study of the need of man regarding Housing, Clothing and Food and the management of resources to satisfy these needs.

Possible learning programmes in Consumer Science are:

- LP1: Consumer Science General (4351)
- LP2: Consumer Science Food (4352)

Possible learning programmes in Home Economics are:

LP3: Home Economics - Food (4354)

#### Composition of a learning programme

 A learning programme consists of compulsory as well as optional modules. A module is indicated by the code ABCxyz that means the following:

ABC Characters indicating the name of the module.

- x A digit indicating the year level.
- y An odd digit for the first semester and even digit for second semester.
- z This figure should be multiplied by 4 to determine the number of credits.
- For a B degree in Consumer Science and B.Sc. (Home Economics) modules with a total credit value of at least 492 must be passed.
- A '+' between modules indicate that all the modules must be taken.
- A comma between modules indicates the modules may be taken independently.
- The word 'or' between modules indicates that only one of the modules may be taken.
- · Prerequisites of individual modules must always be adhered to.
- A pass in Mathematics grade 12 (SG) as well as either Physical Science (SG E) or Biology (HG D or SG C) are required as prerequisites for admission to the learning programmes in B.Sc. (Home Economics)
- An endorsed Senior Certificate with an M-count of at least 28 is required for B.Consumer Science.

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#### Learning programme 1: Consumer Science - General (4351)

After completion of this programme the student will be capable to follow a career as a Consumer Scientist, e.g. consumer consultant, designer, buyer, marketer, or quality control inspector of consumer products. The student should also be capable to advise consumers on the management of time, energy and other resources. The qualification acquired is a Baccalaureus in Consumer Science.

Yea	r	Semester 1	Semester 2
1	Compulsory		
	<ul> <li>Industrial Psychology</li> </ul>	ORG114	HUM124
	- Biology	BLG114	
	- Clothing	KLE112+KLE132	KLE122
	<ul> <li>Business Management</li> </ul>	OBS134	OBS144
	- Consumer Science		VBW124+VBW142
	<ul> <li>Computer literacy</li> </ul>	BRS111	
	<ul> <li>Advanced computer usage</li> </ul>		RIS121
2	Compulsory		
	- Housing	BES214	
	- Interiors	ITR214	
	- Clothing	KLE212	
	- Microbiology	MCB214	MCB224
	- Foods	VDS214	VDS224
	<ul> <li>Food Science</li> </ul>		VWS224
	<ul> <li>Business Management</li> </ul>		OBS244
3	Compulsory		
	- Interiors		ITR322
	- Clothing	KLE312	
	- Textile Science		TSK324
	- Human Nutrition	VDG314	
	- Foods		VDS244
	- Consumer Science	VBW312	VBW324
	- Mercantile Law	HRG204	HRG204
	At least 32 credits from the list of elec	tives below or any module that fi	ts on the university timetable.
	Ellectives		
	- Industrial Communication	BKT112,BKC112	BKJ122,BKJ142
	- Industrial Psychology	TRG314	,_,
	- Clothing	KLE412	KLE444
4	Compulsory		
	- Consumer Science	VBW414+VBW432	VBW424
	At least 76 credits from the list of elec		ts on the university timetable
	and has not been taken in the third ye	ar.	
	Electives		
	<ul> <li>Consumer Science</li> </ul>	VBW434	
	<ul> <li>Quantity Nutrition</li> </ul>	VGM312, VGM332	VGM322,VGM342
	- Textile Science		TSK422
	- Clothing	KLE412	KLE424, KLE444
	<ul> <li>Business Management</li> </ul>	OBS234,OBS314	OBS324, OBS344

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#### Learning programme 2: Consumer Science - Food (4352)

After completion of this programme the student will be capable to follow a career in foods, e.g. consumer consultant, product developer, or quality control inspector of foodr products. The student should also be capable to advise consumers on the management of time, energy and other resources. The qualification acquired is a Baccalaureus in Consumer Science.The majors are Foods and Food Science.

Year		Semester 1	Semester 2
1	Compulsory		
	<ul> <li>Industrial Psychology</li> </ul>	ORG114	HUM124
	- Chemical principles in agriculture	LWL134	LWL144
	- Biology	BLG114	
	<ul> <li>Business Management</li> </ul>	OBS134	OBS144
	- Consumer Science		VBW124+VBW142
	<ul> <li>Computer literacy</li> </ul>	BRS111	
	<ul> <li>Advanced computer usage</li> </ul>		RIS121
2	Compulsory		
	<ul> <li>Microbiology</li> </ul>	MCB214	MCB224
	- Food	VDS214	VDS224
	<ul> <li>Food Science</li> </ul>	VWS212	VWS224
	At least 16 credits from undermentio	ned electives or any module whi	ch fits onto the classroom- and
	exam timetable:		
	Electives		
	<ul> <li>Business management</li> </ul>	OBS234	OBS244
	<ul> <li>Food science</li> </ul>		VWS222
3	Compulsory		
	- Human Nutrition	VDG314	
	- Food		VDS244
	<ul> <li>Food Science</li> </ul>	VWS314	VWS324
	<ul> <li>Consumer Science</li> </ul>	VBW312	
	<ul> <li>Mercantile Law</li> </ul>	HRG204	HRG204
	At least 24 credits from undermentio	ned electives or any module whi	ch fits onto the classroom- and
	exam timetable.		
	Electives		
	Business Management	OBS314	OBS324,OBS344
	Industrial Psychology	TRG314	VWS344
	Chemical Principles in agriculture	LWL312	VWS461
4	Compulsory		
	- Consumer Science	VBW414+VBW432	
	At least 92 credits from undermentio	ned electives or any module which	ch fits onto the classroom- and
	exam timetable.		
	Electives		
	- Food Science	VWS432	VWS222
		VWS414	VWS344
		VWS434	VWS424
			VWS444
			VWS461

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# Learning programme 3: Home Economics - Food (4354)

After completion of this programme the student will be capable to follow a career in the food industry. The qualification acquired is a Baccalaureus Scientiae (Home Economics). The major subjects are Foods and Food Science. The entrance requirement is a pass in Mathematics grade 12 (SG) as well as either Physical Science(SG E) or Biology (HG D or SG C).

1	Compulsory		
	- Biology	BLG114	BLG124 or BLG144
	- Chemistry	CEM114	CEM144
	- Physics	FSK134	
	- Biometry		BMT124
	- Computer literacy	BRS111	
	<ul> <li>Advanced computer usage</li> </ul>		RIS121
	8 credits from the list of electives be	low or any relevant module that	fits on the university timetable.
	Electives	,	,
-	Business Management	OBS134	OBS144
-	Industrial Psychology	ORG114	HUM124
-	Industrial Communication	BKT112, BKC112	BKJ122, BKJ142
-	Consumer Science		VBW142
2	Compulsory		
	- Biochemistry	BCC214	
	<ul> <li>Microbiology</li> </ul>	MCB214	MCB224VDS224
	- Foods	VDS214	VWS224
	<ul> <li>Food Science</li> </ul>	VWS212	
	24 credits from the list of electives b	below or any module that fits on	the university timetable and has
	not been taken in the first year:		
	Electives		
	- Housing	BES214	
	<ul> <li>Industrial Psychology</li> </ul>	ELR214	
	<ul> <li>Physiology</li> </ul>		FFH224
	- Clothing	KLE112+KLE132	KLE122
	- Consumer Science		VWS224
3	Compulsory		
	- Physiology	FFH214	
	<ul> <li>Human Nutrition and Foods</li> </ul>	VDG314	VDS244
	<ul> <li>Food Science</li> </ul>	VWS314	VWS324
	48 credits from the list of electives k		the university timetable and has
	not been taken in the first or second	l year.	
	Electives	I	
	- Clothing	KLE212	
	- Business Management	OBS234	OBS244
	- Consumer Science	VBW312, VBW434	VBW142, VBW324

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4	Compulsory - Mercantile Law	HRC	5204
	- Consumer Science	VBW432	
	- Food Science	VWS414	VWS424+VWS444
	68 credits from the list below or any	module that fits on the university	r timetable and has not been
	taken:		
	Electives		
	<ul> <li>Quantity Nutrition</li> </ul>	VGM312, VGM332	VGM322, VGM342
	- Consumer Science	VBW312, VBW434	VBW324
	- Interiors		ITR422
	- Clothing	KLE312, KLE412	KLE 424, KLE444
	- Textile Science		TSK324
	- Food Science	VWS434	

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# ANA124 (16 credits) - Anatomical Terminology and Basic Systemic Anatomy (Department of Basic Medical Sciences)

Three lectures and one demonstration practical of three hours per week.

One exam paper of two hours and one practical exam of 30 minutes.

Anatomy refers to the structure of the normal human body. After completion of this module the student should have a sound knowledge of anatomical terms and a broad idea of the structures of the different body systems. This will enable the student to communicate scientifically in die medical world, and to analyse and explain certain clinical problems with an anatomical background. Topics included are the following:

Introduction - general orientation, concepts and terminology, general overview on systems, basic principles of embryology. Surface anatomy. Musculoskeletal system - osteology, joints and muscles. Circulatory system - general circulation, foetal circulation and changes at birth, different types of blood flow, structure and orientation of the heart, blood vessels, lymphatic system. Respiratory system - path of airflow, structure and divisions of the thorax and thoracic wand, structure of the upper and lower airways. Gastro-intestinal system - overview of structure and related organs, regions of the abdominal wall, abdominal sacs, peritoneum. Genito-urinary system - overview of structures. Nervous system - composition, senses and relations with the endocrine system.

#### ANA216 (24 credits) - Macroscopic Anatomy of Body Regions (1) (Department of Basic Medical Sciences)

Three lectures and ten hours of dissection / demonstration practicals per week.

Continual oral evaluation (*viva voce*), as well as one exam paper of two hours and one practical exam of 30 minutes.

Macroscopic Anatomy refers to the structures and the relations of these structures to each other as observe unaided in the human body. After completion the student should have a sound knowledge of anatomical terms and an extensive knowledge of the macroscopic structure of the mentioned body regions. Topics included in this module are:

**Introduction to Anatomy:** General orientation - concepts and terminology. Basic Histology. General overview of systems. Introduction to Embryology.

**Upper limb:** Skin, subcutaneous tissue, innervations. Pectoral girdle. Axilla. Composition and functions of the arm and hand. Blood- and nerve supply. Lymphatic drainage. Applied anatomy.

**Thorax:** thoracic wall and diaphragm. Pleural spaces - membranes and recesses. Lungs. Mediastinum and content - heart and large blood vessels. Blood- and nerve supply. Lymphatic drainage. Ductus thoracicus. Sympathetic trunk. Applied anatomy.

**Abdomen and pelvis:** General characteristics, borders, descriptive subdivisions, surface anatomy. Pelvic girdle. Anterior abdominal wall - characteristics, inguinal canal, muscles, nerve and blood supply. Abdominal cavity - general build of the alimentary canal. Blood- and nerve supply and lymphatics of abdominal organs. Posterior abdominal wall - characteristics, muscles, nerve- and blood supply. Pelvis - borders, muscles, organs, nerve- and blood supply. Perineum.

Students follow a dissection programme during which they work as a team to dissect the upper limbs, thorax, abdomen and pelvis of a human cadaver.

#### ANA226 (24 credits) - Macroscopic Anatomy of Body Regions (2) (Department of Basic Medical Sciences)

Three lectures and ten hours of dissection / demonstration practicals per week.

Continual oral evaluation (viva voce), as well as one exam paper of two hours and one practical exam of 30 minutes.

This module is subject-wise a continuation of the module presented during the first semester.

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Topics included are the following:

**Upper limb:** Skin, subcutaneous tissue, innervations. Dermatomes, myotomes. Gluteal region and pelvic girdle. Osteology, muscle compartments, joints, triangles, superficial structures of the upper limb. Patella, popliteal fossa, knee joint. Composition, muscle compartments and functions of the lower leg and foot. Lumbar-sacral plexus. Blood- and nerve supply. Lymphatic drainage.

**Head- and neck region:** Vertebral column. Muscles, joints and nerve supply of the back. Skull. Facial muscles - nerves and blood vessels. Muscular triangles of the neck. Upper airways - nose, mouth, tongue, pharynx, larynx, paranasal sinuses. Lymphatic drainage.

**Neuro-Anatomy:** Embryological development and basic concepts of the nervous system. Skull bony parts, borders, fossae, foraminae. Vertebral column - intervertebral foraminae, meninges, venous sinuses. Spinal cord - characteristics and tracts. Brainstem - characteristics and nuclei. Cerebellum - characteristics and functional areas. Cerebrum - characteristics and functional areas. Applied anatomy of the sensory and motor nervous systems. Applied anatomy of higher brain functions. Ventricles and CSF circulation. Cranial nerves. Blood supply and venous drainage. Senses - eye, ear, vestibular apparatus, relations with the endocrine system.

Students follow a dissection programme during which they work as a team to dissect the lower limbs, vertebral column, head and neck region, and brain of a human cadaver.

### ANA316 (24 credits) - Biological Anthropology

(Department of Basic Medical Sciences)

Three discussions and three hours practical per week. Study assignments.

One exam paper of three hours.

Biological Anthropology provides the student with an opportunity to explore the various disciplines in and allied to anatomy. These include human evolution, forensic anthropology, growth and development, and comparative anatomy. Special emphasis is placed on human diversity.

### ANA326 (24 credits) - Embryology and Comparative Anatomy

### (Department of Basic Medical Sciences)

Seminars and practical assignments of six hours per week. Study assignments.

One exam paper of three hours.

In this module human embryological development is explored and compared to that of other mammalian and vertebrate anatomical systems. It is not intended to provide the student with a comprehensive description of the whole human body. Special emphasis is placed on applied anatomy and structural variations. Limited dissection of human cadavers forms part of the module.

### ANA304 (16 credits) - Applied Macroscopic Anatomy and Techniques

### (Department of Basic Medical Sciences)

Two lectures and four hours practical per week. Study assignments / projects.

Continual evaluation, including evaluation of projects and multi-media presentations.

Presentation of this module is based on projects done by students working individually or as a team. It is required from students to prepare models that demonstrate clinical or comparative anatomy. Emphasis is placed on practical and legal aspects of cadaver administration, safety in the mortuary and anatomical techniques - embalming and preservation of cadavers, osteology models - preparation and skeleton articulation, land mark tagging and assembly of skeletons, museum techniques - manufacturing of display models, fibreglass reconstructions and related techniques, assembly techniques, plastination - as well as multimedia presentations.

#### ANTxyz - Anthropology

For syllabi see Calendar of the Faculty of Humanities.

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#### ATW216 (24 credits) - Introductory Financial Mathematics (Actuarial Science - Department of Mathematical Statistics)

Three lectures, three practicals and four hours of self-study per week during the first semester. One three-hour exam paper.

Introductory interest account, cash flow models, interest rates, discounting and accumulating, annuities and loans.

After the successful completion of the module the learner should have:

(a) the idea of basic financial problems, cash flow models and interest rates, and

(b) the ability of investigating and solving problems relating to annuities and loans.

Prerequisites: (WKS 114 and 124), or (STK 114 and 124).

### ATW226 (24 credits) - Financial Mathematics I

(Actuarial Science - Department of Mathematical Statistics)

Three lectures, three practicals and four hours of self-study per week during the second semester. One three-hour exam paper.

Project appraisal, investments, simple compound interest problems, arbitrage, term structure of interest rates . Stochastic interest rate models.

After the successful completion of the module the learner:

(a) are confident with project appraisal, investments and the solving of simple and compound interest problems, and

(b) they will also be acquainted with term structure of interest rates and interest rate models. Prerequisite: ATW216

### ATW246 (24 credits) - Financial Mathematics (Advance)

### (Actuarial Science - Department of Mathematical Statistics)

Three lectures, three practicals and ten hours of self-study per week during the second semester.

One three-hour exam paper (External examiner).

International equivalent & Syllabus: CT1 of the Joint Board of Actuaries (LONDON).

After the successful completion of the module the learner:

- (a) will have thorough knowledge of basic and complex financial problems, cash flow models and interest rates.
- (b) are capable of investigating and solving problems relating to annuities and loans,
- are also confident with project appraisal, investments and the solving of simple and compound (c) interest problems,
- (d) will also be acquainted with term structure of interest rates and interest rate models,
- (e) will demonstrate a knowledge and understanding of real and money interest rates, and (f) will describe the investment and risk characteristics of a variety of asset available for investment purposes.

Important: No semester mark is considered for exemption purposes. Only the external examiner's mark will be used.

Prerequisite: It is required that a prospective student obtained a pass mark of at least 60% in ATW216.

#### ATW318 (32 credits) - Actuarial Mathematics I

#### (Actuaria) Science - Department of Mathematical Statistics)

Four lectures, three practicals and twelve hours of self-study per week during the first semester. One three-hour exam paper (External examiner).

International equivalent & Syllabus: CT6 of the Joint Board of Actuaries (LONDON).

After the successful completion of the module the learner:

- will have thorough knowledge of Decision theory and Bayesian Statistics, (a)
- (b) will be confident with probability and moments of Loss distributions and Risk models,
- (c) will be acquainted with Ruin and GLM theory,
- will be able to define and apply the main concepts underlying the analysis of time series (d) models.

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- (e) will be able to describe the fundamental concepts of rating and apply them to simple experience rating systems, and
- (f) will be able to describe and apply techniques for analysing a delay (or run-off) triangle and project the ultimate position,.

Important: No semester mark is considered for exemption purposes. Only the external examiner's mark will be used.

Prerequisite: ATW226 or 246. External applications will be considered on merit.

#### ATW314 (16 credits) - Actuarial Mathematics I (Actuarial Science - Department of Mathematical Statistics)

Two lectures, three practicals and five hours of self-study per week during the first semester.

One three-hour exam paper

- After the successful completion of the module the learner:
- (a) are confident with probability and moments of Loss distributions and Risk models, Ruin for a Risk model, and
- (b) they will also be acquainted with fundamental concepts of credibility theory, simple experience rating systems and delay (or run-off) triangles,
- (c) will be acquainted with Ruin and GLM theory, and
- (d) will be able to define and apply the main concepts underlying the analysis of time series models.

Prerequisite: ATW226

### ATW328 (32 credits) - Survival Models (Advance)

(Actuarial Science - Department of Mathematical Statistics)

Four lectures, three practicals and twelve hours of self-study per week during the second semester. One three-hour exam paper (External examiner)

International equivalent & Syllabus: CT4 of the Joint Board of Actuaries (LONDON).

After the successful completion of the module the learner:

- (a) will have thorough knowledge of several concepts of Survival models, estimation procedures of lifetime distributions and Markov models,
- (b) are also confident with the Binomial model for mortality,
- (c) will also be acquainted with simple assurance, annuity contracts and net premiums,
- (d) will describe the principles of actuarial modelling,
- (e) will derive maximum likelihood estimators for the transition intensities in models of transfers between states with piecewise constant transition intensities, and
- (f) will describe how to estimate transition intensities depending on age, exactly or using census approximation.

### ATW324 (16 credits) - Survival Models

(Actuarial Science - Department of Mathematical Statistics)

Two lectures, three practicals and five hours of self-study per week during the second semester.

One three-hour exam paper

After the successful completion of the module the learner:

- (a) are confident with the Binomial model for mortality, and
- (b) will also be acquainted with simple assurance, annuity contracts and net premiums,
- (c) will be acquainted with simple assurance, annuity contracts and net premiums.
- (d) will be able to describe the principles of actuarial modelling.
- (e) derive maximum likelihood estimators for the transition intensities in models of transfers between states with piecewise constant transition intensities.
- (f) describe how to estimate transition intensities depending on age, exactly or using the census approximation.

Prerequisite: ATW318.

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### BCC214 (16 credits) - Biochemistry for agriculture and health sciences (Department of Microbial, Biochemical and Food biotechnology)

Three lectures per week during the first semester.

One examination paper of three hours.

The role of water and salts in the cell, survey of the chemistry of carbohydrates, lipids, proteins and nucleic acids, the flow of information. Survey of the flow of energy and material through the cell, catabolic pathways, anaerobic and aerobic metabolism, anabolic pathways, integration of metabolic pathways, metabolic diseases.

### **BES214 - Introductory housing**

(Department Microbial, Biochemical and Food Biotechnology)

Three lectures per week in the first semester.

One examination paper of two hours.

Man and his housing needs are influenced by the individual and family values, standards and objectives in the different stages of the family life cycle. A variety of housing types are available to select from to fulfil the specific need. The family and its housing is dependent on the environment, therefor we emphasise a sustainable environment.

After the successful completion of this module the student should:

- (a) have a thorough knowledge of man's basic needs,
- (b) understand the factors that influence the needs,
- (c) be capable to set criteria for the housing of families in the different stages of the family life cycle,
- (d) be capable to select proper housing,
- (e) be capable to evaluate the sustainability of the housing environment

#### BLG114 (16 credits) - Molecular and Cell Biology

(Department of Microbial, Biochemical and Food Biotechnology)

Three lectures and three hours practical per week in the first semester.

One examination paper of three hours.

Conditions on early earth, chemical evolution, appearance of cells, origin of metabolism, self replicating systems, origin of pro and eukaryotic cells, origin of organelles. Cells, membranes and organelles. Energy harvesting pathways: photosynthesis. Energy producing pathways: anaerobic and aerobic pathways. Flow of genetic information: mitosis and meiosis, DNA replication, transcription, translation. Patterns of inheritance. Chromosomes and human genetics: sex determination in humans, autosomal, X-linked and Y-linked inheritance, mutations. Recombinant DNA and genetic engineering, DNA sequence analysis, gene cloning, polymerase chain reaction.

Bacteria and viruses: properties of bacteria: growth and multiplication of bacteria, bacterial classification, archaea, viruses, prions, virus propogation, infectious disease, resistance toward drugs. Protists: predatory fungi, animal like protists, ameboid protozoa, protozoa with cilia, malaria. Single celled algae: red algae, brown algae, green algae. Filamentous fungi: properties of filamentous fungi, life cycles, beneficial relations between plants and fungi, symbiosis, mutualism, parasitism. Lichens, mycorrhizae, pathogenic fungi.

After successful completion of the module, the student should be able to:

- (a) explain the current theories w.r.t. the origins of life and how it unfolds in nature.
- (b) explain the structures of living cells and how complex molecules in cells interact with each other to make the flow of energy, material and information possible in the cell.
- (c) explain the transfer of genetic information and how it influences the patterns of inheritance between generations of organisms.
- (d) understand the fundamental principles regarding the biology of the different levels of organization in living organisms from viruses to eukaryotic micro-organisms.

[This module has a credit value of 16 credits. 14 credits are for subject specific outcomes and 2 credits for critical (generic) outcomes with respect to language skills in oral and written reports relating to the recording of experimental results, experimental and laboratory skills and group work relating to problem solving.]

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### BLG124 (16 credits) - Plant Biology

### (Department of Plant Sciences)

Three lectures and one three-hour practical per week.

One examination paper of three hours.

Development and reproduction of flowering plants, plant multiplication, plant taxonomic principles, biodiversity, ecology, economic importance of plants.

After the successful completion of this module the student should be able to understand and explain the following:

- (a) the basic principles regarding the biology of plants, their development and reproduction (plant manipulation).
- (b) the basic principles regarding plant identification and classification (taxonomy).
- (c) biodiversity (conservation biology).
- (d) the interactions between plants, environment and man (ecology).
- (e) the economic importance of plants (toxic, medicinal, industrial and food plants, plant pathology, plant molecular biology, plant biotechnology and plant breeding).

### BLG144 (16 credits) - Animal Biology

### (Department of Zoology and Entomology)

Three lectures and one three-hour practical per week throughout the second semester.

Evaluation: Assignments, class tests, two module tests, and an examination paper of three hours. Invertebrata: aspects of classification and bio-ecology; insect morphology, anatomy and metamorphosis; aspects of applied entomology, i.e. insect-plant relationships; medical, veterinary and forensic entomology; insect physiology and pest control. Mammal zoogeography, evolution and etho-ecology.

Outcome: After successful completion of the module, the student should be able to:

- (i) explain and describe the basic classification of the invertebrates, including the insects.
- (ii) explain the importance of insects in practice.
- (iii) describe the principles of biogeography, the basic driving forces of evolution, and the ecological influences on behaviour.

### BMT124 (16 credits) - Introductory Biostatistics

(Biometrics - Department of Mathematical Statistics)

Three lectures, one three-hour practical and four hours of self-study per week during the second semester.

One three-hour examination paper.

Descriptive biometry, probability models. Biometrical inference, linear regression and correlation. C ontingency tables and analysis of variance.

After successfully completed the module the student must be able to:

- (a) organise, analyse and interpret data by means of various analysing techniques, calculate probabilities, determine inferences in connection with means, variances and proportions, determine and interpret the relationship between variables, perform analysis of variance, and
- (b) have the skills to solve problems, follow the steps of the research process, make decisions regarding the methods to be applied, analyse data by means of various methods, interpret and obtain information from the analysed data.

### BMT334 (16 credits) - Special topics in Regression

#### (Biometrics - Department of Mathematical Statistics)

Three lectures, one three-hour practical on computers and five hours of self-study per week during the first semester.

