UNIVERSITY OF THE FREE STATE

FACULTY OF HEALTH SCIENCES

RULE BOOK

SCHOOL OF NURSING UNDERGRADUATE QUALIFICATION 2020



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NB: The last intake for the Bachelor of Social Sciences in Nursing [BSocSci (Nursing)] was in 2019.

No disclosure of marks, student information or discussion of students' performance will be done with parents or other third parties without written permission by the student in order to protect the personal information of the student.

Please note: Please indicate your student number on all correspondence to the UFS.

This Rule Book applies to first-time Bachelor of Nursing students of 2020. The information in this Rule Book may be different for students starting in other years. This Rule Book is accurate at the time of online publication. It may be necessary to make changes in certain circumstances. An amended Rule Book will then be uploaded on the School of Nursing, UFS website https://apps.ufs.ac.za/dl/yearbooks/336 yearbook eng.pdf. This Rule Book must be together with the 2020 General Rules of the **UFS** read available https://www.ufs.ac.za/docs/default-source/policy-institutional-documents/2019-generalrules.pdf?sfvrsn=97dcb421 0.

CONTACT PERSONS

You may contact one of the following people should you have queries about the undergraduate programme of the School of Nursing:

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DEAN, HEAD OF THE SCHOOL, PROGRAMME DIRECTOR, COORDINATORS, ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICER:

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PSYCHIATRIC NURSING COORDINATOR

Dr I Venter

MIDWIFERY COORDINATOR

Mrs E Bekker

	DEFINITIONS
Refer to the UFS General Rules 2020 for the definition of terms uniform interpretation.	s to ensure clarity and

RULES FOR THE DEGREE BACHELOR OF NURSING B Nursing Credits: 512

Programme code: H8490

Plan code: BC849000 Degree code: 849000

INFORMATION

The programme is awaiting approval from the South African Qualifications Authority (SAQA) before it can be offered.

INTRODUCTION

The School of Nursing at the UFS offers a four-year Bachelor of Nursing qualification that complies with Regulation 174 of March 2013. It is an NQF level 8 qualification and has 512 credits. After completion of the qualification and meeting the minimum requirements prescribed in the regulations relating to the training for a Professional Nurse and Midwife, the School of Nursing will register South African students at the South African Nursing Council (SANC) as a Professional Nurse and Midwife in the category Community Service (section 40 of the Nursing Act no 33 of 2005 and Government notice 765 of 24 August 2005.

The Bachelor of Nursing comprises of 43.11% contact, student and assessment time that constitutes theory and 56.89% work integrated learning (WIL). A total of 2080 WIL hours will be completed during the programme. WIL according to the Nursing Education and Training Standards published by the SANC is the component of a learning programme that focuses on the application of theory in an authentic, workbased context. It addresses specific competencies identified as inherent to a qualification.

PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

The exit level outcomes formulated in the Bachelor of Nursing degree are aligned to the outcomes prescribed by the SANC:

- Identify and address ethical and legal issues based on critical reflection on the suitability of different ethical values (and legal) systems to the nursing and midwifery practice within the legal framework.
- Apply knowledge of biological and natural sciences, psycho-social sciences and pharmacology in the provision of safe nursing care, throughout the life span, in a variety of healthcare settings and communities in response to population needs.
- Effectively manage the healthcare unit and health facility with the understanding of the roles and relationships within the multidisciplinary team.
- Access, produce and manage information effectively in order to creatively solve problems or issues.
- Use research in investigating nursing, midwifery and health-related problems.

- Apply learning strategies effectively to address own, and others' professional and personal ongoing learning needs in a self-critical manner.
- Apply knowledge of theories, methods, and techniques in the practice of safe clinical nursing and midwifery that is a response to the needs of the individual, the family, and the community, in accordance with national legislative and policy frameworks.
- Maintain optimal health of a woman, her family, and baby, *prepartum*, *post-partum* and *intrapartum*.

NQF LEVEL DESCRIPTORS

The NQF level 8 programme descriptors are:

- a. Scope of knowledge, in respect of which a learner can demonstrate knowledge of and engagement in an area at the forefront of a field, discipline or practice; an understanding of the theories, research methodologies, methods and techniques relevant to the field, discipline or practice; and an understanding of how to apply such knowledge in a particular context.
- b. Knowledge literacy, in respect of which a learner can demonstrate the ability to interrogate multiple sources of knowledge in an area of specialisation and to evaluate knowledge and processes of knowledge production.
- c. Method and procedure, in respect of which a learner can demonstrate an understanding of the complexities and uncertainties of selecting, applying or transferring appropriate standard procedures, processes or techniques to strange problems in a specialised field, discipline or practice.
- d. Problem solving, in respect of which a learner can demonstrate the ability to use a range of specialised skills to identify, analyse and address complex or abstract problems drawing systematically on the body of knowledge and methods appropriate to a field, discipline or practice.
- e. Ethics and professional practice, in respect of which a learner can demonstrate the ability to identify and address ethical issues based on critical reflection on the suitability of different ethical value systems to specific contexts.
- f. Accessing, processing and managing information, in respect of which a learner can demonstrate the ability to critically review information gathering, synthesis of data, evaluation and management processes in specialised contexts in order to develop creative responses to problems and issues.
- g. Producing and communicating information, in respect of which a learner can demonstrate the ability to present and communicate academic, professional or occupational ideas and texts effectively to a range of audiences, offering creative insights, rigorous interpretations, and solutions to problems and issues appropriate to the context.