One three-hour examination paper.

Special topics in regression with emphasis on the use of statistical computer packages to solve these problems.

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After successfully completed the module the learner will be able, with the help of the computer, to:

- (a) solve simple, multiple, stepwise and piecewise linear regression problems,
- (b) analyse nested models,
- (c) handle inverse predictions, weighted least squares, modelling quantitative dependent variables, and
- (d) solve Logistic and Ridge regression problems.

### BMT344 (16 credits) - Design and Analysis of Experiments (Biometrics - Department of Mathematical Statistics)

Three lectures, one three-hour practical and five hours of self-study per week during the second semester.

One three-hour examination paper.

Analysis of variance for Designed experiments. Introductory time series analysis.

- After successfully completed the module the learner will be able, with the help of the computer, to:
- (a) analyse completely randomised designs, randomised block designs, and two-factor designs,
- (b) more complex factorial designs, and
- (c) time series models, autocorrelation and autoregressive error models.

#### BOC212 (8 credits) - Biochemistry of biological compounds (Department of Microbial, Biochemical and Food Biotechnology)

Three lectures per week in the first term.

One examination paper of two hours.

An introduction to the most important principles governing biochemistry. The module is designed to expand on the foundation that the student has acquired in chemistry and biology modules and to provide a biochemical framework that allows understanding of new phenomena. After successful completion of the module the student should have:

- (a) a broadened knowledge concerning the chemical architecture of cells, cell partitioning and organelles:
- (b) a thorough knowledge of the principles of water as biological solvent, pH and buffers (including use of equations);
- (c) a broadened knowledge of the nomenclature, geometry and chemical properties of carbohydrates, lipids and proteins.

#### BOC224 (16 credits)- Enzymology and introductory metabolism (Department of Microbial, Biochemical and Food Biotechnology)

Three lectures per week during the second semester.

One exam of three hours.

An introduction to the most important principles controlling enzyme action and the flow of energy through living systems. The module is designed to make students aware of the principles of Michaelis-Menten kinetics of single substrate reactions, inhibitors and activators, the regulation of allosteric enzymes, coenzymes, the theory of catalysis, enthalpy, entropy and free energy, the living cell as open thermodynamic system, coupled reactions, redox reactions, the role of ATP, introduction to metabolism, glycolysis and fermentation, gluconeogenesis, glycogen metabolism, the pentose phosphate pathway, the Krebs cycle, electron transfer and oxidative phosphorylation, glyoxylate cycle and fatty acid oxidation, fatty acid biosynthesis, the metabolism including the urea cycle. After successful completion of the module, the student should be able to:

- (a) understand and explain the principles of enzyme action, including the effect of activators,
- inhibitors and allosteric effectors
- (b) interpret kinetic data for single substrate reactions
- (c) explain the overall process and the details of the chemical changes occurring during carbohydrate and fat metabolism
- (d) explain the flow of energy through the metabolic pathways
- (e) understand and explain the control of selected metabolic processes

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- (f) be able to explain and calculate the energy balance of the metabolic pathways
- (g) form an integrated view of the metabolic pathways and how it integrates with nutritional metabolism
- (h) explain the origin and effect of selected metabolic disorders in the context of global metabolic processes,

### BOC252 (8 credits) - Biochemical analyses (Practical module) (Department of Microbial, Biochemical and Food Biotechnology)

Four hours practical per week during the first semester.

Continuous evaluation.

This practical module supplements the theoretical knowledge of biochemical concepts and it prepares the student to be a safe, productive and independent individual in a biochemistry laboratory.

After successful completion of this module the student should:

- (a) be able to appreciate and observe laboratory safety practices.
- (b) have developed problem-solving and psychomotor skills through.
  - (i) performing calculations required for preparing solutions.
  - (ii) performing titrations of amino acids and proteins.
  - (iii) applying colorimetric techniques in the analysis of biochemical reactions.
  - (iv) performing separation and analysis of biochemical compounds.
- (c) developing positive interests, attitudes and values with regard to biochemistry.

## BOC262 (8 credits) - Practical enzymology and metabolism (Practical module) (Department of Microbial, Biochemical and Food Biotechnology)

Four hours practical per week during the second semester.

Continuous evaluation.

This practical module supplements the theoretical knowledge of enzymology and metabolism and it prepares the student to be a safe, productive and independent individual in a biochemical laboratory.

After successful completion of the module, the student should be able to:

- (a) do enzymatic assays under continuous and discontinuous conditions
- (b) have the ability to interpret kinetic data from enzyme kinetics, even with inhibitors
- (c) understand and apply some of the techniques used in the study of metabolism.
- (d) Use laboratory equipment presented in practical sessions
- (e) Describe the set-up of experiments and write scientific reports
- (f) eksperimente te kan beplan en 'n wetenskaplike verslag te kan skryf.

#### BOC314 (16 credits) - Molecular biology I

### (Department of Microbial, Biochemical and Food Biotechnology)

Two lectures and three hours practical per week during the first semester.

One examination paper of three hours.

The module deals with the principles applied in the isolation of genetic material from bacterial, yeast (fungal) and environmental sources, the cloning of and expression of genes in different hosts. Also included is the genetic manipulation of industrially important micro-organisms.

- After successful completion of the module, the student should have:
- (a) a thorough knowledge of the modern methods used to isolate genetic material from different sources.
- (b) acquired the theoretical knowledge and practical skills used in gene cloning and be familiar with expression systems that are used in recombinant DNA technology.
- (c) a thorough understanding of the methods that are used to genetically manipulate microorganisms for laboratory and industrial use.

[This module has a credit value of 16 credits. 12 credits are for subject specific outcomes and 4 credits outcomes with respect to written reports relating to the recording of experimental results, experimental and laboratory skills and group work relating to problem solving.]

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### BOC324 (16 credits) - Advanced enzyme kinetics and metabolism (Department of Microbial, Biochemical and Food Biotechnology)

Two lectures and three hours practical per week during the second semester. One examination paper of three hours.

In this module the student undertakes an advanced study of mono and bisubstrate enzyme reactions, the mechanisms used to regulate enzymes, principles of the regulation of metabolic pathways and principles of metabolic engineering and metabolic flow analysis.

- After successful completion of the module, the student should be able to:
- (a) understand and explain the principles of enzyme, substrate and regulator interactions.
- (b) understand different enzyme regulation mechanisms
- (c) explain details regarding the integrated nature of and the control of metabolism.
- (d) understand and apply the principles of metabolic engineering and metabolic flow analysis

[This module has a credit value of 16 credits. 12 credits are for subject specific outcomes and 4 credits outcomes with respect to written reports relating to the recording of experimental results, experimental and laboratory skills and group work relating to problem solving.]

### BOC334 (16 credits) - Proteome analysis

### (Department of Microbial, Biochemical and Food Biotechnology)

Two lectures and a three hours practical per week during the first semester.

One examination paper of three hours.

In this module the student will be trained in the advanced principles of protein structure at primary, secondary, tertiary and quaternary level, the factors stabilising protein structure and the relationship between protein structure and function, allostery, variation in protein structural motifs, protein folding and computer prediction of protein structure and the techniques used to characterise individual proteins as wel as the proteome.

After successful completion of this module the student should be familiar with:

- (a) the principles of protein structure and how it affects the properties and functions of proteins
- (b) methods which are used to purify and characterise proteins as well as those used to study the structure of proteins and the composition of the proteome
- (c) understand the introductory principles of computerised analysis of proteins

[This module has a credit value of 16 credits. 12 credits are for subject specific outcomes and 4 credits outcomes with respect to written reports relating to the recording of experimental results, experimental and laboratory skills and group work relating to problem solving.]

## BOC344 (16 credits) - Structure, function and topology of membranes (Department of Microbial, Biochemical and Food Biotechnology)

Two lectures and three hours practical per week during the second semester.

One examination paper of three hours.

In this module the student is exposed to advanced aspects of membrane structure, compounds associated with membranes such as glycoproteins, membrane lipids, glycolipids, membrane proteins, membrane transport systems, receptors, various signal transduction systems, in pro and eukaryotic cells and their role in metabolic regulation, synthesis of proteins in membranes and techniques used to study membranes and the characterisation of membrane components.

After successful completion of this module the student should be able to:

- (a) understand the principles of membrane structure and how different membrane components are responsible for the functional properties of membranes.
- (b) understand the development and functioning of different signal transduction mechanisms
- (c) understand and apply the techniques which are used to isolate and characterise membrane components with respect to their structure and function

[This module has a credit value of 16 credits. 12 credits are for subject specific outcomes and 4 credits outcomes with respect to written reports relating to the recording of experimental results, experimental and laboratory skills and group work relating to problem solving.]

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#### BOC364 (16 credits) - Bioinformatics

### (Department of Microbial, Biochemical and Food Biotechnology)

Two lectures and three hours practical per week during the second semester.

One examination paper of three hours.

After successful completion of this module the student will have a thorough knowledge of databases and data mining, the theory and applications of the comparison of DNA and protein sequence data, scoring matrices, pattern recognition, statistical computational methods in bioinformatics and protein structure prediction. The student should be able to use the available DNA and protein databases to extract and interpret biologically relevant information

[This module has a credit value of 16 credits. 12 credits are for subject specific outcomes and 4 credits outcomes with respect to written reports relating to the recording of experimental results, experimental and laboratory skills and group work relating to problem solving.]

### BRS111 (4 credits) - Basic computer literacy

### (Department of Computer Science and Informatics)

One lecture per week and one three-hour practical per week during the first semester. This module is evaluated by continuous assessment and no special exami-nations are granted. After the successful completion of the module the student should:

- (a) have a basic knowledge of the principles of microcomputers, and microcomputer hardware,
- (b) have knowledge of the basic commands of an operating system and must be able the apply it,
- (c) have knowledge of the basic commands of a general word processing program and must be able the apply it,
- (d) have knowledge of the basic commands of a spread-sheet program and must be able the apply it,
- (e) have knowledge of the basic commands of the Internet and must be able the apply it.

### BTG324 (16 credits) - Microbial biotechnology and process engineering

(Department of Microbial, Biochemical & Food Biotechnology)

Two lectures and a three-hour practical per week during the second semester.

One examination paper of three hours.

For the development, scaling up and industrial operation of microbial bioprocesses a sound knowledge of bioreactor engineering, sterilisation principles and downstream processing is required. This module deals with the fundamentals of bioreactor design and mass transfer, instrumentation and process control of mainly submerged but also solid state bioprocesses. Sterilisation kinetics relevant to industry constitutes an important component of this module. This module also deals with the development of traditional biotechnology to modern biotechnology, the principles and impact of genetic engineering, as well as the various applications of biotechnology. Different microbial processes for the production of foodstuffs, pharmaceutical and chemical products are introduced. Cell and enzyme immobilisation, biotransformation as well as various aspects of product recovery and purification (downstream processing) are also included. After successful completion of this module the student should be:

a) familiar with the history of biotechnology.

- b) familiar with the applications of biotechnology in agriculture and in the chemical and pharmaceutical industries.
- c) familiar with the legal issues in respect of biotechnology and intellectual property.
- d) familiar with the role of biotechnology in the South African economy.
- e) familiar with the principles of bioprocess engineering.
- f) familiar with the principles of cell and enzyme immobilisation and biotransformation.
- g) familiar with the principles of downstream processing.
- h) a sound knowledge of sterilisation kinetics.

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#### **Chemistry - General learning outcomes**

**Development and accumulation** of knowledge on the selected topics by means of lectures, textbooks, resource-based learning, utilisation of a reference library, computer-assisted learning and assignments.

**Development of skills in a practical field of application** through lectures, reports, video and computer-assisted education and experimental procedures under typical laboratory conditions.

Development of **independent reasoning and thinking skills** by means of tutorials, creative problem solving and group seminars.

**Personality development** by interactive participation in teaching, tutorial sessions, group discussions and self-evaluation.

**Planning and managing of the learning process** by interactive lecturer/student discussions and independent study.

### CEM112 (8 credits) - Chemistry for the health sciences: Nursing

(Department of Chemistry)

This module has a value of 8 credits, 7 credits for subject specific learning outcomes and 1 credit for critical (generic) outcomes with respect to literacy skills in oral and written reasoning, numeracy and problem solving skills.

### Contact sessions

Three lectures per week.

Assessment

Continuous: A minimum of 4 assignments. Formal: Two written assessments and a final assessment of 1 hour each.

After successful completion of this module the student will be able to demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the fundamental principles underpinning a large learning area of general, inorganic, physical and organic chemistry as well as practical application and the importance of these principles in the health sciences with respect to:

Energy and matter (properties and states of matter, changes of states, energy involved in changes of state, composition of matter),

Structure of matter (fundamental particles inside the atom, isotopes, arrangement of electrons in the atom, energy sublevels, the periodic table),

Chemical bonding (molecules, stability of the atom, symbols and formulas, electron-dot structures, formation of ions, the covalent and ionic bond, oxidation numbers, percentage composition),

Radioactivity (alpha, beta, gamma and X-rays, detection and measurement of radiation, half-life, radiosiotopes in medicine),

Chemical equations and reactions (balancing chemical equations, chemical equilibrium, reaction dynamics),

The gaseous state (the kinetic molecular theory and combined gas laws, air pollution and health hazards),

Oxygen and other gases (physical and chemical properties, preparation and medical application of a series of gases),

Oxidation and reduction (basic principals of redox chemistry, the importance of redox reactions in medicine),

Water (physical and chemical properties, purification and uses),

Liquid mixtures (properties and concentration of solutions, isotonic, hypo- and hypertonic solutions, diffusion and osmosis in living cells),

Acids and bases (chemical properties of acids and bases, medical applications, weak and strong acids/bases, the principle of pH, pH and health),

Salts (formation and medical applications of salts, buffer solutions),

Organic chemistry (introduction to organic chemistry, alkanes, alcohols, ethers, organic acids, the medical importance and applications of organic compounds),

as well as effective interaction and co-operation within the learning group.

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CEM114 - Inorganic and Analytical Chemistry (Mainstream)

CEM104 - Inorganic and Analytical Chemistry (Extended B.Sc.)

CHE104 - Inorganic and Analytical Chemistry (Distance learning)

This module has a value or 16 credits, 14 credits for subject specific learning outcomes and 2 credits for critical (generic) outcomes with respect to literacy skills in oral and written reasoning, numeracy, experimental and problem solving skills.

#### Contact sessions

CEM 114: Three lectures and one tutorial per week, one three-hour practical session per week during the 1st semester.

CEM 104: Two lectures and one tutorial per week, one three-hour practical session per week throughout the year.

CHE 104: Weekly contact sessions with facilitation at different subregion centres. Practical sessions on prearrangement at the UFS campus throughout the year.

#### Assessment

Continuous: A minimum van 7 practical experiments and 6 assignments.

Formal: Two written assessments and a final assessment or 2 hours each.

After successful completion or this module the student will be able to demonstrate knowledge and understanding or the fundamental principles underpinning inorganic and analytical chemistry with respect to:

Fundamental principles and stoichiometry (classification or matter, valency, oxidation numbers, rules or nomenclature, stoichiometry, mole concept, empirical and molecular formula),

Atomic structure (quantum numbers, orbital filling with electrons (Z = 36), ionisation energy, electron affinity, atom and ion sizes),

Volumetric analysis (titration types, concentration terminologies like percentage, molar concentration with reference to milli-mol,  $\mu$ -mol, mg l<sup>1</sup>, ppt and ppm, balancing or redox reactions, stoichiometric relations, standard solutions, volumetric measurements, mass measurements),

Chemical bonding (covalent bond theory, Lewis structures, resonance structures, electronegativity, polarity, hydrogen bond, ionic bond),

Chemical equilibrium (equilibrium constant, calculations involving equilibrium concentrations, Le Chatelier's principle, solubility product constant),

Acids and bases (ionisation or  $H_2O$  and pH, strong acids and bases, titration curves for a strong acid/strong base, indicators, weak acids and bases,  $K_a$  and  $K_b$ , Brønsted-Lowry and Lewis acid theories, hydrolysis or salts, oxyacids, buffers),

Chemistry in practice (ie. Acetic acid and ammonia, modern materials, liquid crystals, ceramics and chemistry in the environment),

as well as skills and techniques required in quantitative and qualitative analysis and clear concise scientific reporting or experimental procedures on samples or environmental related problems and effective interaction and working relationships within the learning group.

#### CEM124 - Physical and Organic Chemistry (Mainstream) CEM194 - Physical and Organic Chemistry (Extended B.Sc.)

CHE194 - Physical and Organic Chemistry (Distance learning)

This module has a value or 16 credits, 14 credits for subject specific learning outcomes and 2 credits for critical (generic) outcomes with respect to literacy skills in oral and written reasoning, numeracy, experimental and problem solving skills.

### Contact sessions

CEM124: Three lectures and one tutorial per week, one three-hour practical session per week during the  $2^{nd}$  semester .

CEM194: Two lectures and one tutorial per week, one three-hour practical session per week throughout the year.

CHE194: Weekly contact sessions with facilitation at different subregion centres. Practical sessions on prearrangement at the UFS campus throughout the year.

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#### Assessment

Continuous: A minimum van 7 practical experiments and 6 assignments.

Formal: Two written assessments and a final assessment or 2 hours each.

After successful completion or this module the student will be able to demonstrate knowledge, and understanding or the fundamental principles underpinning physical and organic chemistry with respect to:

Phases and Solutions: Description or the phases or matter and the influence or solutes on the phase characteristics or the gas phase (atmospheric pressure, pressure or a column {barometer, manometer} Gas laws {Boyle, Charles, Avogadro, Ideal gas law, Dalton, Henry}), Colligative properties (boiling point elevation and freezing point depression),

Thermodynamics: Elementary calculations on heat transfer, the first law or thermodynamics, thermochemical processes and introduction to reaction entropy and free energy.

Electrochemistry (voltaic cell, cell potential, cell notation, spontaneity).

Reaction kinetics: Reaction orders and calculation or reaction rates, reaction times and half-lives.

Quantum chemistry: Introductory concepts with respect to theoretical, structural and spectroscopic aspects.

Hybridization of the carbon atom; properties, synthesis and reactions of hydrocarbons, alkylhalides, alcohols, ketones, aldehydes, carboxylic acids and derivatives or carboxylic acids; introduction to stereochemistry and reaction mechanisms,

as well as skills and techniques with respect to both quantitative and qualitative analysis or physical/chemical applications such as natural product analysis and syntheses or organic compounds and clear concise scientific reporting or experimental procedures and effective interaction and working relationships within the learning group.

#### **CEM144 - Physical and Organic Chemistry**

This module is aimed at general biological and agriculture students. It has a value or 16 credits, 14 credits for subject specific learning outcomes and 2 credits for critical (generic) outcomes with respect to literacy skills in oral and written reasoning, numeracy, experimental and problem solving skills.

#### **Contact sessions**

Three lectures and one tutorial per week, one three-hour practical session per week.

### Assessment

Continuous: A minimum van 7 practical experiments and 6 assignments.

Formal: Two written assessments and a final assessment or 2 hours each.

After successful completion or this module the student will be able to demonstrate knowledge, and understanding or the fundamental principles underpinning physical and organic chemistry with respect to:

Phases and Solutions: Description or the phases or matter and the influence or solutes on the phase characteristics or the gas phase (atmospheric pressure, pressure or a column {barometer, manometer} Gas laws {Boyle, Charles, Avogadro, Ideal gas law, Dalton, Henry}), Colligative properties (boiling point elevation and freezing point depression),

Thermodynamics: Elementary calculations on heat transfer, the first law or thermodynamics and thermochemical processes.

Introductory Electrochemistry (voltaic cell, cell potential, cell notation, spontaneity).

Introductory Reaction kinetics: Reaction orders and calculation or reaction rates, reaction times and half-lives. (Emphasis on first order kinetics)

Introduction or Organic Chemistry. Hybridization or the carbon atom, properties, synthesis and reactions or hydrocarbons, alkyl halides, alcohols, ketones, aldehydes, carboxylic acids, derivatives or carboxylic acids; introduction to stereoisomerism and simple reaction mechanisms. Everyday applications, including the influence of chemical structure on physical properties and biological activity will be emphasized,

as well as skills and techniques with respect to both quantitative and qualitative analysis or physical/chemical applications such as natural product analysis and syntheses or organic

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compounds and clear concise scientific reporting or experimental procedures and effective interaction and working relationships within the learning group.

#### CEM214 (16 credits) - Physical Chemistry (Department of Chemistry)

This module has a value of 16 credits, 14 credits for subject specific learning outcomes and 2 credits for critical (generic) outcomes with respect to literacy skills in oral and written reasoning,

numeracy, experimental and problem solving skills.

#### Contact sessions

Two lectures and twelve three-hour practical sessions.

### Assessment

Continuous: A minimum van 10 practical experiments and 7 assignments.

Formal: Two written assessments and a final assessment of 2 hours each.

After successful completion of this module the student will be able to demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the fundamental principles underpinning inorganic and analytical chemistry with respect to:

Dynamics: Properties of gases and the kinetic molecular theory.

Thermodynamics: Advanced application of the first, second and third laws of thermodynamics to chemical systems as well as thermochemical calculations.

Phase studies: Properties of liquids and solutions.

Phase equilibria: Quantify real gas-, liquid- and solid mixtures.

Electrolytic solutions: To quantify electrolytic conductivity and transport.

Quantum chemistry: Atomic structure through the Schrodinger equation as well as own functions, own values and amplitudes of selected examples.

Quantum mechanics: Application of concepts in practice.

as well as the acquisition and development of skills and techniques with respect to analysis of physical/chemical applications and clear concise scientific reporting of experimental procedures and effective interaction and co-operation within the learning group.

### CEM224 (16 credits) - Organic Chemistry

### (Department of Chemistry)

This module has a value of 16 credits, 14 credits for subject specific learning outcomes and 2 credits for critical (generic) outcomes with respect to literacy skills in oral and written reasoning, numeracy, experimental and problem solving skills.

#### Contact sessions

Two lectures and twelve three-hour practical sessions.

#### Assessment

Continuous: A minimum van 9 practical experiments and 7 assignments.

Formal: Two written assessments and a final assessment of 2 hours each.

After successful completion of this module the student will be able to demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the fundamental principles underpinning organic chemistry with respect to:

Extension of the chemistry of carbonyl compounds, carboxylic acids and carboxylic acid derivatives. The chemistry of aromatic compounds: structure of benzene, aromaticity, electrophilic substitution, the influence of substituents on electrophilic substitution, aromatic halides and hydrocarbons, carbonyl and nitro compounds, phenols and hydroxycarbonyl compounds.

Stereochemistry and conformation: synthesis and reactions of stereo-isomers.

as well as the acquisition and development of skills and techniques with respect to analysis of organic/chemical applications such as natural product analysis and syntheses of organic compounds and clear concise scientific reporting of experimental procedures and effective interaction and co-operation within the learning group.

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### CEM232 (8 credits) - Analytical Chemistry (Department of Chemistry)

This module has a value of 8 credits, 7 credits for subject specific learning outcomes and 1 credit for critical (generic) outcomes with respect to literacy skills in oral and written reasoning, numeracy, experimental and problem solving skills.

#### Contact sessions

One lecture per week, eight three-hour practical sessions.

### Assessment

Continuous: A minimum van 6 practical experiments and 4 assignments.

Formal: Two written assessments and a final assessment of 1 hour each.

After successful completion of this module the student will be able to demonstrate knowledge, and understanding of the fundamental principles underpinning analytical chemistry with respect to:

Basic principles of error of observation and analysis thereof, buffer systems, analytical techniques of gravimetry, oxidimetry and spectrophotometry.

as well as the acquisition and development of skills and techniques required in quantitative analysis and clear concise scientific reporting of experimental procedures on samples of environmental related problems and effective interaction and co-operation within the learning group.

### CEM242 (8 credits) - Inorganic Chemistry

### (Department of Chemistry)

This module has a value of 8 credits, 7 credits for subject specific learning outcomes and 1 credit for critical (generic) outcomes with respect to literacy skills in oral and written reasoning, numeracy, experimental and problem solving skills.

#### Contact sessions

One lecture per week, eight three-hour practical sessions.

### Assessment

Continuous: A minimum van 6 practical experiments and 4 assignments.

Formal: Two written assessments and a final assessment of 1 hour each.

After successful completion of this module the student will be able to demonstrate knowledge, and understanding of the fundamental principles underpinning inorganic chemistry with respect to:

Properties of covalent bonding (localized and delocalized) employing the Molecular Orbital theory, calculations on electronegativity, effective nuclear charge and magnetism, molecular geometry, chemical properties of the 3d transition metal ions, chemistry of  $\pi$ -acid ligands and their complexes such as carbonyls, isocyanide, dinitrogen, phosphines and cyano complexes, nomenclature of complex compounds.

as well as the acquisition and development of skills and techniques required in experimental procedures on samples of environmental related problems and clear concise scientific reporting and effective interaction and co-operation within the learning group.

### CEM314 (16 credits) - Analytical Chemistry

### (Department of Chemistry)

This module has a value of 16 credits, 14 credits for subject specific learning outcomes and 2 credits for critical (generic) outcomes with respect to literacy skills in oral and written reasoning, numeracy, experimental and problem solving skills.

### **Contact sessions**

Two lectures and ten three-hour practical sessions.

#### Assessment

Continuous: A minimum van 8 practical experiments and 4 assignments.

Formal: Two written assessments and a final assessment of 2 hours each.

After successful completion of this module the student will be able to demonstrate knowledge, and understanding of the fundamental principles underpinning analytical chemistry with respect to:

Modern analytical techniques such as nuclear magnetic resonance, spectrometry, electroanalytical methods and classical analytical techniques such as potentiometry, voltammetry and amperometry. Gas chromatography, complexometry and UV/visible spectrometry.

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as well as the acquisition and development of skills and techniques required in modern analytical chemistry and clear concise scientific reporting of experimental procedures on samples and effective interaction and co-operation within the learning group.

#### CEM324 (16 credits) - Inorganic Chemistry (Department of Chemistry)

This module has a value of 16 credits, 14 credits for subject specific learning outcomes and 2 credits for critical (generic) outcomes with respect to literacy skills in oral and written reasoning, numeracy, experimental and problem solving skills.

### **Contact sessions**

Two lectures and ten three-hour practical sessions.

### Assessment

Continuous: A minimum van 8 practical experiments and 4 assignments.

Formal: Two written assessments and a final assessment of 2 hours each.

After successful completion of this module the student will be able to demonstrate knowledge, and understanding of the fundamental principles underpinning inorganic chemistry with respect to:

Bonding theories and the chemistry of organometallic complexes, solution behavior of metal complexes, introductory theory of X-ray crystallography (powder and single-crystal X-ray crystallography) in structure analysis in the solid state,

Solid state behavior of ionic compounds in centric cubic space groups.

Advanced knowledge on coordination chemistry, specifically aimed at the crystal field and molecular orbital theories (as reflected in simple electronic spectra and magnetic properties), organometallic chemistry, substitution mechanisms in square-planar and octahedral complexes and general industrial and catalytic applications of organometallic catalysts.

as well as the acquisition and development of skills and techniques required with respect to experimental procedures on samples of environmental related problems and clear concise scientific reporting and effective interaction and co-operation within the learning group.

#### CEM334 (16 credits) - Physical Chemistry

#### (Department of Chemistry)

This module has a value of 16 credits, 14 credits for subject specific learning outcomes and 2 credits for critical (generic) outcomes with respect to literacy skills in oral and written reasoning, numeracy, experimental and problem solving skills.

### Contact sessions

Two lectures and ten three-hour practical sessions.

#### Assessment

Continuous: A minimum van 8 practical experiments and 4 assignments.

Formal: Two written assessments and a final assessment of 2 hours each.

After successful completion of this module the student will be able to demonstrate knowledge, and understanding of the fundamental principles underpinning physical chemistry with respect to: Dynamics: chemical kinetics and surface chemistry.

Thermodynamics: advanced chemical thermodynamics, free energy, chemical equilibrium, multicomponent systems and electrochemistry.

Macromolecular chemistry: the syntheses, characterization and molecular mass determination of polymers.

Basic principles of nuclear and radiochemistry.

as well as the acquisition and development of skills and techniques with respect to analysis of physical/chemical applications and clear concise scientific reporting of experimental procedures and effective interaction and co-operation within the learning group.

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### CEM344 (16 credits) - Organic Chemistry (Department of Chemistry)

This module has a value of 16 credits, 14 credits for subject specific learning outcomes and 2 credits for critical (generic) outcomes with respect to literacy skills in oral and written reasoning, numeracy, experimental and problem solving skills.

#### **Contact sessions**

Two lectures and ten three-hour practical sessions.

### Assessment

Continuous: A minimum van 8 practical experiments and 4 assignments.

Formal: Two written assessments and a final assessment of 2 hours each.

After successful completion of this module the student will be able to demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the fundamental principles underpinning organic chemistry with respect to:

The principles and applications of physical techniques (e.g. NMR). Introduction to dynamic stereochemistry.

Advanced reactions, mechanisms and their stereochemistry including reactions of carbohydrates, the Diels-Alder reaction, the addition of alkenes (e.g. oxymercuration, hydroboration, carbene addition), nucleophilic addition of aldehydes and ketones (e.g. Wittig reaction, Cannizzarro reaction), alpha substitution of carbonyl compounds (e.g. alpha-halogenation, alkylation of enolate ions) and carbonyl condensation reactions (e.g. Claisen condensations).

as well as the acquisition and development of skills and techniques with respect to analysis of organic/chemical applications such as natural product analysis and syntheses of organic compounds and clear concise scientific reporting of experimental procedures and effective interaction and co-operation within the learning group.

#### CGS108 (32 credits) - General Science Concepts

### (Department of Geography)

Six lectures per week. Practical work is integrated into the lectures.

Two two-hour examination papers.

The aim of the module is to give students an integrated view of the sciences, as well as a notion of the holistic nature of science and the environment. Scientific concepts are investigated and gaps in current knowledge are addressed simultaneously. Central principles of the physical an life sciences and their interactions are highlighted that students can grasp the interdependency of the sciences with the physical and human environments as well.

The module exists of four parts, each representing a component of the sciences, i.e. the Earth and the universe, Energy, Matter and Life. Communication, teamwork, debating, writing skills, logical expression, be it oral or written, critical thought and questioning, problem solving, lateral thinking, logical deduction and responsible time management are skills which receive attention in this module.

After successful completion of this module, the student should have the ability to show insight into the complex functioning of the earth and the universe. The integrated manner in which the scientific components are handled and the holistic approach to humans and their environment, will be of help to any student in the sciences.

### DRK214 (16 credits) - Parasites, Vectors and Toxic (Poisonous and Venomous) Animals (Department of Zoology and Entomology)

Three lectures per week throughout the first semester.

Evaluation by work assignments, class tests, two module tests and one examination paper of three hours.

Identification, morphology, life cycles, pathology and treatment of parasites and vectors of medical and veterinary importance in Africa. Identification, nature and extent of veterinary and medically important poisonous and venomous invertebrates (excluding insects) and vertebrates in South Africa. Nature and action of different toxins as well as emergency treatment.

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**Outcome**: After successfully completing this module, the student will be able to identify important parasites and vectors in an African context, as well as toxic animals from South Africa, and acquire knowledge on distribution, pathology and prevention of the parasites and vectors as well as knowledge regarding the toxicity of poisonous and venomous animals.

### DRK224 (16 credits) - Africa Vertebrates

(Department of Zoology and Entomology)

Three lectures per week throughout the second semester.

Evaluation by work assignments, class tests, two semester tests and one examination paper of three hours.

The unique diversity of the vertebrate fauna of Africa is pointed out with emphasis on the endemic fauna of the southern African subregion: Systematics, ecology, survival status, utilisation, etc.

**Outcome**: After successfully completing this module, the student will be able to identify any African vertebrate and understand the ecology of African animals.

## DRK252 (8 credits) - Invertebrate Biodiversity (practical) (Department of Zoology and Entomology)

One four-hour practical per week throughout the first semester.

Evaluation by work assignments, class tests and a practical examination of three hours.

Taxonomy, functional morphology and anatomy, phylogeny, ontogeny and biology of selected invertebrate phyla.

**Outcome**: After successfully completing this module, the student will have a basic knowledge of the morphology and biology of selected groups of invertebrates.

## DRK262 (8 credits) - Vertebrates: Research Techniques (practical) (Department of Zoology and Entomology)

One four-hour practical per week throughout the second semester.

Evaluation by work assignments, class tests and one practical examination of three hours.

Research techniques which can be used for the efficient collection and analysis of data with regard to vertebrates in natural environments are explained and practically implemented.

**Outcome**: After successfully completing this module, the student will be able to conduct research projects independently under field conditions.

### DRK314 (16 credits) - Marine and Freshwater Ecology

(Department of Zoology and Entomology)

Two lectures and one three-hour practical per week throughout the first semester.

Evaluation by work assignments, class tests, two module tests and one practical examination and one examination paper of three hours each.

The South African coast is unique largely as a result of ocean currents, which result in dividing our coastline into three distinct regions, each hosting a unique intertidal fauna. The composition of these ecosystems is studied with special reference to sandy beaches, rocky shores, kelp beds and estuaries. The practical component of this module is in the form of a marine field excursion during the autumn recess.

In freshwater ecology basic limnological techniques are demonstrated. These include mapping of small dams, determining pH, conductivity, dissolved oxygen, etc., as well as techniques for collection, identification and quantification of aquatic organisms such as plankton, benthos, epibioton and fishes.

**Outcome**: After successfully completing this module, the student will have a thorough knowledge of the functions and interactions of intertidal ecology and will be able to determine physical and chemical parameters of water such as collection and identification of aquatic organisms.

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#### DRK324 (16 credits) - Life strategies in Arid Environments (Department of Zoology and Entomology)

Two lectures and one three-hour practical per week throughout the second semester.

Evaluation by work assignments, class tests, two semester tests and one practical examination and one examination paper of three hours each.

This module deals with life strategies of animals living in arid environments with special reference to thermoregulation, respiration, water balance and bioenergetics.

**Outcome**: After successfully completing this module, the student will have insight into the anatomical, behavioural and physiological adaptations successfully developed by animals in arid environments.

#### DRK334 (16 credits) - Conservation Ecology (Department of Zoology and Entomology)

Three lectures per week throughout the first semester.

Evaluation by work assignments, class tests, two module tests and one examination paper of three

hours. The influence of human activities on ecosystems is critically reviewed. This includes humans as latecomers in evolution, man's ecological footprint, biodiversity, speciation, extinction and Africa's natural history. Some conservation issues are analysed. These include an evaluation of the state of our natural resources, translocation and introduction of aquatic animals, aquaculture, the mining industry and in particular the exploration of alluvial diamonds on the west coast, damming of rivers, etc.

**Outcome**: After successfully completing this module, the student will be able to critically evaluate human impact on the environment and will be able to provide practical solutions for environmental problems.

## DRK344 (16 credits) - Animal behaviour (Department of Zoology and Entomology)

Three lectures per week throughout the second semester.

Evaluation by work assignments, class tests, two module tests and one examination paper of three hours.

Introduction to the study of animal behaviour where the logic of natural selection forms a continuous theme. As such aspects of genetics, ecology, evolution, physiology and human behaviour are also raised.

**Outcome**: After successfully completing this module, the student will be well-grounded in the basic principles and concepts of behavioural science to be able to interpret and understand the behaviour of animals (and man).

# ENT114 (16 credits) - Introduction to Morphology, Anatomy and Bio-ecology of insects, as well as Agriculturally Important Insect Pests and Control Measures (Agricultural Service Module)

### (Department of Zoology and Entomology)

Three lectures per week, plus one three-hour practical per week throughout the first semester.

Evaluation: Class tests, two module tests, practical tests, work assignments and one exam paper of three hours.

Introduction to entomology; morphology of body wall, head, thorax and abdomen; types of mouth parts; internal anatomy of organ systems; growth and metamorphosis; insect orders with examples and life cycles; identification of the most important pests of agricultural and veterinary importance and the damage and diseases caused by them; insects as vectors of plant and animal diseases; life cycles. Introduction to pesticide classification, development, method of operation, formulations and toxicity.

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**Outcome**: After completing this module, the student will have a better insight in basic morphology, anatomy and functioning of the insect body, and relate this to the most important pest insects in South African agriculture.

## ENT252 (8 credits) - Classification and Identification of Insects (Practical) (Department of Zoology and Entomology)

One four-hour practical per week throughout the first semester.

Evaluation: Work assignments, class tests and a practical examination of three hours.

Microscope- and key identifications of all development stages of insects up to family level; morphological and anatomical dissections of adult insects; elementary comparative morphology; basic classification of invertebrates and arthropods.

**Outcome**: After completing this module, the student will have insight in the placement of insects in the animal kingdom, and should be able to identify insects to order and family level.

#### ENT214 (16 credits) - Functional Morphology and Anatomy, and Evolutionary Biology of Insects

### (Department of Zoology and Entomology)

Three lectures per week throughout the first semester.

Evaluation: Class tests, assignments, two module tests and one examination paper of three hours.

Characteristics of arthropods, in particular that of the hexapods; morphology of head, thorax and abdomen; locomotory organs; mouth parts and reproductive organs; segmentation; growth and metamorphosis; anatomy of internal organ systems; characteristics for separating orders; insect systematics and biology according to evolutionary form and function, patterns and processes, and time and space.

**Outcome**: After completing this module, the student will have insight in the composition of the complex variation in the morphology and anatomy of the insect body, as well as how insects are able to survive under diverse conditions.

## ENT262 (8 credits) - Ecophysiology of Insects (Practical) (Department of Zoology and Entomology)

One four-hour practical per week throughout the second semester.

Evaluation: Community service, work assignments, class tests and a three hour practical examination.

Laboratory experiments on feeding and digestion, characteristics of body wall, respiration, excretion, blood circulation, communication and endocrine system.

**Outcome**: After successfully completing this module, the student will have insight in the general characteristics and physiological functioning of insects and be able to investigate these aspects in practice.

## ENT224 (16 credits) - Ecophysiology of Insects (Department of Zoology and Entomology)

Three lectures per week throughout the second semester.

Evaluation by class tests, two module tests, work assignments and one examination paper of three hours.

Respiration; feeding and feeding habits; digestive system and digestion; physiology of the integument; blood circulatory system; reproduction; metamorphosis; excretion and water regulation; thermo-regulation; exo- and endocrine glands and pheromones; nervous system and light-, mechanical- and chemical reception of insects under variable environmental conditions.

**Outcome**: After completing this module, the student will have insight in the basic functioning of the insect body.

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#### NB: Students should take note of the prerequisites set for taking ENT300 modules.

## ENT314 (16 credits) - Advanced Insect Ecology and Agricultural Entomology (Department of Zoology and Entomology)

Two lectures and one three-hour practical per week throughout the first semester; field excursion.

Evaluation: Class tests, two module tests, seminars, literature discussions, practical tests, practical assignments and one theory and one practical examination of three hours each.

Chief components and basic processes in ecosystems; influence of environmental forces; insect plant relationships; predator - prey interactions; population dynamics; mutualism; pollination ecology; energy flow; characteristics of populations and communities; bio-ecology and recognition of the most important South African agricultural insects. Practical determination of ecosystem functioning, habitat differentiation, biotic and abiotic components of a habitat and interactions, importance of environmental factors, species richness, life strategies, host relationships, guild relationships and interactions, niche structure, population composition, morphological form and function, quantitative and qualitative analysis.

**Outcome**: After completing this module, the student will have insight in the basic ecology of the different functional groups of insects and be able to relate this to South African agricultural pests.

#### ENT324 (16 credits) - Applied Insect Pest Management (Department of Zoology and Entomology)

Two lectures and one three-hour practical per week throughout the second semester.

Evaluation: Class tests, two module tests, community service, practical tests and one theory examination paper and one practical examination of three hours each.

Definition of a pest; economical threshold values; pest prediction- and monitoring; ecological principles; pest control and the environment; chemical control; integrated pest management; pesticide application. Practical field applications of pest management; case studies; calibration of pesticide application equipment; pesticide application techniques and principles.

**Outcome**: After completing this module, the student will have insight in and be able to apply the concept of integrated pest management of insect pests and handle pesticides responsibly.

## ENT334 (16 credits) - Advanced Medical, Veterinary and Forensic Entomology (Department of Zoology and Entomology)

Two lectures and one three-hour practical per week throughout the first semester.

Evaluation: Class tests, two module tests, seminars, literature discussions, practical tests and one theory examination paper and one practical examination of three hours each.

Identification of the most important medical and veterinary insects; identification of the diseases that they transmit; insects as vectors of human and animal diseases; biology and life cycles; ecological preferences and host specificity; identification of forensically important insects and their role in forensic medicine.

**Outcome**: After completing this module, students will have insight in identification of insects of medical and veterinary importance, as well as the diseases that they transmit. The student will also be able to identify forensically important insects and relate this to their role in the decomposition of carcasses.

## ENT344 (16 credits) - Applied Insect Biochemistry and Pharmacology (Department of Zoology and Entomology)

Two lectures and one three-hour practical per week throughout the second semester.

Evaluation: Class tests, two module tests, practical tests and one theory examination paper and one practical examination of three hours each.

Biochemistry of flight muscles; metabolism of carbohydrates, lipids, amino acids, proteins and nucleic acids; biochemistry of growth and development; nervous system; pharmacology; detoxification and defensive excretions and application in chemical control. Setting up and conducting

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laboratory experiments on biochemical and pharmacological aspects of metabolism and key enzyme inhibition; pesticide identification and pesticide development.

**Outcome**: After successfully completing this module, the student will be knowledgeable regarding the unique biochemical and strong and weak points of various orders, families and even species of insects, and be able to selectively benefit or harm insect species on the basis of these characteristics through biochemical intervention.

## FFG216 (24 credits) - Cellular Physiology and Fundamentals of Homeostasis (Department of Basic Medical Sciences)

Three lectures and four hours directed learning per week. Study assignments.

### One exam paper of three hours.

**Introduction to Physiology:** Functional organisation of the human body and control of the internal environment. The cell and its function. Genetic control of protein synthesis, cell function, and cell reproduction.

**Membrane Physiology, Nerve, and Muscle::** Histophysiology. Transport of ions and molecules through the cell membrane. Membrane potentials and action potentials. Excitation and contraction of skeletal muscle. Excitation and contraction of smooth muscle. Control of nervous and muscular functions. Autonomic nervous system.

## FFG226 (24 credits) - Homeostasis of food and energy (Department of Basic Medical Sciences)

Three lectures and four hours directed learning per week. Study assignments.

One exam paper of three hours.

**Nutrition and Metabolism:** Metabolism of carbohydrates, lipids, and proteins. Functions of the liver. Diet and regulation of feeding. Energy metabolism. Body temperature.

**Gastro-intestinal Physiology:** General principles of gastro-intestinal function. Histophysiology. Digestion and absorption. Secretory functions of the alimentary tract.

**Endocrine Physiology:** Introduction to endocrine physiology. Mechanisms of hormonal action. Endocrine control of water-, electrolyte, and energy homeostasis. Male and female reproductive physiology - hormonal control, conception, pregnancy.

### FFG316 (24 credits) - Homeostasis of fluids and gases

### (Department of Basic Medical Sciences)

Three lectures and four hours directed learning per week. Study assignments.

One exam paper of three hours.

**The heart and circulation:** Circulatory body fluids. The physiology of blood. The heart - structure and function. Dynamics of blood and lymph flow. Cardiovascular regulatory mechanisms.

**The kidney and body fluids:** Fluid compartments. Histophysiology. Glomerular filtration. Tubular reabsorption and secretion. The role of the kidney in the regulation of blood and extracellular fluid volume, as well as pH and electrolyte homeostasis.

**Respiration:** Principles of pulmonary ventilation, perfusion (circulation) and diffusion - histophysio-logy. Transport of oxygen and carbon dioxide in blood and body fluids. The role of the lung in pH homeostasis. Regulation of breathing.

### FFG326 (24 credits) - Man in his environment - physiological adjustments (Department of Basic Medical Sciences)

Three lectures and four hours directed learning per week. Study assignments.

One exam paper of three hours.

**Homeostatic adjustments:** Foetal development and on being born - alterations in the immediate postpartum period, and the neonatal period. Physiological adaptations in hot and cold environments. Life at varying oxygen pressures. On being lost on mountains, in deserts, and at sea. Circadian rhythms. Body defences – immunity and infections. On nutrition - modern tendencies and views.

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#### FFG332 (8 credits) - Basic Neuroscience

(Department of Basic Medical Sciences)

Two lectures per week. Study assignments.

One exam paper of two hours.

**The central nervous system:** Structure and organisation. Embryological development. Cerebral cortex, sub cortical structures, cerebellum, brainstem, spinal cord. Higher functions of the brain - intellect, learning and memory, behaviour and motivation, sleep, epilepsy, psychosis.

**The peripheral nervous system:** Afferent division - receptor physiology, pain senses. Histo-physiology. Efferent division - somatic nervous system. Neuromuscular junction.

Autonomic nervous system: Physiological anatomy, characteristics, reflexes, effects of stimulation and drugs. Sympathetic nervous system. Parasympathetic nervous system.

#### FFG342 (8 credits) - Basic and Applied Exercise Physiology

(Department of Basic Medical Sciences)

Two lectures per week. Study assignments.

One exam paper of two hours.

Exercise Physiology: Functional changes in human systems - immediate response, long-term adaptations, fitness. Mechanisms responsible for changes. Nutrition and muscle metabolism - aerobic, anaerobic. Muscle fibres - types and genetic potential. Work capacity and monitor of exercise. Drugs and the athlete.

### FSK112 (8 credits) - Physics for students in the Building Sciences (Department of Physics)

Two one-hour lectures per week during the first semester.

One examination paper of two hours.

**Mechanics**: Revision of the concepts displacement, velocity, acceleration, force, work, energy, power and momentum. Addition and resolving of vectors. Equilibrium. Moment of force and equilibrium. Equations of motion: Linear motion. Newton's second law, mass, weight. Work and energy. Elasticity and surface tension.

Heat and thermodynamics: Temperature and its measurement, thermal expansion. Heat, units and transfer.

**Electricity**: Potential, electrical current and circuits, electromagnetic induction, electromagnetic waves, alternating currents and transformers.

Light, sound and colour: Nature and propagation, optics, reflection, refraction, illumination.

After successful completion of the module a successful student should

- (a) be able to describe the basic phenomena and theory concerning mechanics, heat, sound, optics and electricity, as well as the applications thereof in the building sciences, and
  (b) have the skills to solve problems, applied to the above topics.

### FSK114 (16 credits) - Mechanics, optics and electricity

(Department of Physics)

Three one-hour lectures and one tutorial/practical session of three hours per week in the first semester.

One examination paper of two hours.

Logical exposition of fundamental principles and the development of problem solving skills are addressed.

**Mechanics**: Revision of the elementary concepts: displacement, velocity, acceleration, force, work, energy, power, projectile motion and rotation.

In the above vector quantities and simple calculus is used wherever needed.

**Geometrical optics**: The electromagnetic spectrum, plane mirrors, spherical mirrors, image formation, thin lenses, optical instruments.

Electricity: Electrical charge, electrical field, electrical potential, current, resistance, circuits.

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After successful completion of the module a successful student should

- (a) be able to describe the basic phenomena and theory concerning mechanics, geometrical optics and electricity, and
- (b) have the skills necessary to solve problems, applied to the above topics, as well as collect, analyse, order and critically evaluate information.

### FSK124 (16 credits) - Mechanics, thermodynamics, electricity and magnetism (Department of Physics)

Three one-hour lectures and one tutorial/practical session of three hours per week in the second semester.

One examination paper of two hours.

Logical exposition of fundamental principles and the development of problem solving skills are addressed.

Mechanics: Momentum, collisions, rotation, gravitation, oscillations, waves.

**Thermodynamics**: Temperature, heat, first law of thermodynamics, kinetic theory of gases, entropy, second law of thermodynamics.

**Electricity and magnetism**: Gauss's law, capacitance, magnetic field, Ampere's law, induction and inductance, simple alternating current circuits.

After successful completion of the module a successful student should

- (a) be able to describe the basic phenomena and theory concerning mechanics, thermodynamics, electricity and magnetism, and
- (b) have the skills to solve problems, applied to the above topics, as well as collect, analyse, order and critically evaluate information.

## FSK134 (16 credits) - Mechanics, optics, electricity, biologically and medically relevant topics

#### (Department of Physics)

Three one-hour lectures and one tutorial/practical session of three hours per week in the first semester.

One examination paper of two hours.

Applications of physics in biology and medicine are discussed in this module.

**Mechanics**: Revision of the elementary concepts: displacement, velocity, acceleration, force, work, energy, power. Treatment of the above without calculus.

**Geometrical optics**: The electromagnetic spectrum, plane mirrors, spherical mirrors, image formation, thin lenses, optical instruments.

Electricity: Electrical charge, electrical field, electrical potential, current, resistance, circuits.

**Biologically and medically relevant topics:** Physical principles of apparatus used in biology and medicine, some applications of physics in these fields.

After successful completion of the module a successful student should

- (a) be able to describe the basic phenomena and theory concerning mechanics, geometrical optics and electricity as well as the applications thereof in biology and medical science, and
- (b) have the skills to solve problems, applied to the above topics, as well as collect, analyse, order and critically evaluate information.

## FSK144 (16 credits) - Mechanics, thermodynamics, electricity, magnetism, biologically and medically relevant topics

(Department of Physics)

Three one-hour lectures and one tutorial/practical session of three hours per week in the second semester.

One examination paper of two hours.

Applications of physics in biology and medicine are discussed in this module.

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Mechanics: Momentum, collisions, rotation, gravitation, oscillations, waves.

Thermodynamics: Temperature, heat, first law of thermodynamics, kinetic theory of gases, entropy, second law of thermodynamics.

**Electricity and magnetism**: Gauss's law, capacitance, magnetic field, Amperé's law, induction and inductance, simple alternating current circuits.

**Biologically and medically relevant topics**: Physical principles of apparatus used in biology and medicine, some applications of physics in these fields.

After successful completion of the module a successful student should

- (a) be able to describe the basic phenomena and theory concerning mechanics, thermodynamics, electricity and magnetism, as well as the application thereof in biology and medical science, and
- (b) have the skills to solve problems, applied to the above topics, as well as collect, analyse, order and critically evaluate information.

### FSK214 (16 credits) - Mechanics, waves and optics

(Department of Physics)

Three one-hour lectures per week during the first semester.

One examination paper of three hours.

Much of physics and engineering demands a thorough knowledge of vibrating systems and wave behaviour. After a review of Newtonian dynamics, it is applied to systems experiencing a restoring force, leading to simple harmonic motion. This theory is generalized to the cases of damped and driven oscillators. The wave equation is derived, and standing waves, as well as the reflection and transmission of waves are explained. Polarization, interference and diffraction of light, illustrating its wave nature, are then discussed.

After the successful completion of the module the student should:

- (a) be able to solve dynamics problems for forces that are constant, time dependent, position dependent and velocity dependent, for arbitrary initial conditions;
- (b) be able to explain the concept of a restoring force, be able to apply Hooke's Law and explain briefly its applicability to elasticity theory;
- (c) be able to derive and apply equations describing an undamped vibrating system (simple harmonic oscillator) and describe the associated physical quantities;
- (d) be able to derive and apply equations describing damped harmonic motion (with or without a driving force), and to explain the concept of resonance;
- (e) be able to decompose periodic functions into Fourier series;
- (f) be able to discuss the wave equation, standing waves and the transmission and reflection of waves;
- (g) be able to explain superposition, coherence and Young's experiment, and perform calculations of the interference of light in a Michaelson interferometer and thin films;
- (h) be able to derive and apply an equation for the intensity pattern as light passes through a single slit, be able to apply equations for the diffraction through a circular aperture and through a double slit, explain the Rayleigh criterion for resolving power end derive and apply equations describing the properties of a diffraction grating.

### FSK224 (16 credits) - Electronics

### (Department Physics)

Two one-hour lectures and one practical session of 5 hours per week.

One examination paper of three hours.

**Electronics**: Properties of semiconductors, diodes, rectifier circuits, zener diodes, power supplies, transistors, transistor amplifiers, operational amplifiers, operational amplifiers in feedback circuits, timer circuits, digital circuits and, computers ports.

**Practical work in electronics**: Diodes, power supplies, transistors, operational amplifiers in feedback circuits, timer circuits, digital circuits and computers control. A project and seminar.

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After successful completion of the module the successful student should:

- (a) be able to describe and apply the basic theory regarding semi-conductors, diodes, rectifier circuits, zener diodes, power supplies, transistors, transistor amplifiers, operational amplifiers, operational amplifiers in feedback circuits, timer circuits and digital circuits.
- (b) have the skill to read electronic circuits and be able to know how the circuit operates.
- (c) have the skill to design *smaller* electronic circuit.
- (d) have a limited skill to interface a computer with an electronic circuit.

### FSK232 (8 credits) - Practical work: Physics (Department of Physics)

One practical session of 5 hours per week during the first semester.

Practical work on oscillations, waves and optics: experiments with mechanical oscillations, light interference, and computer simulations of waves and Fourier analysis.

- After the successful completion of the module the student should:
- (a) be familiar with common experimental apparatus and measuring systems (e.g. multi-meter,
- oscilloscope, vernier scale, etc.).
- (b) be confident in working with apparatus.
- (c) be able to write a scientific report.

## FSK242 (8 credits) - Electromagnetism (Department of Physics)

Two one-hour lectures per week during the second semester.

One examination paper of two hours.

The electromagnetic force is one of the four fundamental forces in nature. It dominates the interaction of matter on the atomic scale and governs the behaviour of the full spectrum of electromagnetic waves.

After the successful completion of the module the student should:

- (a) have a working knowledge of vector algebra;
- (b) be able to explain the concepts of and solve problems in electrostatics, direct current circuits, alternating current circuits and magnetostatics;
- (c) be able to calculate induced electric fields and potentials;
- (d) be able to calculate the forces on charges moving in an electric field and currents flowing in a magnetic field;
- (e) be able to explain and apply Maxwell's equations and the concept of electromagnetic waves.

### FSK254 (16 credits) - Ophthalmic Optics/Visual Optics

### (Department of Physics)

Three one-hour lectures per week during the first semester.

One examination paper of three hours

This module covers the basics of lens materials including single vision lenses, prisms, bifocals and vertical imbalance. Optical principles are applied to the study of ophthalmic lenses including spheres, cylinders, prisms, multi-focal lenses and contact lenses. Design parameters for ophthalmic lenses and applications to the correction of vision defects are also discussed. Students are familiarized with the basic optical structure of the eye as well as the cornea and lens as refracting components, the pupil as a limiting aperture and paraxial schematic eye. Other topics in the module will include the following: image formation and refraction, optical effects of ophthalmic lenses, light and the eye, aberrations and retinal image quality.

At the completion of this module, the student should have a basic knowledge of and/or skill in the following areas:

- (a) Physical and optical characteristics of single vision lenses, neutralization and lens effectively Ochange.
- (b) Ophthalmic prisms and prismatic effects of lenses. Resultant of combination of prisms, prism effects in various lens forms, thickness considerations and neutralization.

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- (c) The physical and optical characteristics of multi-focal lenses, including segments, common types and how they work, displacement effects in segments, segment measurements and blank sizes.
- (d) The calculation of and compensation for vertical imbalance problems.
- (e) Describe important optical concepts relative to the eye, cornea, lens and pupil.
- (f) Define the axes of the eye and be familiar with the concept of paraxial schematic eyes.
- (g) Describe image formation on the retina including the effect of refractive errors.
- (h) Describe various magnifications, field-of-view and field-of-vision as applied to ophthalmic lenses.
- (i) Familiar with the electromagnetic spectrum and optical concepts such as absorption, transmittance and scattering.
- (j) Define monochromatic aberrations and apply to schematic eyes.

### FSK262 (8 credits) - Special topics in optics

### (Department of Physics)

Three one-hour lectures per week during the first quarter of the second semester.

One examination paper of two hours.

This module expands the student's field of study towards possible future trends in optometry and vision science, encouraging the critical evaluation of technical information concerning topics like biomedical implants, novel lens systems and frame types and materials. To keep up to date with current issues, intensive use will be made of information available on the Internet and new relevant topics can be added to the syllabus. Students will also be introduced to quality standards by participating in basic optical measurements on commercially available ophthalmic lenses using previously acquired optical knowledge.

At the completion of this module, the student should have a basic knowledge of and/or skill in the following areas:

- (a) Awareness of future trends in optometry and vision science and the ability to evaluate the technical information available on these topics.
- (b) Use of the Internet to retrieve information on current trends in optometry and visual science.
- (c) Familiar with basic optical techniques and instrumentation to perform quality control on commercially available ophthalmic lenses and to evaluate the results in terms of absorption/transparency and polarizability.

### FSK314 (16 credits) - Modern Physics

#### (Department of Physics)

Three one-hour lectures per week during the first semester.

One examination paper of three hours.

**Special relativity**: Galilean and Lorentz transformations, length contraction, time dilation, relativistic Doppler shift and aspects of relativistic mechanics.

**Particle properties of waves**: Black-body radiation, photo-electric effect, Compton effect, gravitational red and blue shift, Mössbauer effect and applications.

Wave properties of particles: Electron diffraction, de Broglie waves, probability waves, Heisenberg's uncertainty principle.

**Introductory quantum physics**: Schrödinger's equation, one dimensional potential well, quantum mechanical tunnelling and its applications, hydrogen atom, orbital angular momentum and electron spin, Zeeman effect and applications.

**Nuclear Physics**: The atomic nucleus, radioactivity, quantum mechanical treatment of alphadecay, nuclear fission and fusion reactions, reaction rate, neutron transport in reactors. After the successful completion of this module, the successful student should have

- (a) a solid and useable background in the basic aspects and theories with respect to special relativity, introductory quantum mechanics and nuclear physics, and
- (b) the necessary skills to solve relevant problems in these disciplines.

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### FSK324 (16 credits) - Solid-state Physics

### (Department of Physics)

Three one-hour lectures per week during the second semester.

One examination paper of three hours.

Structure of solids: Crystallography: crystal planes, crystal lattice, reciprocal lattice, Defects: point defects, dislocations, X-ray diffraction.

Lattice dynamics: Lattice vibrations: Einstein and Debye models, normal modes and density of states, thermal properties, Brillouin zones.

Free electron model: Electrical and thermal conduction, Fermi level, Hall effect.

Periodic Potential: Band theory: nearly free electron and tight binding approach.

After successful completion of the module the student should have thorough knowledge and be able to solve relevant problems on:

- (a) crystal structures and the interatomic forces responsible for these structures
- (b) diffraction by crystals (x-rays, electrons and neutrons)
- (c) lattice vibrations and the effects on thermal, acoustic, and optical properties
- (d) the free-electron model in metals and
- (e) energy bands in solids.

#### FSK332 (8 credits) - Statistical Physics I (Department of Physics)

One one-hour lecture per week during the first semester.

One examination paper of two hours.

Phase space, distribution function, the most probable distribution, Lagrange multipliers, Boltzmann distribution, degeneracy of energy levels, the Maxwell-Boltzmann velocity distribution, the Maxwell-Boltzmann speed and energy distributions, the derivation of the equation of state of an ideal gas using the Maxwell-Boltzmann distribution, paramagnetism. Applications in terms of transport processes like effusion and diffusion, derivation of the hydrodynamic equations of motion of gases and fluids, heat conduction, propagation of sound waves, and viscosity.

After successful completion of the module the successful student should

- (a) have a solid and useable background in the basic aspects of statistical physics and transport theory in the classical limit.
- (b) have the necessary background to solve basic problems in kinetic theory, thermodynamics and fluid dynamics.

### FSK342 (8 credits) - Statistical Physics II

### (Department of Physics)

One one-hour lecture per week. One examination paper of 2 hours.

Quantum statistics, the Fermi-Dirac and Bose-Einstein statistics and distributions, the equation of state of a quantum gas, Fermi temperature, low-temperature properties of a degenerate gas, the degenerate electron gas, valence and conduction bands in semiconductors, degenerate gases in astrophysics: white dwarfs and neutron stars, Blackbody radiation, the photon gas, stimulated emission, Debye specific heat, electron specific heat.

After successful completion of the module the successful student should

- (a) have a solid and useable background in the basic aspects of statistical physics in the quantum limit.
- (b) have the necessary background for the solving of basic problems in this discipline.

## FSK352 (8 credits) - Practical work: Physics (Department of Physics)

One practical session of 5 hours per week during the first semester.

Practical work on phenomena that are explained by modern physics, as well as a few experiments in statistical physics and thermodynamics.

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After the successful completion of the module the student should:

- (a) be familiar with physical apparatus and measuring systems.
- (b) be confident in working with physical apparatus.
- (c) be able to write a scientific report.

## FSK362 (8 credits) - Practical work: Physics (Department of Physics)

One practical session of 5 hours per week during the second semester.

Practical work on phenomena that are explained by solid state theory as well as a few experiments in statistical physics and thermodynamics.

- After the successful completion of the module the student should:
- (a) be familiar with physical apparatus and measuring systems.
- (b) be confident in working with physical apparatus.
- (c) be able to write a scientific report.

## GEN272 (8 credits) - Introductory molecular Genetics (Department of Plant Sciences)

Two lectures per week (First semester)

One examination paper of three hours

DNA as the blueprint of life, the central dogma - from DNA to protein - transcription and translation, DNA replication, DNA mutation and the role thereof, as well as mechanisms to repair mutations, the basis of gene regulation and expression, genome projects and what we have learned from them, PCR, "Real time" PCR, RAPDs, AFLPs, DNA sequencing.

After the successful completion of the module, a student must be able to describe

- (a) the basis of DNA, including the structure and function thereof in the cell, as well as the process of protein synthesis,
- (b) the different methods that are used to study the DNA molecule.

**GEN214 (16 Credits) - Applied Molecular Genetics** (This module may be taken simultaneously with GEN272 or after GEN272 has been successfully completed)

### (Department Plant Sciences)

One period and five hour practical per week (first semester).

One exam paper of three hours

The impact of DNA technology on society. Possibilities for improving life through recombinant gene technology, current commercial developments, restrictions and impact on the environment, human safety, ethical and moral considerations, patent rights, regulations regarding GMOs (genetically modified organisms) and food production, GMO food labeling and biotechnology in Africa. DNA, RNA and protein extractions from different tissues, concentration determination thereof, visualization of nucleic acids using electrophoresis, the theory of RFLPs and DNA digestion, application of PCR, RAPDs and AFLPs, an overview of micro-arrays, biochip and other emerging technologies.

After successful completion of the module the student will:

- (a) have an understanding for the impact and implications of DNA technology,
- (b) be able to perform DNA and RNA extractions,
- (c) be able to perform electrophoresis for nucleic acid visualization
- (d) be able to interpret PCR, RAPD and AFLP products.

## **GEN282 (8 credits) - Inheritance in practice** (This module may only be done simultaneously with GEN224 or after GEN224 has been completed successfully)

### (Department of Plant Sciences)

Five-hour practical per week (Second semester). One practical exam of three hours.

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Breeding experiments on *Drosophila melanogaster*. Tutorials on theoretical solutions of inheritance problems; gene mapping and population genetics. Practical study of mitosis and meiosis in selected organisms; study of polytene chromosomes.

After completing the module successfully, the student should

- (a) be able to determine the inheritance of one or more genes,
- (b) be able to plan and to execute experiments that establish the type of inheritance,
- (c) resolve problems regarding gene mapping,
- (d) resolve problems regarding population genetics,
- (e) be able to prepare, study and interpret mitotic and meiotic preparations.

### **GEN224 (16 credits) - Principles of Genetics**

### (Departement of Plant Sciences)

Three lectures per week (Second semester).

One examination paper of three hours.

Mendelian laws; statistical testing of hypotheses; calculation of probabilities; alleles; epistasis; sexlinked inheritance; cytoplasmic inheritance; polygenic inheritance; mitosis; meiosis; cross over; 3point gene mapping; deletion mapping; use of mono- and nullisomic lines in gene mapping; modern mapping methods (somatic cell hybridization, FISH); introductory population genetics. After completing the module successfully, the student should

- (a) understand the inheritance of one or more genes,
- (b) be able to determine the role of gender in inheritance,
- (c) be able to distinguish between Mendelian and non-Mendelian inheritance,
- (d) be able to determine whether polygenic inheritance occurs,
- (e) know when genes are linked,
- (f) be able to determine the sequence of and distance between linked genes,
- (g) know the newest gene mapping methods,
- (h) be able to determine the distance between a gene and a molecular marker,
- (i) be able to determine whether a population is in equilibrium or not.

### GEN314 (16 credits) - Plant Genetic Engineering (Department of Plant Sciences)

Two lectures and a three-hour practical per week (First semester)

One examination paper of three hours.

The emphasis of this module is on the identification and isolation of genes from multi-cellular organisms. This will be done by using a variety of different molecular cloning techniques. The genetic modification of these organisms through gene transfer will also be discussed, as well as the characterization of gene expression in such transgenic organisms.

After successful completion of the module, the student must be able to explain

(a) how a certain gene can be isolated from a multi-cellular organism,

- (b) how such a gene and its encoded protein can be analyzed,
- (c) how organisms can be genetically modified and how transgenic organisms can be genetically characterized.

### GEN334 (16 credits) - Animal genomics and forensics

### (Department of Plant Sciences)

Two lectures and a three-hour practical per week (First semester).

One exam paper of three hours.

The emphasis of this module is the way STR markers can be used to generate genetic fingerprints and the application of DNA profiling in practice. The population genetics principles relevant to conservation, is also going to be discussed with the focuses on application (and implications) of genetics in biodiversity management as well as the use of bio-banks.

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After completing the module successfully, the student should

- (a) describe the different techniques used for DNA fingerprinting,
- (b) explain how these fingerprints can be applied in various research fields such as conservation, animal breedint, etc.,
- (c) apply STR technology to verify parentage and to identify individuals,
- (d) know the difference between a data base and a data bank in the CODIS system,
- (e) describe the need for forensic laborotaries to be accredited and certified,
- (f) explain the impact of inbreeding in small populations.

## GEN324 (16 credits) - Evolutionary Genetics (Department of Plant Sciences)

Two lectures and a three-hour practical per week (Second semester).

One exam paper of three hours.

The main aim of this study is to study how organisms may differ on chromosomal and DNA level and to determine the influence of these differences on evolution, speciation, genetic variation and phylogeny. Basic concepts of phylogeny and methods to determine phylogenetic relationships are examined.

After completing the module successfully, the student should

- (a) be able to distinguish between different types of chromosomal evolution,
- (b) be able to do genomic analyses,
- (c) be able to determine phylogenetic relationships on the basis of chromosomal evolution,
- (d) be able to determine and to compare genetic variation between and in populations,
- (e) understand the evolution of DNA on molecular level,
- (f) be able to select a proper gene for phylogenetic analysis,
- (g) be able to select an outgroup and to understand the necessity thereof,
- (h) be able to determine phylogenetic relationships and interpret data.

### GEN344 (16 credits) - Human Genetics

(Department of Plant Sciences)

Two lectures and a three-hour practical per week (Second semester).

One exam paper of three hours.

Selected heritable conditions in humans; pedigrees and inheritance; molecular and biochemical markers for heritable traits; predictions; genetic counselling; Adam-and-Eva theories; genetic drift; selection; mutation; migration; inbreeding; gene frequencies in large and small populations; population mean; breeding value; variance; resemblance between relatives; selection response; QTLs; evolution.

After completing the module successfully, the student should

- (a) be able to identify several heritable conditions in humans,
- (b) be able to combine several criteria to determine the heritability of a trait,
- (c) be able to compile pedigrees for usage during genetic predictions and counselling,
- (d) be able to describe what factors may have an influence on gene frequencies,
- (e) be able to explain how these factors may change evolution.

### GEO124 (16 credits) - Introduction to human Geography and cartography (Department of Geography)

Three lectures and one three hour practical a week.

One three-hour examination paper.

Population dynamics, development of rural and urban settlements, urbanisation, agriculture and the provision of food, rural land use, sources of energy, economic geography.

- After completion of the module the successful student should have:
- (a) the ability to describe the basic phenomena and theories concerning population, rural and urban settlements, as well as rural and economic activities;

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- (b) the skills to solve problems and gather and analyse data with regard to the topics mentioned above;
- (c) a thorough knowledge of demographic dynamics and cultural diversity;
- (d) knowledge of the urbanized world, nodes and hierarchies, as well as flows and networks; and
- (e) the ability to interpret maps.

[This module accounts for 16 credits of which 2 are allocated to critical outcomes including: communication, interpersonal and language skills, problem solving and the evaluation and debating of information.]

### GEO214 (16 credits) - Urban development

### (Department of Geography)

Three lectures and one three hour practical a week.

### One three-hour examination paper.

**Components of development:** theoretical framework: development and criteria of measuring, spatial models, characteristics of third world countries, local development.

**Urban components:** human settlements, spatial models, intra urban structure, urbanisation in first and third world context, impact of urbanisation on the physical and social environment, economic activities, residential function, housing and services, transport, social dynamics, institutional framework, problems and challenges of first and third world cities, case studies.

**Spatial analysis:** collection and preparation of data, statistical principles of application in spatial analysis, application programs, interpretation of results, case studies.

- After successful completion of the module the student should have:
- (a) a thorough knowledge of urban processes and economic activities in urban settlements;
- (b) knowledge of residential areas and problems occurring in the city;
- (c) an understanding of the concept "development" and the role of urban areas in this process;
- (d) a thorough understanding of the theoretical paradigms describing the concept of development;
- (e) a thorough knowledge of the implementation of this theoretical development framework in the South African space economy; as well as the knowledge to identify and interpret urban phenomena and problems in practise;
- (f) a thorough knowledge of the interpretation and description of data; and
- (g) the skills to interpret maps.

## GEO224 (16 credits) - Environmental studies (Department of Geography)

Three lectures and one three hour practical a week.

#### One three-hour examination paper.

Environmental problems and causes, history of the use and conservation of resources, ecosystems and how they work, population dynamics, economy and the environment, water sources, pollution: air and water pollution, solid waste.

After successful completion of the module, the student should have a thorough knowledge of the functioning and management of the physical environment.

## GEO234 (16 credits) - Process geomorphology and geomorphologic hazards (Department of Geography)

Three lectures and one two hour practical a week.

One three-hour examination paper.

Fluvial geomorphology. Aeolian geomorphology. Introduction to coastal geomorphology. Slopes and slope processes. Geomorphologic hazards.

After successful completion of the module, the student should have knowledge of the relevant geomorphologic processes and their relation to geomorphologic hazards.

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## GEO314 (16 credits) - Applied urban development and spatial transformation (Department of Geography)

Three periods a week.

One three-hour examination paper.

Geography of apartheid, inequality and post-apartheid, spatial transformation of urban areas, changing urbanisation processes and patterns, spatial re-integration of the former homelands. The following objectives are to be achieved during the module:

- (a) to analyse the geography of apartheid scientifically;
- (b) to interpret the geography of inequality on national, regional and local level;
- (c) to understand the geography of post-apartheid and to be able to apply the concept;
- (d) to critically analyse urbanisation and urban growth as spatial processes, to identify challenges associated with fast growing cities and to propose possible solutions;
- (e) to critically analyse the spatial transformation of urban areas, to identify future challenges and to propose possible solutions in this regard.

## GEO324 (16 credits) - Environmental management and analysis (Department of Geography)

Three lectures and one three hour practical a week.

One three-hour examination paper.

The South African environment and processes and systems in the environment, environmental management plans, integrated environmental management procedures, environmental impact analyses, environmental auditing, evaluation models.

After successful completion of the module, the student should have a thorough knowledge of the functioning and management of the South African environment and of the techniques and procedures applied to environmental management.

### GEO334 (16 credits) - Environmental Geomorphology

### (Department of Geography)

Three lectures and one two hour practical a week.

One three-hour examination paper.

Development of geomorphology as a discipline. Micro-scale geomorphologic processes. Introduction to geomorphology in Quaternary studies. Soils and sediments in geomorphology. Applied geomorphology. Geomorphology for engineers and geomorphology in environmental management. After successful completion of the module, the student should have a knowledge of micro geomorphological processes and their function in the context of Quaternary and applied geomorphology.

### GIS224 (16 credits) - Geographic Information Systems

### (Department of Geography)

Three lectures and one three hour practical a week.

One three-hour examination paper.

Theoretical framework of GIS, computer cartography, data structures and databases, collection and verification of data with spatial analysis and spatial modelling and the presentation of information with the aid of GIS. Elementary surveying. Identification of features and measurement on aerial photographs; image processing.

After successful completion of the module, the student should have a thorough knowledge of the basic principles of Geographic Information Systems and be able to do simple data import, processing, analyses and presentation on a computer. The student will have basic cartographic and surveying skills; be able to identify features and conduct measurements on photographs; be able to use the stereoscope for identification and surveying purposes; and have basic knowledge of satellite images and image processing.

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## GIS324 (16 credits) - Geographic Information Systems (Department of Geography)

Two lectures and one four hour practical a week.

One three-hour examination paper.

Geographical data and the computer, data collection and data acquirement, data verification, quality control, raster data models, vector data models, interpolation, spatial analysis and spatial modelling, errors, the management of a GIS. Application programs, data digitising, topology, data processing, removing of errors, digital image processing as data source, representation of information, report writing.

After successful completion of the module, the student should have a thorough knowledge of advanced principles of Geographic Information Systems and should be able to apply the knowledge to problematic situations. The student should understand the functioning of the relevant software, be able to collect, process and present data and write a report on a project.

#### GKDxyz - Soil Science

See Calendar, Part 4 (Agricultural Sciences)

### GLG124 (16 credits) - General Geology

#### (Department of Geology)

Three lectures and one practical of three hours per week.

One examination paper of three hours.

Crystallography: crystals, twinning, pseudomorphism, polymorphism, isomorphism.

Mineralogy: crystal structure, minerals.

Igneous rocks: volcanism, origin, nature and composition.

Sedimentary rocks: origin, nature and composition.

Metamorphic rocks: origin, nature and composition.

Plate tectonics: processes and products.

Paleontology: fossils, geological timetable.

Stratigraphy: principles, South African stratigraphy, with reference to economic mineral deposits and fossil content.

**Practicals**: Study of crystals, minerals, rocks and fossils.

Students that successfully complete this module should be able to:

- (a) demonstrate and understand the natural geological processes active in, on and under the Earth's crust and
- (b) apply the basic skills and techniques to identify, compile and interpret geological processes and phenomena.

## GLG202 (8 credits) - Geology of Southern Africa: genesis and age relationships (Department of Geology)

One field school presented in either the April or September holiday

Continuous evaluation by means of tasks, reports and tests.

Stratigraphical relationships, occurrences and origin of rocks and ores.

- Students that successfully complete this module should be able to:
- (a) identify and classify rocks and minerals in nature.
- (b) apply theoretical knowledge with sound judgement.
- (c) have the ability to study ore-deposits in southern Africa and to have a thorough knowledge of their occurrence.

## GLG212 (8 credits) - Petrographical mineralogy (Department of Geology)

One practical of five hours per week.

Continuous evaluation by means of tests. Optical mineralogy, minerals in hand sample.

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After the successful completion of the module the student should be:

- (a) familiar with the practical techniques of identification and classification of ore and rock-forming minerals in hand specimens as well as rock-forming minerals under the microscope.
- (b) able to interpret and apply this knowledge while rendering professional geological and mineralogical service.
- (c) equipped for independent post-graduate studies.

## GLG214 (16 credits) - Advanced mineralogy (Department of Geology)

Three lectures per week.

One examination paper of three hours.

Crystallography: space lattices, Bravais lattices, Hermann-Mauguin symbols, crystal projections and twinning in crystals.

Optical crystallography: interference of light, birefringence, indicatrices, observations under the orthoscope and conoscope, chromatic dispersion.

Mineralogy and crystal chemistry: bonds in metals and minerals, mesodesmic, isodesmic, anisodesmic ionic structures, sulphides and sulphosalts.

After the successful completion of the module the student should be:

- (a) have a thorough knowledge of the theoretical principles of crystallography, optical mineralogy and the crystal chemistry of ore and rock-forming minerals.
- (b) be able to interpret and apply this knowledge while rendering professional geological and mineralogical service.
- (c) be equipped for independent post-graduate studies.

## GLG222 (8 credits) - Sedimentological applications (Department of Geology)

One practical of five hours per week

Continuous evaluation by means of tasks and tests

Identification and microscopy of sedimentary rocks, sieve analysis, identification of South African fossils.

After the successful completion of the module the student should:

- (a) be able to identify and classify the rock types of the various South African stratigraphic units.
- (b) have the necessary skills to study the South African sedimentary units and reconstruct their geological history.

## GLG224 (16 credits) - Advanced sedimentology (Department of Geology)

Three lectures per week. One examination paper of three hours.

Introduction to sedimentology, physical characteristics, composition and classification of sedimentary rocks, sedimentary structures and depositional environments, sedimentary facies and basin analysis, stratigraphic definitions, analysis of selected depositional basins in southern Africa, reconstruction of Gondwana.

After the successful completion of the module the student should:

- (a) understand the processes, which operate on the surface of the Earth and will also be able to identify the products of these processes.
- (b) have the necessary skills to interpret all stratigraphic data in a competent manner in order to forecast where minerals and rocks of economic and strategic importance could occur.

## GLG232 (8 credits) - Geological techniques: uses and applications (Department of Geology)

One practical of five hours per week.

Continuous evaluation by means of tasks and tests.

Geohydrological principles: groundwater, structures and dewatering.

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Stratigraphy: depositional basins and rock types.

Structural geology: basic structures and tectonites.

Sedimentology: rock types, principles and techniques.

Igneous geology: rock types and characteristics.

Metamorphic geology: rock types, structures and textures.

Economic geology: rock types and associated ore.

Geological field techniques: geophysical techniques, compass use, plane table mapping, mapping on aerial photographs, core mapping, GPS, collecting, documentation and interpretation of field observations and report writing. Geotechnical properties of rocks.

After the successful completion of the module the student should have:

- (a) a thorough knowledge of which techniques may be employed in field-based geological analyses.
- (b) an understanding of how to apply theoretical knowledge on a practical basis.
- (c) the ability to map areas geologically, measure profiles, make geological observations and write reports.

#### GLG242 (8 credits) - Geological environmental management

### (Department of Geology)

One practical of five hours per week

Continuous evaluation by means of tasks and tests

The identification and handling of environmental problems, pollution of surface and underground water, visits to waste storage and/or reclaimed mining areas.

After the successful completion of the module the student should be:

(a) familiar with the practical techniques in the identification of heavy metal pollution.

(b) able to interpret data with sound judgement and discuss the observations in a report.

## GLG244 (16 credits) - Environmental Geology (Department of Geology)

Three lectures per week.

One examination paper of three hours.

Basic principles of geology, geochemistry and geohydrology, weathering, engineering geological aspects, impact studies, geological risk areas, waste management, earth and human health, legal aspects.

After the successful completion of the module the student should:

(a) know and understand the basic principles related to natural processes.

- (b) be able to describe the influence of these processes on man and his environment and the influence of man on the environment.
- (c) be able to apply theoretical knowledge with sound judgement to identify and manage geological hazards.

## GLG252 (8 credits) - Geological structures and maps (Department of Geology)

One practical of five hours per week.

Continuous evaluation by means of tasks and tests.

Geological structures, maps and stratigraphic sections.

- After the successful completion of the module the student should:
- (a) be able to interpret geological structures and maps.
- (b) know the basic principles and techniques used in the construction of sections.
- (c) be able to apply theoretical knowledge to practical problems with sound judgement.

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### GLG314 (16 credits) - Igneous rocks and magmatic processes (Department of Geology)

Three lectures and one practical of three hours per week.

One examination paper of three hours.

Principles of igneous petrogenesis: magma and the formation of igneous bodies, fractional crystallisation and magmatic differentiation.

Igneous rocks within specific tectonic provinces: layered complexes, granites of different environments, basalt occurrences, alkaline rocks, kimberlite and carbonate associations and massive-type anorthosite.

Practicals: Microscopic description and classification of igneous rocks, chemical classification of igneous rocks.

After the successful completion of the module, the student should be able to:

- (a) give correct names to examples of common igneous rocks.
- (b) describe the properties of igneous rocks from the viewpoints of both macro and microscopic format.
- (c) provide probable origins for specific intrusions and complexes.
- (d) understand the essential characteristics of important South African occurrences such as the Bushveld Igneous Complex,

## GLG324 (16 credits) - Economic and exploration Geology (Department of Geology)

Three lectures and one practical of three hours per week.

One examination paper of three hours.

Processes of ore formation with southern African examples: Orthomagmatic, hydrothermal and metamorphic processes, stratigraphically bound ores, energy sources.

Mineral economics: Mineral legislation, reserves and exploration techniques.

Practicals: the process of Geological Modelling.

After the successful completion of the module the student should have:

- (a) a sound knowledge of ore-forming processes under different conditions and in different environments.
- (b) the ability to evaluate ore deposits and to make educated recommendations regarding the exploitation of the ore-body.

### GLG334 (16 credits) - Advanced structural Geology (Department of Geology)

Two lectures and one practical of three hours per week.

One examination paper of three hours.

Principles of deformation: geometry of stress, mechanical behaviour of crystals and rocks, shearing models, analysis of deformation.

Structures: faults, joints, folds and fabrics.

Practicals: Study of stress, faults, folds and deformation.

- After the successful completion of the module the student should have:
- (a) to know and understand the principles and techniques associated with structural geology.
- (b) to apply this knowledge conceptually and practically for the purpose of a professional geological service.
- (c) to be equipped for independent post-graduate studies.

## GLG344 (16 credits) - Metamorphism, metamorphites and metamorphic complexes (Department of Geology)

Two lectures and one practical of three hours per week.

One examination paper of three hours.

Macro-characteristics of metamorphites, classification, typomorphic minerals, chemographic representation. Processes of metamorphism. Occurrence and mapping techniques. Stratigraphy of selected southern African metamorphic complexes. Module utilises a video self-learning module.

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Practicals: Identification of typomorphic minerals, metamorphic textures, metamorphic rocks.

After the successful completion of the module the student should have:

- a thorough knowledge of what role the process of metamorphism plays in determining rock (a) properties and which properties may be instrumental in unravelling the geological history (ore history) of an area.
- the ability to differentiate between the various metamorphic rocks and be able to apply (b) internationally acceptable names to these rocks.
- the expertise to proceed with the mapping of metamorphic terrains. (c)

### GLG354 (16 credit) - Introduction to Geochemistry

#### (Department of Geology)

Three lectures and one practical of three hours per week.

One examination paper of three hours.

Geochemical classification of elements, geochemistry of the earth, introduction to the element distribution in igneous rocks and geochemical reactions. Metamorphic reactions and the phase rule in metamorphic rocks, Schreinemakers analysis, geothermo- and geobarometry and fugasity of volatile components.

Metamorphic reactions and the phase rule in metamorphic rocks, Schreinemakers' analysis, geothermometry and geobarometry, fugacity of volatile components, fluid inclusions, model systems and isochores.

Practicals: Analytical techniques by means of X-ray diffractometry and electron-microprobe, geochemical calculations.

After successfully completing this module a student should:

- (a) have a thorough knowledge of the distribution of elements in the primary environment.
- have a thorough knowledge of geothermobarometry, fugacity studies and fluid inclusions and (b) be able to interpret these data.
- be capable of calculating reaction boundaries of metamorphic reactions and perform a (c) chemographic analysis of these reactions by means of Schreinemakers' analysis.
- be able to perform mineral identification and indexing from X-ray diffraction data. (d)
- be able to perform chemical analyses of minerals by an electron microprobe and interpret the (e) data.

#### GLG364 (16 credits) - Exploration Geochemistry (Department of Geology)

Three lectures and one practical of three hours per week.

One examination paper of three hours.

The secondary environment as a prospecting medium. Geochemical dispersion, anomalies, weathering and geochemistry as a prospecting aid, volatile components, fluid inclusions, model systems and isochores. Geochemical dispersion, anomalies, weathering and geochemistry as a prospecting aid.

Practicals: Analytical techniques, X-ray fluorescence spectrometry, atomic absorption spectrophotometry, statistical processing, modelling and interpretation of geochemical data.

After the successful completion of the module the student should have:

- (a) a thorough knowledge of factors that influence geochemical dispersion.
- the ability to apply analytical techniques to geochemical exploration problems. (b)
- the understanding to interpret geochemical anomalies. (c)

#### GLG374 (16 credits) - Petrochemical applications (Department of Geology)

Three lectures and one practical of three hours per week.

One examination paper of three hours.

Element distribution in igneous rocks, introduction to isotope geochemistry, chemical behavioural patterns in igneous rocks, isotope relationships and their applications in igneous petrology.

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Practicals: Geochemical calculations, application of phase systems, utilisation of chemical classification systems in igneous rocks.

After successfully completing this module a student should:

(a) be able to interpret and apply geochemical data.

- (b) be able to see and interpret the relationship between petrology and geochemistry of different rock-types.
- (c) be aware of shortcomings that are prevalent in some classification systems and statistical methods.
- (d) be able to interpret chemical data of both stable and radiogenic isotope systems and bring this in context with melt sources.
- (e) to model magmatic systems by means of major, trace, rare earth elements and isotopes.

#### GLG384 (16 credits) - Environmental Geochemistry

### (Department of Geology)

Three lectures and one practical of three hours per week.

One examination paper of three hours.

The distribution of trace elements in rocks and the aquatic environment and the interaction thereof on humans and their environment. Geochemical modelling and the techniques in the prediction and location of pollution as well as the rehabilitation and the conservation of the natural environment. Practicals: Geochemical modelling and interpretation.

After successfully completing this module a student should:

(a) have a thorough knowledge of the formation of acid in soils and water.

- (b) have a thorough knowledge of the effects of mining on the environment and associated contamination especially with respect to acid mine drainage (AMD).
- (c) have a thorough knowledge of the construction and use of Eh-pH diagrams.
- (d) have a thorough knowledge of the occurrence of metals in sediments and the effect of grain size on concentration.
- (e) have a thorough knowledge of determining geochemical background levels, trace metal toxicity and apportioning of the blame for contamination.
- (f) have a thorough knowledge of the rehabilitation of acid soils and lakes with special reference to pit lakes.

# GWS114 (16 credits) - Introduction to general Geoscience

(Department of Geography and Department of Geology)

Three lectures and one three hour practical a week.

One three-hour examination paper.

Universe, solar system, earth, internal structure of the earth, paleomagnetism and age determination, plate tectonics, crystallography, mineralogy, rock types, structural geology, stratigraphical principles, geological map of South Africa and geology of Africa. Climatology, hydrogeography, soilgeography, biogeography, weathering and erosion, geomorphology, environmental geography. Practicals: Crystallographic systems, identification of the most common minerals and rock formations, elementary cartography and the representation and interpretation of data.

Students that successfully complete this module should be able to:

- (a) demonstrate and understand earth processes active in and on the earth and
- (b) apply the basic skills and techniques to compile, interpret and present data.

# HTG214 (16 credits) - Histology (1)

#### (Department of Basic Medical Sciences) Three lectures and three hours practical per week.

One exam paper of two hours and one practical exam of 30 minutes.

Histology is the study of microscopic structure, composition and functions of tissues. Topics in this module include cytology - the cell and its functions; epithelium - different types, functions, different types of glands and mechanisms of secretion; connective tissue - types, presentation, functions,

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cartilage and bone; muscle tissues; blood; nervous tissue; structure of the skin and its functions; microscopic features of blood vessels, lymphatic vessels and lymphoid organs.

#### HTG224 (16 credits) - Histology (2)

### (Department of Basic Medical Sciences)

Three lectures and three hours practical per week.

One exam paper of two hours and one practical exam of 30 minutes.

Histology is the study of microscopic structure, composition and functions of tissues. Topics in this module include the microscopic features of the alimentary tract, respiratory system; the eye; the ear; microscopic features of the genito-urinary and endocrine systems.

#### HTG304 (16 credits) - Histological Techniques(Department of Basic Medical Sciences)

Three hours practical per week. Study assignments / projects.

Continual evaluation.

Light microscope techniques - fixatives, factors influencing fixation, artefacts, methods of fixation. Electron microscopy techniques - types of fixatives, factors influencing fixation, mixtures of fixation solutions. Tissue processing for light and electron microscopy - dehydration, clesring, embedding. Microtomy and staining of tissues for light and electron microscopy. Special techniques - frozen sections, double embedding, auto radiography. Histochemistry. Immunocytochemical techniques. Microscopes - light microscope (lenses and imaging), dark field, phase contrast, fluorescence. Electron microscopy - transmission, scanning, photo microscopy.

# HUM122 (8 credits) - Human Resource Management for Natural and Agricultural Sciences students

Manpower acquirement, Job analysis, Manpower planning, Recruitment, Selection and placement. Manpower development, Training and development, Performance appraisal. Life skills, Writing of CV, Writing of academic essays and references (APA reference system).

# HUM124 (16 credits) - Personnel Psychology

### (Department of Industrial Psychology)

Personnel planning, Planning, Recruitment, Selection, Personnel development, Performance appraisal, Trainig (model), Maintenance of personnel, Compensation, Benefits, Occupational health, Strass, Labour relations, Management ethics.

#### IBM314 (16 credits) - Internet Marketing

#### (Department of Business Management)

Internet, Internet users, Internet business models, Marketing strategy and the Internet, Customer support, E-commerce, Internet marketing plan.

# IQM242 (8 credits) - Industrial Quality Management

### (Department of Microbial, Biochemical and Food Biotechnology

Two lectures per week during the fourth quarter.

One examination paper of two hours.

Quality management plays an important role in all industries. The skill to apply this important concept in practice will equip the student with a sought after skill. This module includes introductory quality management, control charts, implementation of HACCP as well as quality control. Emphasis is placed on application which is highlighted with relevant case studies.

After the successful completion of the module the student should:

(a) be able to construct a quality control program for any kind of industry.

(b) have an overview of quality management systems as applied in industry.

(c) have the skills to apply knowledge obtained in this module in quality accreditation systems.

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#### ISM122 - Industrial Specific Management (Department of Chemistry)

Weekly contact session.

One paper of sixty minutes.

Content

The module content includes a holistic approach to man-made disasters, with the emphasis on chemical disasters. Included are the legal aspects and requirements of the act on health and safety in the workplace, the management of disasters, scope of emergency planning, evaluation of risk, authority and responsibility, communication and information distribution. Aspects such as the danger of different chemical agents, content of an emergency plan, decontamination, design of a laboratory as well as the type of protective clothing and equipment needed in the management of disasters are also included in the module.

**Outcome:** After the successful completion of the module the candidate will be able to critically evaluate a chemical work environment in terms of the legal requirement, identify potential chemical disasters, evaluate and prevent or mitigate the impact with proper planning. The candidate will also be able to manage chemical disasters with the prevention of further contamination and personal damage or injuries.

#### ITR214 (16 credits) - Home planning

### (Department Microbial, Biochemical and Food Biotechnology)

Two lectures and one practical of three hours per week in the first semester.

One examination paper of two hours.

Planning and arranging the home for individual families and communities of different socioeconomic groups as well as special groups (disabled). Design application and evaluating of social, private and work areas are done. To be successful in planning a home the determination of needs, identification of problems and problem solving are essential. Selection of suitable soft furnishings. After the successful completion of this module the student should have:

(a) thorough knowledge about planning a home for different groups of people (e.g. individual families, communities and special groups),

- (b) design application and evaluation of different areas can be done,
- (c) determination of needs, identification of problems and problem solving can be done,
- (d) mastered skills in soft furnishing.

#### ITR322 (8 credits) - Interior design. Fabric study

#### (Department of Microbial, Biochemical and Food Biotechnology)

Two lectures per week in the second semester.

One examination paper of two hours.

Interior design, design style and designers are discussed. Study of material and furniture. Classification, origin, manufacture, properties, uses, care and maintenance. Aspects such as lighting, ventilation, temperature- and noise control are discussed.

After the successful completion of this module the student should have:

- (a) a thorough knowledge of interior design and design style to describe different styles of some designers.
- (b) the ability to be able to classify, tell the origin, manufacture, properties, uses, care and maintenance of material and furniture.
- (c) to do and evaluate rooms, lighting, ventilation, temperature- and noise control.

#### KLE112 (8 credits) - Basic construction

#### (Department Microbial, Biochemical and Food Biotechnology)

One lecture and one practical of four hours per week during the first semester.

One examination paper of two hours.

Pattern alterations. Implementation and evaluation of basic construction techniques. Use of a commercial pattern.

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After the successful completion of this module the student should have:

- (a) a thorough knowledge of pattern alterations,
- (b) the ability to do pattern alterations,
- (c) the ability to use a commercial pattern for the construction of an article.,
- (d) a thorough knowledge of basic construction techniques.

#### KLE132 (8 credits) - Personality and figure types

### (Department Microbial. Biochemical and Food Biotechnology)

Two lectures in the first semester,

One examination paper of two hours.

Fashion evolution, fashion cycles, forecast and information.

Wardrobe planning: implementation of design elements and principles, personality and figure types, personal style and good taste.

After the successful completion of this module the student should have:

- (a) a thorough knowledge of the world of fashion,
- (a) the ability to apply design elements and principles to wardrobe planning,
- (b) the ability to identify different personality and figure types,
- (c) a thorough knowledge of wardrobe planning.

#### KLE122 (8 credits) - Children's clothing and outfit planning (Department Microbial, Biochemical and Food Biotechnology)

One lecture per week and one practical of three hours every week during the first semester.

One examination paper of two hours.

Children's clothing: classification, needs and requirements. Implementation of principles in construction and trimming of children's clothing.

After the successful completion of this module the student should have:

(a) a thorough knowledge of all the aspects applied to children's clothing.

# KLE212 (8 credits) - Socio-cultural aspects of clothing.

(Department Microbial, Biochemical and Food Biotechnology)

Two lectures and per week during the first semester. One examination paper of two hours.

Origin and functions of clothing. Interrelationship between clothing and cultural patterns, national habits and customs. Clothing expectations regarding social role, status and mobility. Fashion as a social phenomenon.

After the successful completion of this module the student should have:

- (a) a thorough knowledge of the functions of clothing and the inter-relationship of clothing and cultural patterns,
- (b) an understanding of clothing expectations in the depicting of social role, status and social mobility,
- (c) insight in the relationship between the environment, clothing and health.

#### KLE312 (8 credits) - Psychological aspects

(Department of Microbial, Biochemical and Food Biotechnology)

Two lectures per week during the first semester.

One examination paper of two hours.

Clothing as a non-verbal communication aid. Clothing and the self-image. Clothing symbolism. Conformity and individuality. Values, attitudes and interests. Theoretical perspectives with reference to clothing.

- After the successful completion of this module the student should have:
- (a) an understanding of clothing as a non-verbal communicator.
- (b) insight in the role of clothing in the self concept, conformity and individuality.

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- (c) understanding of clothing symbolism.
- (d) insight in the depicting of values, attitudes and interests through clothing.
- (e) an overview of the use of theoretical perspectives in the studying of clothing.

#### KLE412 (8 credits) - Tailoring. Special fabrics

#### (Department of Microbial, Biochemical and Food Biotechnology)

One lecture and one practical of five hours per week in the first semester.

### Module 1

Tailoring: principles and guidelines in the using and application of tailoring principles are learnt when planning and constructing an article (jacket or coat).

#### Module 2

Special fabrics: Principles and guidelines for the handling of special fabrics. Application of principles for the handling of special fabrics. Application of principles for the handling of special fabrics when planning and constructing of articles (sleepwear, bra's and panties).

After the successful completion of this module the student should have:

- (a) a thorough knowledge about tailoring techniques and principles.
- (b) mastered the practical techniques required to construct a coat or jacket.
- a thorough knowledge about special fabrics. (c)
- mastered the practical techniques required to construct sleepwear, bra's and panties from (d) special fabrics.

#### KLE424 (16 credits) - Apparel industry

#### (Department Microbial, Biochemical and Food Biotechnology)

Three lectures per week during the second semester.

One examination paper of two hours.

International fashion centres. Design, financing, production and distribution in the apparel industry. Wholesale and retail. Fashion promotion.

After the successful completion of this module the student should have:

- a thorough knowledge of the functioning of the fashion industry in general, (a)
- insight in the different steps applicable to the manufacturing of a fashion article, (b)
- (c) the ability to design a pattern and to apply style variations.

#### KLE444 - Pattern design

(Department Microbial, Biochemical and Food Biotechnology)

One lecture and one practical of five hours per week in the second se-mester.

One examination paper of two hours.

Module 1

Flat pattern design: principles and guidelines. Computer based pattern design. Module 2

Draping: principles and guidelines: Application of draping principles and guidelines in the planning and construction of an article.

After the successful completion of this module the student should have:

a thorough knowledge of the principles and guidelines applicable to draping,

the ability to apply the draping principles and guidelines in draping an article and constructing it, the ability to design a pattern and to apply style variations.

# MBG216 (16 credits) - Human Molecular and Cell Biology (1)

(Department of Haematology and Cell Biology) Three lectures and three hours practical per week. Study assignments and directed learning. One exam paper of three hours.

Composition and physical characteristics of the human genome at macro level. Evolutionary molecular biology. Organisation of genes and gene families. Molecular immunology.

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#### MBG226 (16 credits) - Human Molecular and Cell Biology (2) (Department of Haematology and Cell Biology)

Three lectures and three hours practical per week. Study assignments and directed learning.

One exam paper of three hours. Development and differentiation. The molecular base of genetic diseases. Ontogenes, tumour suppressor genes and cancer. Introduction to gene therapy.

# MCB214 (16 credits) - Introduction to Microbiology for health sciences (Department of Microbial, Biochemical and Food Biotechnology)

(Department of Microbial, Biochemical and Food Biotechnology) Three lessons and one three-hour practical per week in the first semester

One examination paper of three hours

The introductory module to microbiology gives basic overview on the historical development of microbiology, including the classification, cell structure, and characteristics of higher protistans (algae, protozoa, fungi) and lower protistans (bacteria, cyanobacteria, rickettsia and viruses). Microbial symbiotic relationships that occur in lichens, mycorrhizae, nitrogen fixation and in the rumen are discussed in more detail. The module also deals with basic virology which includes structure, properties and replication of bacteriophages, animal viruses and plant viruses. The growth and survival of microorganisms, factors affecting cell growth and death, and microbial growth control through antimicrobial agents, sterilization and disinfection are discussed. Principles of immunology (immunization and types of immunity) are also handled in this module.

After completion of the module, the student the student is expected to have:

- (a) basic knowledge of the development of microbiology
- (b) basic knowledge of different groups of microorganisms and their symbiotic relationships
- (c) an overview on viruses
- (d) hands-on experience to work asceptically and to differentiate between basic microorganisms
- (e) enough background to understand microbial cell growth and death
- (f) the necessary insight on how to control and eliminate microbial growth
- (g) basic knowledge on immunity

# MCB224 (16 credits) - Pathogenic microorganisms

(Department of Microbial, Biochemical and Food Biotechnology)

Three lessons and one three-hour practical per week in the second semester One examination paper of three hours

Host parasite relationships and non-specific host defence mechanisms are handled. The basic concepts of epidemiology and an introduction to the major groups of pathogenic microorganisms will be discussed, as well as the occurence and spread of pathogens such as bacteria, fungi, protozoa and viruses. The different mechanisms of disease transmission including air-transmission, contact transmission, and food- and water-borne transmissions will also be discussed. This module also handles the methods used to control pathogens inside and outside the body. Different physical (temperature, radiation, and filtration) and chemical, (disinfectants and antiseptics) control measures for application outside the body are discussed. The module also covers the control of pathogens inside the body with the aid of immunization and treatment with antibiotics.

After completion of the module the student shall:

- (a) have knowledge of how microorganisms interact with the human body
- (b) know how diseases are transmitted and spread
- (c) be familiar with important diseases that affect humans
- (d) have knowledge on how to fight microorganisms outside the body
- (e) understand the principles of immunization and potential problems that can be encountered with immunization
- (f) understand the principles of antibiotic treatments and antibiotic resistance

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#### MKB214 (16 credits) - Introduction to Microbiology

### (Department of Microbial, Biochemical and Food Biotechnology)

Three lectures per week during the first semester.

One examination paper of three hours.

Microbiology plays an important role in our everyday life. Some microorganisms cause disease while others are beneficial. This module covers the history of microbiology, evolutionary patterns, classification as well as factors influencing microbial growth and death. Mechanisms used by microorganisms for growth, reproduction and exchange of genetic information will be introduced. Basic concepts of human-microbial interactions and immunology are included as well as viral and prokaryotic diversity. Positive and negative influences that microorganisms have on the daily life of humans world wide will be discussed.

After successful completion of this module the student should have knowledge of:

- (a) the development of microbiology and why this subject is important,
- (b) the evolutionary development of microbes and their associations with higher organisms such as plants and animals,
- (c) the classification of algae, protozoans, bacteria, viruses and fungi and how they influence us,
- (d) the influence of the environment on microbes,
- (e) the cultivation and control of microorganisms,
- (f) the replication and flow of genetic information,
- (g) the control of the expression of genetic information by prokaryotes,
- (h) how prokaryotes transfer genetic information,
- (i) the interaction between humans and pathogenic microbes,
- (j) how the human body fights infection caused by pathogenic microorganisms,
- (k) the difference between viruses and other microorganisms,
- (I) the replication of viruses in hosts,
- (m) how viruses cause disease in humans,
- (n) the classification of prokaryotes based on phylogeny, morphology and physiology,
- (o) how prokaryotes influence humans.

# MKB222 (8 credits) - Microbial diversity and Ecology (practical)

(Department of Microbial, Biochemical and Food Biotechnology)

Five hour practical per week during the second semester.

Continual evaluation.

To fully understand the diversity of viruses and prokaryotes in the different hosts and environments, the student must gain an understanding of the techniques used to isolates and identify viruses such as bacteriophages and animal viruses. The student should also understand the techniques used to identify viruses. The identification of bacteria is a fundamental skill that a microbiologist should have. The majority of this module will be dedicated to educating the student in the methods, which are used to identify bacteria. The student will also be expected to isolate specific microorganisms from selected environments and to identify them through the use of selective and non-selective media.

After successful completion of this module, the student should have an understanding of the following:

- (a) the methods which are used to isolate and identify viruses.
- (b) the culturing of bacteria in pure culture and the storage of cultures.
- (c) The use of different techniques for the identification of bacteria from Gram staining to the use of commercial kits.
- (d) The isolation and identification of specific microbes from selected environments through the use of selective and non-selective media.

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#### MKB224 (16 credits) - Microbial diversity and Ecology (Department of Microbial, Biochemical and Food Biotechnology)

#### Three lectures per week during the second semester

One exam paper of three hours

There is a tremendous diversity of microorganisms on earth, which play important roles in the environment and can either be harmful or useful to man. The main objective of this module is to introduce the student to the diversity of viruses and prokaryotes, which occur in a wide verity of environments. The overall characteristics of viruses and how they replicate will be covered as well as the techniques used to study viruses. Viruses of prokaryotes (bacteriophages) and of fungi, plants and animals will be covered. The difference between classification, identification and nomenclature of bacteria will be discussed. Different methods and approaches to identify bacteria will be investigated. The phenotypic classification scheme as well as the molecular phylogenic scheme will be covered. The basic rules with respect to the naming of bacteria will be discussed. To fully understand the diversity of microorganisms in diverse environments, the basic principles of microbial ecology, which includes understanding the biotic and abiotic factors which make up an environment will be covered. The different methods which are used to study microbes in the environment will be covered. Nutrient cycles in the environment is important as well as the interaction between the microbes and different substrates in the environment. Specific environments, such as extreme environments, marine and freshwater environments and soil will be covered. The specific use of microbes in the environment during bioremediation, water purification and bioleaching will be covered.

After successful completion of this module the student should have a thought understanding of:

- (a) viruses from different hosts, what they look like and how they replicate.
- (b) the techniques which are used to isolate and identify viruses.
- (c) the difference between classification, identification and nomenclature of prokaryotes.
- (d) the principles of microbial ecology and understand the different techniques used to study microbes in the environment.
- (e) the role which microbes play in the environment through circulation of nutrient and interactions with each other.

### MKB252 (8 credits) - Introduction to Microbiology (practical)

(Department of Microbial, Biochemical and Food Biotechnology)

One five hour practical per week in the first semester.

Continuous evaluation.

Knowledge of the basic methodology of isolating, handling and investigating the properties of microorganisms is crucial to microbiologists as well as workers in related disciplines that may require these skills. In this module, students learn to prepare and sterilize microbiological media and to isolate and culture microorganisms on or in these media. They also investigate both stained and living preparations of various microorganisms microscopically. Aspects of the metabolism of microorganisms are investigated. The effects of environmental conditions as well as inhibitors (including antibiotics) on microorganisms are demonstrated.

- After the successful completion of the module the student should be able to:
- (b) perform basic microbiological techniques.
- (b) isolate microorganisms and investigate their basic properties.
- (c) accurately carry out experiments according to instructions and collect and report data.
- (d) interpret data collected in the light of existing knowledge on the level of introductory microbiology.
- e) work together as member of a team.

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#### MKB314 (16 credits) - Microbial growth, nutrition and death (Department of Microbial, Biochemical & Food Biotechnology)

Two lectures and a three-hour practical per week during the first semester.

One examination paper of three hours.

A microbiologist should be conversant with the quantitative enumeration techniques for microorganisms and be able to describe microbial growth and death in terms of the applicable kinetic parameters. These skills are often required in microbiological research and in the operation of industrial bioprocesses. This module deals with the principles of and methods for the quantitative determination of microbial concentration, growth and death and the fundamental kinetics that is involved. The principles of microbial nutrition and the effects of various physical and chemical antimicrobial agents are also covered. The practical section of the module deals with the various enumeration methods, the construction of microbial growth and survival curves and the calculation of kinetic parameters. Bacterial isolations on selective and differential media are also done. Students will also individually complete a computer-assisted learning module on bacterial growth. After successful completion of this module the student should:

- (a) have a sound knowledge of the techniques used for microbial enumeration, together with the ability to choose the most appropriate method.
- (b) comprehend the fundamental microbial growth and death kinetics and the underlying principles, with the ability of calculating growth and death rates as well as sterilisation times.
- (c) have a knowledge of antimicrobial agents, their mechanisms of action and their applications.
- (d) have a knowledge of the nutrients required for microbial growth, together with the ability to formulate microbial culture media.
- (e) be capable in the use of selective and differential media for microbial isolations and counts.
- (f) be experienced in the use of various techniques, including microscopy, for the quantitative determination of microorganisms.
- (g) be proficient in the construction of growth and survival curves from experimental data and in the use of graphical and mathematical techniques for the calculation of kinetic parameters.
- (h) have the ability to design experiments related to microbial growth and death and analyse the results.

#### MKB324 (16 credits) - Microbial Physiology

(Department of Microbial, Biochemical and Food Biotechnology)

Two lectures and three hours practical per week during the second semester.

One examination paper of three hours.

The study of physiology is defined as the study of the normal activities of an organism. Since important biotechnological processes are based on the activities of microbes, knowledge about microbial physiology forms the basis for the understanding and improvement of many biotechnological processes. This module covers the ultrastructure of microorganisms and structure-function relationships, basic metabolism, the breakdown of naturally occurring compounds by microorganisms and fermentative metabolism. Metabolic diversity among microorganisms, respiration in the absence of oxygen (anaerobic respiration), microbial life dependent upon inorganic energy (chemolithotrophy), microbial life dependent upon light energy (photosynthesis), mechanisms by which microorganisms (membrane transport) are covered.

After the successful completion of the module the student should:

- (a) be able to describe all major aspects of the basic chemoheterotrophic metabolism of microorganisms.
- (b) be able to analyse problems relating to microbial metabolism.
- (c) be able to describe how substrates other than simple sugars are utilized by micro-organisms.
- (d) understand the reasons why fermentation occurs in microorganisms and describe examples of fermentative metabolism.

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- (e) be able to describe all major aspects of microbial metabolic diversity.
- (f) be able to critically compare different classes of microbial metabolism.
- (g) be able to describe the assimilation of elements by microorganisms and its relationship to catabolism.
- (h) be able to describe how molecules cross microbial membranes and to compare different mechanisms of transport.
- (i) be able to think critically about problems involving microbial metabolism and to apply knowledge to problem solving.

### MKB334 (16 credits) - Microbial eukaryotic diversity and ecology

(Department of Microbial, Biochemical and Food Biotechnology) Two lectures and a three hour practical per week during the first semester.

One examination paper of three hours.

Fungi represent an important part of microbial ecology; therefore their role, survival, interactions with other microorganisms and adaptation to the environment are of great value. During this module, an intensive study will focus on the morphology and growth of specialized moulds. The multiplication and life cycles will also be incorporated. The ecology and general value of moulds, their taxonomical status and contribution towards food products like cheese, beer and fermented products will also be studied. In this module yeasts are also covered. These micro-organisms are important from a biotechnological point of view since they are used in the production of beer, wine, bread and other products. In this module the main phenotypic characteristics of these fungi are investigated as well as application in yeast systematics. Morphological and physiological characteristics will be evaluated as rapid identification procedures in comparison to molecular methods such as RFLP analysis and others. Bioprospecting studies based on yeast systematics and ecology will be undertaken in order to select yeasts from nature which can produce valuable products. After succesful completion of this module, the student should have:

- (a) an in-depth knowledge of the survival and adaptation of fungi,
- (b) the necessary background about the ecology and value of molds,
- (c) a good understanding of the taxonomy of molds,
- (d) a thorough knowledge of yeast systematics,
- (e) in depth knowledge of current classification procedures and industrial applications,
- (f) skills to select certain yeasts of interest from nature.

#### MKB344 (16 credits) - Pathogens and immunity

### (Department of Microbial, Biochemical and Food Biotechnology)

Two lectures and a three hour practical per week during the second semester

One exam paper of three hours.

One of the main problems associated with microorganisms is that they cause diseases in all living systems. This module will concentrate on animal diseases. The interaction between the pathogen and the host will be investigated as well as the requirements which a microorganism must adhere to in order to become pathogenic. The difference between the normal microbiota and pathogens will be discussed. Aspects of non-specific host defense mechanisms as well as other control methods, through the use of antibiotics and vaccines will be covered as well as a basic understanding of the immune system and methods of vaccine production. An introduction to epidemiology, as well as the methods used for the laboratory-based diagnosis of disease causing agents will be presented. This will include the isolation and identification of viruses and bacteria as well as the detection of antibodies. In the last part of this module, selected important diseases of man, poultry, avian species, fish and insects will be covered as well as the role that microbiologists can play in the control of these diseases through different diagnostic approaches as well as the development of treatments. Aspects related to the protection against biological weapons will also be covered.

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After successful completion of this module the student should have:

- (a) a thorough understanding of why certain microorganisms become pathogenic while other do not.
- (b) a thorough understanding of the pathogen-host interaction.
- (c) a thorough understanding of how the host protects itself against attack by microorganisms through specific and non-specific host defenses.
- (d) a thorough understanding of how pathogens spread in a community an the principles of epidemiology.
- (e) A thorough understanding of the techniques used for the diagnosis of diseases in the different hosts through the isolation and identification of the causative agent, or the detection of antibodies by serological techniques.
- (f) a understanding of some of the more important diseases which are caused by microbial pathogens in various hosts.
- (g) be capable of carrying out various isolation and identification methods from bacterial isolation to PCR.
- (h) be capable of detecting antibodies against specific pathogens in serum samples as well as determining the levels of antibodies in these samples.

#### MKM314 (16 credits) - Medical Microbiology I

(Department of Medical Microbiology and Virology)

Three lectures and three hours practical per week.

One exam paper of three hours.

Medical microbiology involves the study of the etiological agents responsible for human disease. This module deals with the characteristics, epidemiology, associated disease, laboratory diagnosis, treatment, prevention and control of the following: Gram-negative bacteria, Gram-positive bacteria, Mycobacteria, anaerobes, atypical bacteria, fungi and yeasts.

#### MKM334 (16 credits) - Medical Microbiology II

(Department of Medical Microbiology and Virology)

Three lectures and three hours practical per week.

One exam paper of three hours.

This module deals with the most important pathogenic viruses and parasites, their characteristics, epidemiology, associated diseases, laboratory diagnosis, treatment, prevention and control. Other topics include the epidemiology of disease outbreaks, immunology and vaccines.

#### MKM324 (16 credits) - Mechanisms of pathogenicity

(Department of Medical Microbiology and Virology)

Three lectures and three hours practical per week.

One exam paper of three hours.

This module deals with the mechanisms by which microbes cause diseases including microbial attachment and invasion, microbial toxins and evasion of host responses.

#### MKM344 (16 credits) - Antimicrobial agents.

(Department of Medical Microbiology and Virology)

Three lectures and three hours practical per week.

One exam paper of three hours.

This module deals with the characteristics, uses and mechanisms of action of antimicrobial agents. In addition the development of resistance to antimicrobial agents and methods for the laboratory investigation of drug susceptibility profiles will be discussed.

#### OBS134, OBS144, OBS244, OBS122, OBS234, OBS314, OBS324

For syllabi see Calendar Faculty of Economic and Management Sciences.

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# PLK212 (8 credits) - Practical plant morphology and propagation (practical) (Department of Plant Sciences)

Five hour practical per week throughout the semester.

Evaluation by work assignments, class tests and an end assessment.

Plant propagation: Alleviation of seed dormancy, vegetative reproduction by means of specialized plant organs, artificial plant propagation (cuttings, grafting, layering), plant tissue culture techniques (micro propagation, embryo cultures, multiplication of transformed plants).

External morphology of plants: Roots, stems and leaves; modifications of plant organs as ecological adaptations; structure of inflorescences and flowers, pollination, fertilization; development, structure and distribution of fruits and seeds.

Introduction to microscopy: Preparation of material for investigations with light (LM), scanning electron (SEM) and transmission electron microscope (TEM). Techniques for study of plant surfaces (LM and SEM). Techniques for study of pollen. Photography with a microscope.

After successful completion of the module the student should have:

- (a) a basic knowledge of seed dormancy and the manipulation thereof.
- (b) a basic knowledge of vegetative reproduction by plants.
- (c) an understanding of the techniques used to artificially reproduce plants.
- (d) a comprehensive knowledge of the morphology of plant organs as well as the ecological adaptations of plants.
- (e) knowledge of the basic techniques of plant microtechnique and micromorphology.

# PLK214 (16 credits) - Plant anatomy and introductory Biotechnology (Department of Plant Sciences)

Three lectures per week throughout the semester.

One examination paper of three hours.

Plant anatomy: Study of cell wall, ergastic substances (starch grains, crystals etc.), ovule and embryo sac, fertilization and development of embryo, tissues (parenchyma, collenchyma, sclerenchyma, epidermis, periderm, xylem, phloem), secretory structures and organs (root, stem and leaf).

Alternative cultivation of plants: plant nutrient cycles, uptake and importance of plant nutrients, "organic" and hydroponic cultivation of plants.

Secondary products in plants: Economic and medicinal importance.

After the successful completion of the module the student should:

- (a) have a basic knowledge of plant nutrient requirements.
- (b) have a basic knowledge of how plants can be cultivated "organically" and hydroponically.
- (c) have a basic knowledge of the economic and medicinal value of plants.
- (d) have a basic knowledge of the structure, function and relationship of tissue types as well as the structure of organs.
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PLK262 (8 credits) - Experimental plant physiology (practical) (Department of Plant Sciences)

(May only be taken as a practical module for PLK224).

Five hours practical per week throughout the semester (practical is usually introduced by an applicable lecture).

Evaluation by means of reports, assignments, class tests and an end assessment.

Experiments will deal with water relations, transport mechanisms, plant nutrition and analysis, plant growth and development, especially the role of plant hormones which includes tissue cultures.

After completion of the module the student should have gained, in addition to basic laboratory skills, skills in experimental plant physiology regarding to plant-water relations (e.g. water potential determinations), plant analyses, plant growth regulators and tissue cultures. These skills are important for the student to eventually independently perform experiments.

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# PLK224 (16 credits) - Plant growth and developmental physiology (Department of Plant Sciences)

(Associated practical module is PLK262).

Three lectures per week throughout the semester.

One examination paper of three hours.

Water balance (absorption, transpiration, transport), mineral nutrition (essential elements, absorption, ion traffic) and transport of metabolites (phloem transport). Growth regulators, plant movements, photomorphogenesis, biological clock, photoperiodism and the effect of temperature on growth and development.

After successful completion of the module the student should have a thorough knowledge of:

- (a) plant-water relations.
- (b) plant nutrition.
- (c) absorption and transport mechanisms in plants.
- (d) the effect of environmental conditions (e.g. light, temperature, day length) and internal factors (e.g. growth regulators, biological clock) on the growth and development of plants which contribute to a better understanding of the functioning of plants.

This knowledge is important and of practical value in the plant-related industries such as agriculture, horticulture, nurseries, forestry, nature reservation, seed and fertilizer companies etc. as well as teaching and research professions.

# PLK314 (16 credits) - Taxonomy and ecology of vascular plants (including a field excursion) (Department of Plant Sciences)

Two lectures and a three hour practical per week throughout the semester.

One examination paper of three hours.

The taxonomic part of this module will deal with the following: origin of the flowering plants, phylogeny, geographical distribution of the flowering plant families, economical importance of the flowering plants, sources of taxonomic information, plant taxonomic principles, plant nomenclature, preparation of herbarium specimens, use of the herbarium and methods of plant identification.

The ecological part will deal with: quantitative analyses, classification and ecological interpretation techniques based on structure and species composition, biomonitoring techniques of land ecosystems, as well as rehabilitation of disturbed areas.

During the field excursion the student will be exposed to the plant biodiversity of South Africa. Identification of species and plant survey techniques will be explained and the different environmental factors influencing vegetation will be pointed out.

After successful completion of the module the student should:

- (a) have knowledge of the important South African flowering plant families and their economical importance.
- (b) have a basic knowledge of nomenclature, identification and phylogenetic classification of plants.
- (c) be able to collect, process and name herbarium specimens and use the herbarium.
- (d) know and be able to apply techniques to analyze and classify vegetation.
- (e) be able to interpret and describe the classified data.
- (f) have general knowledge of the vegetation of southern Africa.

### PLK324 (16 credits) - Plant metabolism

#### (Department of Plant Sciences)

Two lectures and a three hour practical per week throughout the semester.

One examination paper of three hours.

Plant respiration: cytosolic and mitochondrial reactions, measurement of plant respiration, fermentation, regulation of plant glycolysis with special reference to key enzymes, the physiological role of the alternative oxidation pathway in plants, role of Q-cycle in energy production, manipulation of plant respiration and the oxidative pentose phosphate pathway (OPP pathway).

Photosynthesis: the chloroplast and associated pigments, photochemical and non-photochemical reactions of photosynthesis, photophosphorylation (cyclic & non-cyclic), C<sub>3</sub>-reduction cycle,

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photorespiration,  $C_4$ - and CAM-photosynthesis. The methodology in determining photosynthetic rate through fluorescent techniques.

Nitrogen metabolism: Fixation, assimilation, transamination, conversion in developmental processes and the respiratory nitrogen cycle.

After the successful completion of the module the student should:

- (a) have a thorough knowledge of respiratory metabolism in plants and how it can be manipulated in food production.
- (b) be able to apply techniques to determine and manipulate the respiration rate in plants.
- (c) have a thorough knowledge of the light dependent and light independent reactions of photosynthesis, cyclic and non-cyclic photophosphorylation, role of the Q-cycle in energy production, photorespiration, C4 and CSM plants.
- (d) be able to apply fluorescent techniques to determine photosynthesis and primary production in plants.
- (e) have a basic knowledge of nitrogen metabolism in plants.

# PLK334 (16 credits) - Environmental change and ecology (Department of Plant Sciences)

Two lectures and a three hour practical per week throughout semester.

One examination paper of three hours.

Limnology, including water as environment for living organisms, types of freshwater bodies, its availability, physical qualities, chemical qualities, plant nutrients, biological diversity, productivity and pollution.

African biogeography and environmental factors determining structure and composition of vegetation, e.g., energy, biogeochemical cycles, succession of plants, other interactions between species and populations, fire, and climate (including El Niño phenomena).

Fossils and origins of biome, ecosystems and communities including  $C_3$  and  $C_4$  plants, long-term environmental change, and methods of studying it.

Current environmental change, including global atmospheric circulation models, influence of people and modern industry on the atmosphere, greenhouse effect, global warming, ozone loss/build-up, desertification, deforestation, etc.

After successful completion of the module a student should have knowledge of the different factors controlling life in aquatic and terrestrial ecosystems, the origins of ecosystems and current changes that influence or threaten their existence.

# PLK344 (16 credits) - Plant defence and biotechnology

(Department of Plant Sciences)

Two lectures and a three hour practical per week throughout the semester.

One examination paper of three hours.

The defence mechanisms of plants against biotic (pathogens and insects) and abiotic (drought, heat, cold, ozone etc.) stress factors on physiological-biochemical level: Constitutive and induced defence, structural and biochemical defence, hypersensitive reaction, systemic acquired resistance, signal mechanisms and manipulation of resistance. Biotechnological application of plants: e.g. to perform chemical reactions and to produce special products of industrial and pharmaceutical importance.

Principles, applications and economical potential of algal biotechnology, design of bioreactors, candidate species for algal biotechnology, and practical experience in algal growth and production. After successful completion of the module the student should:

(a) know the natural defence mechanisms in plants which result in resistance.

(b) understand the functioning of bioreactors and the mass cultivation of algal and plant biomass.

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- (c) have a good insight in the potential and scope of the production and various products from plants and algae.
- (d) have gained practical experience in the cultivation of algae.

This knowledge is important for the manipulation of resistance and is of practical value to control stress factors. In addition, fresh insights obtained can be helpful in the alternative economic uses of plants and algae.

#### PSYxyz - Psychology

For syllabi see Calendar of the Faculty of Humanities.

# RIS114 (16 credits) - Introduction to computers for scientific environments (Department of Computer Science and Informatics)

Three lectures and a three-hour practical per week in the first semester.

One examination paper of three hours.

A student should be well acquainted with basic algorithms and their professional implementation in an object-oriented, visual, high-level programming environment in order to use a computer for problem solving. This module deals with the origins and development of the computer, the basic working of a modern computer, computerised problem solving as well as an introduction to algorithms and objects. Control structures, object-oriented program design using a high-level programming language and subsequent simple input and output are also covered.

After the successful completion of the module the student should:

- (a) have a thorough knowledge of the development and the basic working of a computer,
- (b) have a thorough knowledge of basic problem solving and control structures,
- (c) be able to solve problems in an object-oriented, visual, high-level programming environment.

[Two of the 16 credits are allocated to critical (generic) out-comes with respect to computer skills, problem solving, numerical skills, and written reasoning in this module.]

# RIS134 (16 credits) - Introduction to computers for business environments (Department of Computer Science and Informatics)

Three lectures and one three-hour practical per week in the first semester.

One examination paper of three hours.

The module deals with aspects that include the origins and development of the computer, the basic working of a modern computer, computerised problem solving and an introduction of algorithms and objects, control structures, object-oriented program design using a high-level programming language, and simple input and output.

After the successful completion of the module the student should:

(a) be able to do basic problem solving in an object oriented, visual, high-level programming environment.

[Two of the 16 credits are allocated to critical (generic) out-comes with respect to computer skills, problem solving, numerical skills, and written reasoning in this module.]

### RIS121 (4 credits) - Advanced computer usage

#### (Department of Computer Science and Informatics)

One lecture per week and one three-hour practical per week during the second semester.

This module is evaluated by continuous assessment, and no special examinations are granted.

After the successful completion of the module the student should:

- (a) have knowledge of advanced aspects of a general word processing program, like tables and communication by way of spreadsheets, and must be able to apply it,
- (b) have knowledge of advanced aspects of spreadsheets, such as graphs and macros, and must be able to apply it.
- (c) have knowledge of the basic commands of a presentation program and must be able to apply it.
- (d) have knowledge of the basic commands of a database program and must be able to apply it.

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#### RIS124 (16 credits) - Advanced programming

### (Department of Computer Science and Informatics)

Three lectures and one three-hour practical per week in the second semester.

One three hour examination paper.

Programming is the basis of all computer applications. It is therefore necessary for the computing professional to be thoroughly grounded in the newest programming techniques.

- After successful completion of this module, the student will be able to:
- (a) solve programming problems using a modern, object oriented, high-level programming environment.
- (b) program professionally, to design programs and debug them.
- (c) to design objects and define classes.
- (d) to implement functions with parameters.
- (e) to use overloaded functions and operators.
- (f) to utilise dynamic memory allocation.
- (g) to implement simple interfaces, with prompts, sentinels and error conditions.
- (h) to handle simple windows and files.

Two 2 of the 16 credits are allocated to critical (generic) outcomes with respect to computer skills, problem solving, numerical skills and written reasoning.]

#### RIS144 (16 credits) - Introduction to information systems (Department of Computer Science and Informatics)

Three lectures and one three-hour practical per week in the second semester.

One examination paper of three hours.

This module deals with information systems and business-oriented programming, file design, functions and parameter passing, debugging techniques, user communication and report writing, data manipulation, indexing and sorting.

After the successful completion of the module the student should have:

- (a) a thorough knowledge of functions and parameter transfer, debugging techniques, arrays, and file handling,
- (b) a thorough knowledge of information systems and user communication,
- (c) a thorough knowledge of business programming and the practical implementation thereof.
- [Two of the 16 credits are allocated to critical (generic) out-comes with respect to computer skills, problem solving, numerical skills and written reasoning in this module.]

#### RIS216 (24 credits) - Data structures

### (Department of Computer Science and Informatics)

Three lectures and one three-hour practical per week in the first semester.

One examination paper of three hours.

Advanced programming requires an understanding of data structures and the professional implementation thereof.

- After the successful completion of the module the student should:
- (a) be able to discuss and implement classes, objects, inheritance and polymorphism;
- (b) discuss what data structures are and how to use them;
- (c) be familiar with recursion and its use;
- (d) be able to implement and use lists, stacks and queues;
- (e) be able to implement and use binary trees;
- (f) understand how to design and modify data structures to solve a problem.

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# RIS222 (8 credits) - Introduction to the Internet and Web Page Development (Department of Computer Science and Informatics)

One lecture per week and one 1-hour practical per week in the second semester. One examination paper of two hours.

The development of good web pages requires that the programmer has knowledge of various web aspects and technologies. This includes the working of the Internet, networks and data communication, graphical interfaces, Internet protocols and web page design.

- After successful completion of this module the student should be able to:
- (a) demonstrate knowledge of the evolution of the Internet and the Web,
- (b) conduct Internet searches,
- (c) demonstrate knowledge of the different types of networks and how communication takes place within/between these networks.
- (d) recall the working of internet protocols, and
- (e) apply client-side scripting and style sheets to develop a complete web site.

#### RIS224 (16 credits) - User interfaces

(Department of Computer Science and Informatics)

Two lectures and one two-hour practical per week in the second semester.

One examination paper of three hours.

If the potential computer user is not accommodated throughout the design process of a computer system, the system will not be used and money and energy will be wasted. This module provides the user with an introduction to Human-Computer Interaction (HCI). Aspects that are covered include usability, human factors, models of interaction, data collection, the design of user interfaces, visual interfaces and the evaluation of interfaces.

After the successful completion of the module the student should:

- (a) have a thorough knowledge of the principles of Human-Computer Interaction,
- (b) explain the role of the computer user in the design of computer systems,
- (c) be able to design a user-friendly visual interface by applying all the factors that determine a user-friendly interface,
- (d) be able to evaluate a user interface while considering all the role-players.

# RIS236 (24 credits) - Implementation of object-oriented information solutions (Department of Computer Science and Informatics)

Three lectures and one three-hour practical per week in the first semester.

One examination paper of three hours.

The module deals with the solving of problems by introducing the advanced concepts of programming. The focus is on solving typical business problems by means of integrated databases.

- After the successful completion of the module the student should be able to:
- (a) have a thorough knowledge of some of the advanced features of the rapid application development (RAD) environment and know how to use them to develop a working program,
- (b) design an object hierarchy that models a typical business environment,
- (c) connect to an advanced database environment,
- (d) create and manage reusable elements to enhance programming productivity,
- (e) make use of Windows' built-in code elements.
- (f) create help files to accompany applications.

### RIS244 (16 credits) - Supporting management information systems

#### (Department of Computer Science and Informatics)

Two lectures and one three-hour practical per week in the second semester.

One examination paper of two hours.

This module deals with system acquisition / development life cycle, the management of information technology within an organisation, strategic planning of information technology, as well as the role of information technology within the business processes, including electronic business processes.

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After successful completion of this module the student should:

- (a) know the system acquisition / development life cycle,
- (b) know how information technology is managed in an organisation,
- (c) know how strategic planning takes place for information technology,
- (d) explain the role of information technology within all types of business processes.

# RIS254 (16 credits) - Supporting information system concepts (Department of Computer Science and Informatics)

Two lectures and one three-hour practical per week in the first semester.

One examination paper of two hours.

This module deals with basic information system concepts, an introduction to business systems, an introduction to computer software and network concepts, an introduction to the classification of computer software, as well as an introduction to databases and database concepts. After successful completion of this module the student should:

- (a) know the basic information system concepts,
- (b) know which types of business systems are available,
- (c) be able to identify and classify computer hardware, networks and software,
- (d) know and understand the concepts of databases.

# RIS314 (16 credits) - Introduction to databases and database management systems (Department of Computer Science and Informatics)

Two lectures and one three-hour practical per week in the first semester.

One examination paper of three hours.

This module deals with database concepts, design and implementation concepts, transaction management and concurrency control, distributed database management systems, and object-oriented databases.

After successful completion of the module the student should:

- (a) be knowledgeable about the fundamental principles of databases,
- (b) be able to design and implement a database
- (c) be proficient with database programming.

#### RIS324 (16 credits) - Software engineering

#### (Department of Computer Science and Informatics)

Two lectures and one three-hour practical per week in the second semester.

One examination paper of 3 hours.

This module provides the student with an introduction to Software engineering. Aspects covered are requirement definition, program design, programming practice, programming languages, tests and debugging, documentation, maintenance, and aids.

After the successful completion of the module the student should:

- (a) have a thorough knowledge and understanding of the principles of Software engineering,
- (b) have a thorough theoretical knowledge of aspects of Software engineering in order to apply it,
- (c) have knowledge of the management of a project and be able to apply it,
- (d) be able to successfully participate as a member of a team.

### RIS334 (16 credits) - Internet Programming

### (Department of Computer Science and Informatics)

Two lectures and one three-hour practical per week in the first semester.

One examination paper of three hours.

The development of interactive database driven web applications requires from the programmer thorough knowledge of server-side Internet programming.

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After the successful completion of the module the student should:

- (a) explain the working of a web server;
- (b) become familiar with the different types of server-side web programming languages;
- (c) understand how a high-level web programming language works;
- (d) be able to develop a dynamic database driven website using a high-level web programming language.

### RIS344 (16 credits) - Computer networks

(Department of Computer Science and Informatics)

Two lectures and one three-hour practical session per week in the second semester.

One examination paper of three hours.

This module provides the student with an overview of network concepts. Aspects that are covered are network architecture, low-level network technologies, coupling techniques, Internet work concepts, end-tot-end protocols, stacking and resource allocation, security, and network applications. After successful completion of this module the student should:

- (a) be familiar with the fundamental principles of computer networks.
- (b) be able to distinguish among networks in general use.
- (c) be able to set up simple networks.
- (d) be able to identify errors on networks.

# RIS364 (16 credits) - Data warehousing and data mining (Department of Computer Science and Informatics)

Two lectures and one three-hour practical per week in the second semester.

One examination paper of three hours.

The development of a data warehouse requires thorough knowledge from planning through to implementing the warehouse, as well as the mining of the information in the warehouse.

After successful completion of this module the student should:

- (a) be familiar with the principles of data warehouses;
- (b) be able to specify the requirements for a warehouse;
- (c) be able to design a warehouse;
- (d) be able to load a warehouse with data;
- (e) be able to represent the information in the warehouse in a meaningful manner.

#### SDH112 (8 credits) - Didactics of Home Economics (Department of Microbial, Biochemical and Food Biotechnology)

One lecture and a practicum of three hours per week.

One examination paper of two hours.

The methodology of home economics concerns the studying of learning programmes, teaching methods, the use of visual aids and the organizing of the laboratory.

After the successful completion of this module the student should have:

- (a) a thorough knowledge of the learning programmes, teaching methods, visual aids and assessing of the subject.
- (b) an overview of the subject contents of the school handbooks.
- (c) the ability to motivate the students.
- (d) the ability to organize a laboratory.

# SDH122 (8 credits) - Didactics of Home Economics

# (Department of Microbial, Biochemical and Food Biotechnology)

One lecture and one practicum of three hours.

One examination paper of two hours.

The contents of this module: Departmental prescriptions, assessing and projects.

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After the successful completion of this module the student should be able to:

- (a) understand the departmental prescriptions.
- (b) do assessing.
- (c) explain the projects and give the necessary guidance to the students to complete it successfully.

#### SDH132 (8 credits) - Didactics of Home Economics (Department of Microbial, Biochemical and Food Biotechnology)

One lecture and one practicum of three hours per week.

One examination paper of two hours.

This module contains: Educational methods and visual aids, compiling of work themes, administration of a laboratory and judging.

Teaching methods and aids.

After the successful completion of this module the student should be able to:

- (a) have a thorough knowledge of educational methods.
- (b) use different kinds of visual aids successfully.
- (c) have the ability to compile work schemes.
- (d) organize the administration of the laboratory.
- (e) a thorough knowledge to judge articles and products.

### SDH142 (8 credits) - Didactics of Home Economics

## (Department of Microbial, Biochemical and Food Biotechnology)

One lecture and one practicum of three hours per week.

One examination paper of two hours.

The contents of this module: The professional position of the teacher, educational methods and visual aids, learning problems and discipline.

- After the successful completion of this module the student should be able to:
- (a) have a thorough knowledge of the position of the professional teacher.
- (b) to identify different educational methods.
- (c) use different kinds of visual aids.
- (d) analyse learning problems and give the necessary guidance to the student.
- (e) discipline the students.

#### SILxyz - Psychology

For syllabi see Calendar of the Faculty of Human Sciences.

# STK114 (16 credits) - Introduction to Statistics (I) (Department of Mathematical Statistics)

Three lectures and one three-hour practical and four hours of self-study per week during the first semester.

One three-hour examination paper.

Elementary calculations, elementary interest calculations. Index numbers, time series. Introduction to Statistics and collection of data.

After successfully completed the model the student must be able to:

- (a) do the basic mathematical operations, calculate the different types of interests and annuities, calculate and interpret index numbers, interpret time series graphically and analyse the data to predict future values, understand what statistics are, collect data by means of different techniques and design a questionnaire to collect data, and
- (b) have the skills to do mathematical calculations, distinguish between different types of data, collect data, make decisions regarding the methods used to collect data, be familiar with the different steps in the research process.

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# STK124 (16 credits) - Introduction to Statistics (II) (Department of Mathematical Statistics)

Three lectures and one three-hour practical per week and four hours of self-study per week during the second semester.

One three-hour examination paper.

The organising, graphical presentation and description of data. Elementary principles of probability. Confidence intervals, hypothesis testing, correlation, regression, contingency tables, and analysis of variance.

After successfully completed the model the student must be able to:

- (a) organise data, graphically present data and apply statistical techniques to make interpretations, calculate probabilities for different distributions, determine confidence intervals and do hypothesis tests, determine the relationship between variables, interpret the relationship and present it graphically, and
- (b) have the skills to solve problems, follow the steps of the research process, make decisions regarding the statistical methods to be applied, analyse data and make logical conclusions from the results.

### STK216 (24 credits) - Multiple Regression Analysis

#### (Department of Mathematical Statistics)

Three lectures, one three-hour practical and four hours self-study per week during the first semester.

One three-hour examination paper.

Simple linear regression and correlation, matrix notation and matrix calculations Multiple regression, multiple coefficient of determination, nested models, and stepwise regression. PRESS and Mallows'  $C_p$ -statistic, model building with quantitative and qualitative independent variables.

- After successfully completed the module the learner will be able to:
- (a) understand and apply the basic principles of linear regression,
- (b) formulate and solve multiple linear regression problems with matrix algebra,
- (c) use and interpret computer printouts from statistical analysis packages,
- (d) do model selection by means of stepwise regression, the  $C_p$ -statistic and the PRESS statistic, and
- (e) build first-order and second-order models with different numbers of quantitative independent variables, build models with different numbers of qualitative independent variables and build models with both quantitative and qualitative independent variables.

# STK226 (24 credits) - Multiple Regression: Variance- and Time Series Analysis (Department of Mathematical Statistics)

Three lectures, one three-hour practical and four hours of self-study per week during the second semester.

One three-hour examination paper.

Tests for influential observations and outliers. Multicollinearity, data transformations, residual analysis, time series analysis and forecasting. Autoregression models, two-factor factorial experiments and more complex factorial designs.

- After successfully completed the module the learner will be able to:
- (a) identify and recognise potential problems that might be encountered when constructing a model,
- (b) test for influential observations and outliers,
- (c) use residuals to detect departures from the model assumptions,
- (d) fit time series models to time series data and to forecast with time series autoregressive models,

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- (e) compare mutual treatment averages using multiple comparison procedures, and
- (f) analyse data collected from designed experiments and to understand the relationship of the analysis of variance to regression analysis.

# STK316 (24 credits) - Special Probability distributions and Mathematical expectation (Department of Mathematical Statistics)

Three lectures, three hours practical and four hours of self-study per week during the first semester. One three-hour examination paper.

Introduction to probability, probability distributions and probability densities. Mathematical expectation and special probability distributions.

After successfully completed the module the learner will be able to:

- (a) be familiar with discrete random variables, probability distributions, continuous random variables, probability density functions, multivariate-, marginal- and conditional distributions, and
- (b) determine the expected values and moments of a random variable, to understand the concept of moment-generating functions, product moments, moments of linear combinations of random variables, conditional expectations and also understand the most prominent occurrence probability distributions and their parameters in statistical theory.

# STK326 (24 credits) - Special Probability densities, functions of random variables and Estimation theory.

#### (Department of Mathematical Statistics)

Three lectures, three hours practical and four hours of self-study per week during the second semester.

One three-hour examination paper.

Probability densities, functions of random variables, sampling distributions and estimation theory.

After successfully completed the module the learner will be able to:

- (a) be familiar with some probability densities that figure most prominently in statistical theory, the techniques used in functions of random variables, and
- (b) to understand sampling theory,  $\chi^2$  -, *t* and *F* distributions and to understand and apply estimation theory and estimation methods.

# TSK324 (16 credits) - Textile fibres. Textile fabric construction and finishes (Department of Microbial, Biochemical and Food Biotechnology)

Three lectures and one practical of two hours per week during the second semester.

One examination paper of two hours.

The properties of textile fibres and fabrics determine their suitability towards a specific product. Textile fibres are classified according to their source of origin or manufacture. The macro- and microstructure, physical and chemical properties and construction and finishing influence the uses and maintenance of different textile fabrics.

After the successful completion of this module the student should be capable:

- (a) to identify the the textile fibre.
- (b) evaluate the possible uses of the textile fibre according to the properties.
- (c) to prescribe the care and maintenance for the specific textile product.
- (d) to explain the textile fibre performance in terms of the structure and the physical and chemical properties.

#### TSK422 (8 credis) - Weaving. Surface enrichment of fabrics (Department Microbial, Biochemical and Food Biotechnology)

One lecture and one practical of three hours per week in the second semester.

Weaving, knitting and crocheting. Surface enrichment of fabrics.

After successful completion of this module the student should:

(a) be able to weave on a loom,

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- (b) understand and demonstrate the principals of weaving,
- (c) identify and apply different types of embroidery stitches,
- (d) have a basic knowledge of knitting and crocheting.

#### VBW124 (16 credits) - Ergonomics. Apparatus studies

#### (Department Microbial, Biochemical and Food Biotechnology)

Three lectures and one practical of three hours per week during the second semester. One examination paper of two hours.

Ergonomics: Work, worker and work place are studied. Productivity.

Study of apparatus which include the selection, use and maintenance of household apparatus. After the successful completion of this module the student should have:

- a thorough knowledge of ergonomics which include the worker, work and workplace, (a)
- (b) a thorough knowledge of productivity. What it is and how it could be improved.
- a thorough knowledge of household apparatus concerning selection, use and maintenance, (c)
- (d) practical experience about the use of household apparatus,
- the practical knowledge to use apparatus and workstations in an ergonomical way, (e)
- the ability to be a more productive worker. (f)

#### VBW142 (8 credits) - Design elements and principles

(Microbial, Biochemical and Food Biotechnology) Two lectures per week during the second semester.

One examination paper of two hours. Design: basic principles and guidelines.

Design elements: line, form, shape, space, texture and colour.

Design principles: proportions, scale, balance, rhythm, emphasis, harmony and character.

After the successful completion of this module the student should have:

(a) a thorough knowledge of design, design elements and principles.

(b) the skill to apply design elements and principles in a design successfully.

#### VBW312 (8 credits) - Resource management

(Department Microbial, Biochemical and Food Biotechnology)

Two lectures per week in the first semester.

One examination paper of two hours.

Management and decision-making processes in the family as well as the using of resources available to the family are of importance. Different forms of management and decision-making are discussed. The handling of the family's finances are discussed with special attention to aspects as the use of credit, personal financial management, protection planning, retirement planning and health planning.

After the successful completion of this module the student should have:

- (a) a thorough knowledge of the different management and decision-making process,
- (b) a thorough knowledge about how to manage the family's finances.

#### VBW324 (16 credits) - Consumer study

(Department Microbial, Biochemical and Food Biotechnology)

Three lectures per week in the second semester.

One examination paper of two hours.

A study is made of the diversity in the market and how the market is segmented. The motivation and behaviour of the consumer are investigated as well s the perception and learning processes. After the successful completion of this module the student should:

have a thorough knowledge about the diversity in the market and how the market can be (a) segmented,

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- (b) have a basic knowledge about the consumers behaviour and how to motivate them,
- (c) be aware of the perceptions of the consumer, attitude formation and how to change this attitude,
- (d) recognise the influence of social class, culture, sub-culture and cross-culture on the consumer and should know how to manage it.

### VBW414 (16 credits ) - Community development

(Department Microbial, Biochemical and Food Biotechnology)

Two lectures and one practical of four hours in the first semester.

One examination paper of two hours.

Module 1

The communication process. Method of presentation. Teaching aids. Evaluation.

- Students that successfully complete this module will be able to:
- (a) demonstrate and understand the communication process,
- (b) apply different presentation methods,
- (c) compile and apply teaching aids,
- (d) evaluate and distinguish between different articles and products

#### Module 2

Community development with regard to individuals, families and groups. Program and project planning.

- After the successful completion of this module the student should have:
- (a) a thorough knowledge of the factors which must be taken into account in community development and program planning,
- (b) the ability to develop and implement a successful project,
- (c) the ability to evaluate a project after it has been completed (and make the necessary adjustments if necessary).

#### VBW432 (8 credits) - Professional ethics: Consumer Science (Department Microbial, Biochemical and Food Biotechnology)

Two lectures per week during the first semester.

One examination paper of two hours.

Consumer Science in the community. The professional consumer scientist and professional etiquette. Marketing of Consumer Science. The professional association. Career opportunities. The curriculum vitae and work interview. Meeting procedures. Seminar.

After the successful completion of this module the student should have:

- (a) an overview of the development of Consumer Science as a subject,
- (b) a thorough knowledge of Consumer Science as a career,
- (c) knowledge of professionalism and etiquette,
- (d) knowledge of compiling a curriculum vitae, applying for a job and the job interview.

#### VBW434 (16 credits) - Consumer science

## (Department Microbial, Biochemical and Food Biotechnology)

Two lecturer per week during the first semester.

One examination paper of two hours.

The application of gained knowledge in the business (interior, food, clothing).

After the successful completion of this module the student should have:

- (a) a thorough knowledge of the factors that will influence the planning and setting of a studio,
- (b) the ability to analyse and solve design problems,
- (c) a thorough knowledge to make a success of the financial planning,
- (d) the insight to realise that professional growth is of utmost importance.

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#### VBW424 (16 credits) - Research methodology

### (Department Microbial, Biochemical and Food Biotechnology)

One lecture and practical of three hours per week during the second semester.

One examination paper of two hours.

The selection and conduct of a research project should be responsible and well planned. Consumer Science students should be aware of the principles of research and the different kinds of research that can be done in Consumer Science.

After the successful completion of this module the student should be able to:

- (a) select a research topic,
- (b) write a research proposal,
- (c) compile relevant literature,
- (d) conduct a research project,
- (e) write a research report.

#### VWSxyz - Food Science

For syllabi see Calendar Part 4: Agricultural Sciences.

#### WDK224 - Grassland Science

For syllabi see Calendar Part 4: Agricultural Sciences.

#### WKS114 (16 credits) - Introductory Statistics (Department of Mathematical Statistics)

Three lectures, one three-hour practical and four hours of self-study per week during the first semester.

One three-hour examination paper.

Descriptive Statistics, introduction to probability, and probability distributions. Hypotheses testing.

After successfully completed the module the learner will be able to:

- (a) understand and apply the basic principles of statistics, make estimations by means of confidence intervals and testing of hypotheses, and
- (b) have the skills to solve problems, make decisions regarding the methods to be applied, analyse data and make logical conclusions from the results.

# WKS124 (16 credits) - Introductory Probability theory (Department of Mathematical Statistics)

Three lectures, one three-hour practical and four hours of self-study per week during the second semester.

One three-hour examination paper.

Stochastic variables, distribution theory, joint-, marginal- and conditional distributions. Expected values.

After successfully completed the module the learner will be able to:

- (a) be familiar with continuous random variables, conditional distributions and functions of random variables with joint distributions, determine the expected value, variance, covariance and correlation of random variables, and
- (b) have the skills to logically approach problems, formulate problems analytically, quantify available information, interpret and make conclusions.

# WKS216 (24 credits) - Sample distribution theory and Introductory inference (Department of Mathematical Statistics)

Three lectures, one three-hour practical and four hours of self-study per week during the first semester.

One three-hour paper.

Limit theorems,  $\chi^2$ -, t- and F- distributions. Sampling theory. Estimation of parameters.

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After successfully completed the module the learner will be able to:

- (a) use the central limit theorem and construct distributions from the normal distribution, and
- (b) estimate parameters from various other distributions.

#### WKS226 (24 credits) - Inference (I)

### (Department of Mathematical Statistics)

Three lectures, one three-hour practical and four hours of self-study per week during the second semester.

One three-hour paper.

Interval estimation. Hypotheses testing. Decision theory. Bayes inference.

- After successfully completed the module the learner will be able to:
- (a) test hypotheses,
- (b) perform fitting tests and pairwise tests, and
- (c) analyze categorical data, and understand decision theory and Bayes inference.

### WKS314 (16 credits) - Inference (II)

### (Department of Mathematical Statistics)

Two lectures, one three-hour practical and five hours of self-study per week during the first semester.

One three-hour paper.

Theory of hypothesis testing. Derivation of tests and the properties of tests. Approximate tests. Tests for categorical data. Contingency tables. Theory of confidence intervals. Properties of good confidence intervals. Pivotal quantities and the derivation of confidence intervals. Approximate confidence intervals.

After successfully completed the module the learner should have:

- (a) a thorough knowledge of the properties of the standard distributions in statistics,
- (b) an understanding of the basic principles of classical hypothesis testing,
- (c) the ability to derive tests for the parameters of most standard distributions, and
- (d) the ability to apply statistical tests and confidence intervals in practice and to interpret the results.

### WKS324 (16 credits) - Multivariate Analysis

#### (Department of Mathematical Statistics)

Two lectures, one three-hour practical and five hours of self-study per week during the second semester.

One three-hour paper.

General principles of matrix theory. Matrix differentiation. Multivariate normal distribution. Wishart distribution. Estimation of parameters. Hypotheses testing about mean vectors. mean vectors. Multivariate correlation and regression theory.

- After successfully completed the module the learner should have:
- (a) an understanding of the use of matrix theory in statistics,
- (b) the ability to derive and apply multivariate tests,
- (c) the ability to analyze multivariable data, and interpret the results, and
- (d) the ability to calculate and test multiple regression and correlation.

## WKS334 (16 credits) - Multiple Regression

#### (Department of Mathematical Statistics)

Two lectures, one three-hour practical and five hours of self-study per week during the first semester.

One three-hour paper.

Review of simple regression, multiple regression and matrix algebra, analysis of variance and quadratic development. Theoretical aspects of multiple regression and model building. Variable selection, polynomial regression, influential observations, outliers and residual analysis.

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After successfully completed the module the learner should have:

- (a) a thorough knowledge of the application of matrix algebra and theoretical aspects of multiple regression,
- (b) a thorough understanding of least squares theory most commonly used statistical procedure for estimating the parameters of a regression model,
- (c) the ability to formulate multiple regression problems and to solve them using matrix algebra, and
- (d) thorough knowledge of computer packages and printouts and the ability to interpret the results.

# WKS344 (16 credits) - Bayesian Analysis and Credibility Theory (Department of Mathematical Statistics)

Two lectures, one three-hour practical and five hours of self-study per week during the second semester.

One three-hour paper.

The Bayesian paradigm, an overview of Bayesian analysis in simple and multiple regression, Bayesian priors, the derivation of posterior distributions and predictive densities. In multiple regression, Monte Carlo simulations and Gibbs sampling, the credibility problem. Derivation of the posterior distribution of the Bühlman-Straub model. Generalised linear models (GLM) and time series models. After successfully completed the module the learner should have:

- (a) thorough knowledge of Bayesian regression theory and its application to real problems,
- (b) thorough understanding of prior, posterior and predictive densities in the case of the linear model,
- (c) the ability to use the Bayesian approach to derive theoretically the credibility premiums formulae for the standards models,
- (d) the ability to explain the fundamental concepts of a generalised linear model (GLM) and to describe how a GLM may apply, and
- (e) the ability to define and apply the main concepts underlying the analysis of time series models.

#### WTW114 (16 credits) - Calculus

#### (Department of Mathematics and Applied Mathematics)

Four lectures and three hours practical per week in the first semester.

One three-hour paper.

**Contents:** The real numbers. Functions. Limits and continuity. Differentiation: theory, techniques and applications. The Mean Value theorem. Sketching curves. Inverse functions. Transcendental functions. Integration: theory, techniques and applications.

**Outcome:** Successful students will be able to demonstrate their skill with calculus, using mathematically logical arguments, by solving problems and by application of the theory.

Note: Students intending to study WTW114 are advised to take grade 12 Mathematics at Higher Grade.

#### WTW124 (16 credits) - Algebra and differential equations (Department of Mathematics and Applied Mathematics)

Four lectures and three hours practical per week in the second semester.

One three-hour paper.

**Contents:** The binomial theorem. Complex numbers. Introductory linear algebra: Systems of linear equations, matrices, determinants, vectors in R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup>, lines and planes, Conic sections. Multivariable functions. Partial derivatives. Elementary differential equations.

**Outcome:** Successful students will be able to describe the introductory theory of linear algebra, complex numbers, conic sections and differential equations, and will be able to solve problems.

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#### WTW134 (16 credits) - Calculus

#### (Department of Mathematics and Applied Mathematics)

Three lectures and three hours practical per week in the first semester.

One two-hour paper.

**Contents:** Functions, graphs, limits, continuity and the derivative. Polynomial, trigonometric, exponential and logarithmic functions. Differentiation. Critical points and local maxima and minima. Introduction to modelling. The definite integral. Integration techniques.

**Note:** It is strongly recommended that a student who plans to study WTW 134 should at least have obtained a C-symbol in grade 12 standard grade Mathematics.

**Outcome**: Successful students will be able to demonstrate their skill with basic calculus by solving problems and by application of the theory.

Note: WTW134 is not equivalent to WTW114. Students who passed WTW134 must pass a special departmental examination in WTW114 in order to gain admission to certain second year mathematics modules (See Annexure C)

#### WTW144 (16 credits) - Calculus and linear algebra

(Department of Mathematics and Applied Mathematics)

Three lectures and three hours practical per week in the second semester.

One two-hour paper.

**Contents:** Further integration, elementary differential equations, systems of linear equations, matrices, complex numbers.

**Outcome:** Successful students will be competent with integration and with the solution of systems of linear equations.

#### WTW142 (8 credits) - Introductory calculus and statics (Department of Mathematics and Applied Mathematics)

Two lectures and one hour practical per week during the second semester.

One two-hour paper.

**Contents:** Calculus: polynomial, trigonometric, exponential and logarithmic functions, curve sketching, the function concept, an outline of differentiation and integration.

Statics: forces and moments, stress and strain, shear force and bending moment, trusses.

**Outcome:** Students master basic differentiation, integration and strength of materials, and can use calculus to solve construction problems.

Note: This module is meant for Architecture, Quantity Surveying and Construction Management students.

#### WTW154 (16 credits) - Basic Mathematics

Three lectures and three hours practical per week in the first semester. One two-hour paper.

**Contents:** Development of skills with arithmetic and mathematical calculations. Real numbers, algebraic expressions. Algebraic and graphical solution of equations. Logarithms and exponents. The use of a pocket calculator. Basic geometry and elementary trigonometry, the calculation of areas and volumes. Simple and compound interest. Grouping of data and descriptive statistics. **Outcome:** Students have developed basic skills with algebraic manipulations and with mathematical techniques.

#### WTW164 (16 credits) - Precalculus

Three lectures and three hours practical per week in the second semester.

One two-hour paper.

**Contents:** Algebra overview. Functions and graphs. Algebraic, linear, quadratic and polynomial functions. Trigonometric functions and trigonometry. Exponential and logarithmic functions.

**Outcome:** Students are familiar with the elementary functions and their graphs and have a good basis for a calculus module.

Note: This module gives access to WTW114.

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#### WTW214 (16 credits) - Vector analysis

(Department of Mathematics and Applied Mathematics)

Two lectures and two hours practical per week in the first semester.

One three-hour paper.

**Contents**: Vector functions: limits, derivatives and integrals. Curves: parameterization, tangent vectors, arc length. Multivariable functions: quadratic surfaces, partial derivatives, limits, continuity, differentiability, gradients and directional derivatives, the Mean Value theorem, the chain rule for partial derivatives, tangent planes. Multiple and line integrals: Theory and applications.

**Outcome**: Students understand the theory and applications of more advanced calculus, including vector calculus, multivariable functions, line integrals and surface integrals.

#### WTW224 (16 credits) - Linear algebra

(Department of Mathematics and Applied Mathematics)

Two lectures and two hours practical in the second semester.

One three-hour paper.

**Contents:** Real vector spaces: basis, dimension, subspace. Linear mappings: kernel, image, representation of a linear mapping as a matrix, inverse. Inner product and orthogonality: orthogonal bases, rank, bilinear mappings, quadratic forms. Determinants. Eigenvalues and eigen-vectors: characteristic polynomial of a linear mapping, symmetric matrices, diagonalisation. The Cayley-Hamilton theorem.

**Outcome**: Students understand the theory of linear algebra, i.e., they understand the algebra of abstract vector spaces which includes linear mappings, inner products, orthogonality, quadratic forms, symmetric matrices and diagonalisation.

# WTW236 (24 credits) - Mathematical modelling

(Department of Mathematics and Applied Mathematics)

Three lectures and two hours practical per week in the first semester. One three-hour paper.

**Contents:** Principles of modelling. Discrete, continuous and optimisation models. Dimensional

analysis. Interpolation and other numerical techniques. Physical, chemical, biological and financial models. Modelling assignment.

**Outcome**: Students have a basic understanding of the methodology of mathematical modelling, as well as of the relevant mathematical background related to it, such as the use of difference equations and differential equations, proportionality, dimensionality, curve fitting techniques and elementary optimisation techniques. Students are also conversant with a number of case studies.

#### WTW244 (16 credits) - Ordinary differential equations

(Department of Mathematics and Applied Mathematics)

Two lectures and three hours practical per week in the second semester.

One three-hour paper.

**Contents**: Non-linear first order differential equations: substitution techniques, exact equations, integration factors. Non-homogeneous second order differential equations with constant coefficients. Series methods. Systems of linear first order differential equations. Elementary eigenvalue problems. Introduction to orthogonal functions and Fourier series. Applications in Physics, Chemistry, Biology and Medical Science such as mixtures, mechanical vibrations, electronic circuits and resonance problems.

**Outcome**: Students can solve various non-linear first order differential equations, linear second order differential equations with constant coefficients, as well as some with non-constant coefficients. Students are skilled in certain basic applications of ordinary differential equations.

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#### WTW252 (8 credits) - Computer mathematics

(Department of Mathematics and Applied Mathematics)

Two lectures and two hours practical per week in the first semester.

This module is evaluated continuously.

Contents: Programming with Matlab. Scientific computing. Introductory numerical techniques.

**Outcome**: Students can implement mathematical formulas, computations and algorithms on a computer and use it to solve problems numerically.

#### WTW262 (8 credits) - Sequences and series

#### (Department of Mathematics and Applied Mathematics)

One lecture and two hours practical per week in the second semester.

One two-hour paper.

**Contents**: Sequences of real numbers: convergence, limits, boundedness, indeterminate forms, L'Hospital's rule. Improper integrals. Infinite series: tests for convergence, absolute and conditional convergence. Taylor series. Power series: intervals of convergence.

**Outcome**: Students understand the basic theory of sequences and series of real numbers. They can apply the theory by determining the power series expansion and intervals of convergence of functions.

### WTW282 (8 credits) - Linear algebra algorithms

(Department of Mathematics and Applied Mathematics)

One lecture and two hours practical per week in the second semester.

One two-hour paper.

**Contents:** LU-, QR- and SVD-decomposition. Linear tranformations, rotations, projections, reflections. Least squares fit. Applications.

**Outcome**: Students know the basic algorithms of linear algebra can use the algorithms to solve practical problems.

#### WTW314 (16 credits) - Complex analysis

(Department of Mathematics and Applied Mathematics)

Two lectures and two hours practical per week in the first semester.

One three-hour paper.

**Contents**: The complex numbers. Functions of a complex variable. Limits, continuity and differentiability. The Cauchy-Riemann equations. Power series. Analytic functions. Cauchy's theorem. Residue theory and applications.

**Outcome**: Students understand the basic theory of complex functions (which includes residue theory and applications).

# WTW324 (16 credits) - Real analysis

(Department of Mathematics and Applied Mathematics)

Two lectures and two hours practical per week in the second semester.

One three-hour paper.

Contents: Axiomatic construction of the real numbers. Sequences of real numbers. The

Weierstrass-Bolzano theorem. Limits and continuity. The intermediate value theorem. The Riemann integral.

**Outcome**: Students understand the basic theory of the field of real numbers. Continuity, differentiability and Riemann integrability of real functions form part of this module.

#### WTW334 (16 credits) - Discrete Mathematics

#### (Department of Mathematics and Applied Mathematics)

Two lectures and two hours practical per week in the first semester.

One two-hour paper.

**Contents:** Logic, method of proof, set theory, functions and relations, elementary number theory, induction, recursion, effectivity of algorithms.

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**Outcome**: Students understand the foundation of mathematics and know when sentences are logically equivalent. Notions such as countability and infinity are mastered. Students will have enough background to study and understand the theory of algorithms.

#### WTW344 (16 credits) - Algebra

(Department of Mathematics and Applied Mathematics)

Two lectures and two hours practical per week in the second semester. One two-hour paper.

Contents: Groups: semigroups, finite and infinite groups, subgroups, Lagrange's theorem, cosets,

conjunction, homomorphisms. Rings: polynomials, arithmetic modulo n, integral domains, fields,

Euclidian domains, ideals, homomorphisms, principal ideal domains, unique factorisation domains, factorising in Q[x]. Geometric constructions.

**Outcome**: Students understand notions around certain algebraic structures such as groups, rings and fields, as well as applications thereof. They can also determine the possibility of certain geometric constructions. Furthermore, students will have enough background to study coding theory.

#### WTW354 (16 credits) - Fourier analysis

(Department of Mathematics and Applied Mathematics)

Two lectures and two hours practical per week in the first semester.

One three-hour paper.

**Contents:** Fourier series: complex form, applications, signal processing, solution of Laplace's equation, the heat equation and the wave equation with boundaries that require Fourier decomposition. The Fourier transform: applications with infinite intervals of integration, solutions of linear partial differential equations on infinite domains, the Heaviside and Dirac distributions. The discrete Fourier transform, Fourier interpolation and the FFT.

**Outcome**: Students can expand periodic functions as Fourier series and calculate Fourier transforms, and use both in applications. Students are conversant with the discrete Fourier transform and can use it to solve certain signal processing problems.

#### WTW364 (16 credits) - Optimisation

(Department of Mathematics and Applied Mathematics)

Two lectures and two hours practical per week in the second semester.

One two-hour paper.

**Contents**: Theory of unconstrained and constrained optimisation. Iterative solution of nonlinear algebraic equations and of optimisation problems Linear programming.

**Outcome**: Students are well-versed in the theory of optimsation and can use appropriate algorithms to solve optimsation problems.

#### WTW374 (16 credits) - Numerical analysis

(Department of Mathematics and Applied Mathematics)

Two lectures and two hours practical per week in the first semester.

One two-hour paper.

**Contents**: Non-linear equations in one variable: iterative methods, error analysis. Polynomial interpolation: Hermite interpolation and error estimation. Numerical differentiation and integration. Initial-value problems in ordinary differential equations: elementary theory, Runge-Kutta and multistep methods, stability.

**Outcome**: Students can implement the theory of numerical techniques such as the iterative solution of non-linear equations, interpolation, numerical differentiation and integration, and the numerical solution of ordinary differential equations on a computer. They can perform accuracy and reliability tests.

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#### WTW384 (16 credits) - Dynamical systems

(Department of Mathematics and Applied Mathematics)

Two lectures and two hours practical per week in the second semester.

One three-hour paper.

**Contents:** Elementary stability considerations in systems of linear first order ordinary differential equations: chemical, medical, biological and other applications. Systems of non-linear first order ordinary differential equations. Local stability and the classification of fixed points: Applications to biological and medical models. Global stability and limit cycles: Forced non-linear oscillations. First order perturbation techniques. Applications of ordinary differential equations.

**Outcome:** Students can use phase diagrams to analyze equilibrium points and trajectories of nonlinear ordinary differential equations. Students can use techniques from asymptotic analysis to obtain approximate solutions of such differential equations. Students can apply these techniques to manipulate models in Chemistry, Physics, Medical Science and Biology.

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# **Annexure A: Transitional regulations**

#### Modified module codes

The following regulations apply to the 2005 modules listed below:

A student who has one of the 2005 modules listed below outstanding, must again register for the equivalent new module in 2006.

ANA314	=	ANA316
ANA324	=	ANA326

#### New combined module codes

The following regulations apply to the 2005 modules listed below:

A student who has one of the 2005 modules listed below in combined modules outstanding, must again register for it in 2006 in accordance with the 2005 module code.

The student must consult the lecturer concerned about the lectures, practicals and tutorials which have to be attended in the equivalent new combined module.

The examination for the outstanding module will be written at the same time as that of the equivalent new combined module, although only on the module content of the outstanding module.

These regulations are applicable only in 2006 after which students will have to fall in with the new combined modules.

Previous code	New code
ANA214 + ANA232	ANA216
ANA224 + ANA242	ANA226
ANA334 + ANA344	ANA304
HTG312 + HTG322	HTG304

#### VISTA CAMPUS

Previous code	New code
CGS5005	CGS132
CGS5006	CGS122
CGS5007	CGS112
CGS5008	CGS142
CGS50P1	CGS101

#### TRANSITIONAL REGULATIONS

BCM5001	}		
BCM5002	}		
BCM50P1	}	BLG11	4
BCM50P2	}		
BIO5001	}		
BIO5002	}		

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BIO5001* } BOT5001 } BOT501 P }	BLG124
CHE5001 } CHE5004 } CHE50P1 } CHE50P4 }	CEM114
CHE5002 } CHE5003 } CHE50P2 } CHE50P3 }	CEM124
CHE5501 } CHE55P1 }	CEM214
CHE5502 } CHE55P2 }	CEM232
CHE5503 } CHE55P3 }	CEM224
CHE5504 } CHE55P4 }	CEM242
CHE6001 } CHE60P1 }	CEM334
CHE6602 } CHE60P2 }	CEM314
CHE6003 } CHE60P3 }	CEM344
CHE6004 } CHE60P4 }	CEM324
EUC5001	EUC114
GGR5002 + GGR5004 GGR5003 + GGR5001 GGR5501 + GGR5503 GGR5502	GEO144 GWS114 GEO214
GGR5504 GGR6001 + GGR6002 GGR6003	GEO222 GEO322 + GEO342 GEO314
GGR6004 GGR6005	GEO262 + GEO362 + GEO382
MPR5001 MPR5002	MPR154 MPR164
PHY5001	FSK114

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PHY5004	FSK114
PHY5002 + PHY5003	FSK124
PHY5501 + PHY5503	FSK214 + FSK232
PHY5502 + PHY5504	FSK224 + FSK242
PHY6001	FSK314
PHY6002	FSK332 + FSK342
PHY6003	FSK352 + FSK362
PHY6004	FSK324
STA5001/2/3 + STA50P1	STK114
STA6001/2/3/4 + STA50P1	STK114 + STK124
STA6001/2/3/4 + STA60P1/2/3/4	STK216 + STK226
STA6005/6/7 + STA60P6/7	STK316 + STK326
STM5001	STK114
STA6005/6/7 + STA60P6/7	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •

\* Aspects of BIO5001 are done in both the BLG124 and BLG144 modules

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# Annexure B: Prerequisites

Module	Prerequisites
ANA216	BLG114 and BLG144
ANA226	ANA216
ANA326	ANA216 and ANA226
ATW216	(WKS114 and WKS124) or (STK114 and STK124)
ATW226	ATW216
ATW246	60% in ATW216
ATW318	ATW226 or ATW246
ATW328	ATW318
BLG124	Min. (BLG114)
BLG144	BLG114
BMT334	STK216 and STK226
BMT344	BMT334
BOC212	BLG114 and (CEM124 or 65% pass in CEM144)
BOC262	BOC252 and (CEM124 or 65% pass in CEM144)
BOC252	CEM124 or 65% pass in CEM144
BOC224	BOC212 and BOC252
BOC314	GEN272
BOC334	BOC212
BOC324	BOC212
BOC344	BOC212
BOC364	BOC334 and GEN334
BTG324	MKB314
CEM124	CEM114 or CEM104 or CHE104
CEM144	CEM114 or CEM104 or CHE104
CEM214	(CEM114 or CEM104 or CHE104) and (CEM124 or CEM194 or CHE194 or 60%
	pass CEM144) and (WTW114 or WTW134)
CEM224	CEM124 or CEM194 or CHE194 or 60% pass CEM144
CEM232	(CEM114 or CEM104 or CHE104) and (CEM124 or CEM194 or CHE194 or 60%
O LINIZOL	pass CEM144) and (WTW114 or WTW134)
CEM242	CEM232 and CEM214
CEM314	(CEM232 and CEM214 and CEM242) and (WTW124 or WTW144)
CEM324	
CEM334	(CEM232 and CEM214) and (WTW124 or WTW144)
CEM344	
DRK214	BLG114 and BLG144
DRK252	BLG114 and BLG144
DRK262	BLG114 and BLG144
DRK224	BLG114 and BLG144
DRK314	BLG114 and BLG144
DRK314 DRK324	BLG114 and BLG144
DRK324 DRK334	BLG114 and BLG144
DRK344	BLG114 and BLG144
ENT252	(With ENT214)
ENT214	BLG114 and (BLG124 and/or BLG144) with ENT252
ENT262	(With ENT224)
ENT224	BLG114 and (BLG124 and/or BLG144) with ENT262

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ENT314	ENT252 and ENT214
ENT324	ENT262 and ENT224
ENT334	ENT252 and ENT214
ENT344	ENT262 and ENT224
FFG216	BLG114 and CEM114 and (CEM124 or CEM144)
FFG226	FFG216
FFG316	FGG216 and FGG226
FFG326	FFG216 and FFG226 and FFG316
FFG342	FFG216 and FFG226 and FFG316
FSK114	With (WTW114 or WTW134)
FSK124	Min. (FSK114 or FSK134) and Min. (WTW114 or WTW134)
FSK214	(FSK114 or FSK134) and (FSK124 or FSK144) and (WTW114 or WTW134)
FSK224	(FSK114 or FSK134) and (FSK124 or FSK144)
FSK232	(With FSK214)
FSK242	(FSK114 or FSK134) and (FSK124 or FSK144) and (WTW114 or WTW134)
FSK314	(FSK214 or FSK216) or CEM214 and (WTW114 or WTW134)
FSK324	FSK314 or FSK316
FSK332	(FSK114 or FSK134) and (FSK124 or FSK144) and (WTW114 or WTW134)
FSK342	FSK332
FSK352	FSK232
FSK362	FSK232
GEN272	BLG114
GEN214	This module may only be presented simultaneously with GEN272 or after
	GEN272 has been passed
GEN224	BLG114
GEN282	This module may only be presented simultaneously with GEN224 or after
	GEN224 has been passed
GEN314	GEN272 and GEN214
GEN334	GEN214 and GEN224
GEN324	GEN214 and GEN224
GEN344	GEN214 and GEN224
GEO224	GWS114
GEO234	GWS114
GEO334	GE0234
GEO324	GEO224
GIS324	GIS224
GLG124	Min. (GWS114)
GLG202	GLG124
GLG212	Min. (CEM114) and GLG124, (with GLG214)
GLG214	Min. (CEM114) and GLG124
GLG222	GWS114, (with GLG224)
GLG224	GWS114
GLG232	GLG124
GLG242	GWS114, (with GLG244)
GLG244	GWS114
GLG252	GLG124
GLG314	GLG214 and GLG212
GLG324	GLG224 and GLG222
GLG334	GLG124, GLG252 and (GLG224 and GLG222)
GLG344	GLG214 and GLG212 and GLG314 and GLG354 and GLG374

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GLG354	GWS114 and CEM114 and GLG214
GLG364	GWS114 and CEM114 and GLG214
GLG374	GWS114 and CEM114 and GLG214
GLG384	CEM114 and GLG214
HTG214	BLG114 and CEM114 and (CEM124 or CEM144)
HTG224	HTG214
HTG304	HTG214 and HTG224
KLE412	KLE112 and KLE132
KLE444	KLE112 and KLE132
MBG216	BLG114 (With BOC212+BOC252+GEN272+GEN214)
MBG226	MBG216
MKB214	BLG114
MKB222	MKB252
MKB224	MKB214 and MKB252
MKB252	BLG114
MKB314	MKB214 and MKB252
MKB334	MKB224
MKB324	BOC224 and MKB252 and MKB214
MKB344	MKB214
MKM314	MKB214 and MKB252 and MKB222 and MKB224 and (With MKM334)
MKM324	MKM314 and MKM334 and (With MKM344)
MKM334	MKB214 and MKB252 and MKB222 and MKB224 and (With MKM314)
MKM344	MKM314 and MKM334 and (With MKM324)
PLK212	Min. (BLG124) or LWL114
PLK262	Min. (BLG124) or LWL114
PLK214	Min. (BLG124) or LWL114
PLK224	Min. (BLG124) or LWL114
PLK314	BLG124 or LWL114
PLK324	BLG124 or LWL114
PLK334	BLG124 or LWL114
PLK344	BLG124 or LWL114
PNA322	PNA332
RIS114	(With BRS111)
RIS134	(With BRS111)
RIS121	BRS111 or BAS111 or RKG131 or RKG141
RIS124	RIS114
RIS144	RIS134
RIS216	RIS124
RIS222	RIS124 or RIS144
RIS224	RIS216 or RIS236
RIS236	RIS144
RIS244	BRS111 or BAS111 or RKG131 or RKG141
RIS254	BRS111 or BAS111 or RKG131 or RKG141
RIS314	RIS224
RIS324	RIS224
RIS334	RIS222 and (RIS216 or RIS236)
RIS344	RIS222 and (RIS216 or RIS236)
SDH112	KLE112 and KLE132 or KLE122 and VDS214 or VDS224 and ITR214
SDH122	SDH112
SDH132	KLE112 and KLE132 or KLE122 and VDS214 or VDS224 and ITR214

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SDH142	SDH132
STK216	STK124 or BMT124
STK226	STK216
STK316	(STK114 or WTW134) and (STK124 or BMT124)
STK326	STK316
VBW414	(KLE112 and KLE132) or (VDS214 and VDS224)
VBW424	TSK324
WDK314	WDK224
WDK414	WDK224 or WDK314
WDK434	WDK224 or WDK314
WDK424	WDK224 or WDK314
WDK444	WDK224 or WDK314
WKS114	Graad 12 Mathematics (HG) D
WKS124	WKS114 and WTW114
WKS216	WKS114 and WKS124
WKS226	(WTW114 or WTW134) and WTW124 and WKS216
WKS314	WKS216 and WKS226
WKS324	WKS216 and WKS226
WKS334	WKS216 and WKS226
WKS344	WKS216 and WKS226
WTW114	Grade 12 Mathematics (HG) D or WTW164
WTW134	Grade 12 Mathematics (HG) E or (SG) C or WTW164
WTW124	Min. (WTW114)
WTW144	Min. (WTW114) or WTW134
WTW164	Grade 12 Mathematics or WTW154
WTW214	[WTW114 and Min. (WTW124)]
WTW236	Min. (WTW114) or WTW134
WTW252	Min. (WTW124) or WTW144
WTW224	WTW124
WTW244	WTW124 or WTW144
WTW262	WTW114
WTW282	WTW124 and (With WTW224)
WTW314	WTW124 and WTW214 and Min. (WTW262)
WTW334	WTW124
WTW354	WTW124 and Min. (WTW262)
WTW374	WTW124 and WTW252
WTW324	WTW214 and Min. (WTW262)
WTW344	Min. (WTW224)
WTW364	WTW252 and Min. (WTW214)
WTW384	WTW244

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