- h. Context and systems, in respect of which a learner can demonstrate the ability to operate effectively within a system, or manage a system based on an understanding of the roles and relationships between elements within the system.
- i. Management of learning, in respect of which a learner can demonstrate the ability to apply, in a self-critical manner, learning strategies which effectively address his or her professional and ongoing learning needs and the professional and ongoing learning needs of others.
- j. Accountability, in respect of which a learner can demonstrate the ability to take full responsibility for his or her work, decision-making and use of resources, and full accountability for the decisions and actions of others where appropriate.

GRADUATE ATTRIBUTES AND COMPETENCIES

According to the SANC, a graduate who completes this qualification will be able to:

- Apply knowledge of the theory of biological and natural sciences, psychosocial sciences and pharmacology in the provision of comprehensive nursing and midwifery care.
- Develop, implement and evaluate population-based healthcare.
- Assess, plan, implement and evaluate nursing care for individuals and groups throughout the lifespan.
- Promote health, prevent ill-health, provide nursing care and promote rehabilitation of individuals and groups independently.
- Utilise research in nursing and health-related problems to improve healthcare outcomes.
- Manage healthcare facilities.
- Demonstrate professional and clinical leadership.
- Promote the professional development of self and others.
- Demonstrate clinical judgment and critical thinking.
- Register as a Professional Nurse and Midwife with the South African Nursing Council.

NUR1 ADMISSION REQUIREMENTS AND SELECTION

The National Benchmark tests (NBT's) are compulsory for all prospective first-year students. If the stipulated requirements of the NBT's have not been met, registration for the applicable language development modules is compulsory (General Rule A3.9).

Prospective students are subject to selection due to the high demands of the nursing profession and limited clinical training facilities. The School of Nursing reserves the

right to request or obtain information in order to carry out the selection process. Selection takes place according to the selection policy of the School of Nursing.

In terms of General Rule A3.1 and the selection policy of the School of Nursing, prospective students must be in possession of a National Senior Certificate allowing admission to Bachelor's study with the following appropriate subject combinations, level of achievements and an admission point (AP) of at least 30, that has been certified with an applicable endorsement by Umalusi.

Subject	Level of achievements
Language of instruction of school (Afrikaans or English)	4 (50%)
Mathematics OR	3 (40%)
Mathematical literacy	6 (70%)
Life Sciences OR	5 (60%)
Physical science	4 (50%)

A person who does not qualify can apply for admission to a Bachelor of Nursing qualification according to General Rule A3.8 in terms of a process of recognition of prior learning (RPL).

NUR2 CONTACT SESSIONS

- a) All scheduled nursing practical contact sessions are compulsory. Students who do not attend all the nursing practical contact sessions will not be admitted to the particular examination. Special arrangements will, however, be made if sessions are missed for acceptable reasons.
- b) All theoretical contact sessions attended within the Faculty of Health Sciences are compulsory. Students who attended less than 80% of contact sessions of a module will not be allowed to take part in the summative assessment in the main examination and will be regarded as having failed the module and not be considered for the additional examination, except when the Dean decides otherwise.

NUR3 READMISSION AND PROGRESS

General Rules A3.10 and A3.11 apply.

- (a) The scope and the timetable of modules for which students may register are arranged in consultation with the Head of the School and the Programme Director.
- (b) No student may register for an alternative module instead of an existing module of the approved curriculum, unless these modules have been equated.
- (c) Theoretical and/or practical nursing module(s) must be successfully completed before a student may register for theoretical and/or practical nursing module(s) in any successive academic years. In addition the required clinical hours per

- year must be met in order to pass the relevant practical module. An exception to the rule may be allowed only with the approval of the Dean
- (d) A student may not be promoted to the third academic year if **any** module(s) of the first and/or second academic year are outstanding. An exception to the rule may only be made with the approval of the Dean
- (e) A student who does not pass at least 50% of the number of registered modules per annum, will not be allowed to re-enter the programme.
- (f) In the case where students interrupt their studies and wish to resume their studies again, a maximum of five (5) years since the date of discontinuation is allowed.
- (g) It is compulsory for students who were referred to the Division Student Learning and Development to attend the sessions.

NUR4 WORK INTEGRATED LEARNING

Work integrated learning is compulsory and consists of two components:

- · simulated learning sessions, and
- workplace-based learning in health services institutions.
- a) Workplace-based learning must be performed in health care institutions accredited by the South African Nursing Council for the School of Nursing.
- b) All facets of work integrated learning, including the scope and timetable, are overseen by the Programme Director and approved by the Head of School.
- c) The prescribed work integrated learning hours must be completed and clinical outcomes achieved before students can be registered with the South African Nursing Council as Professional nurses and Midwives.
- d) Students will be expected to do workplace-based hours at weekends, on public holidays and during UFS holidays.
- e) Work integrated learning as prescribed in the applicable module guide is required for admission to the summative practical assessment and objective structured clinical evaluation (OSCE).

NUR5 REQUIREMENTS TO PASS

General Rule A9 applies.

- a) If a module is comprised of two theoretical papers, a subminimum of 40% per paper and a combined mark of 50% must be obtained in the same examination opportunity.
- b) Promotion does not take place in any Nursing module.

- c) The module mark of a practical module contributes 50% and the examination mark 50% to the combined mark. A subminimum of 50% must be obtained in the practical examination.
- d) Students who fail the final-year module Midwifery Practicum (NUMP4808) may be assessed after 6 months. In such cases they register for NUMP4810.
- e) If a student does not qualify for admission to the main OSCE, admission for the additional OSCE can only occur with the recommendation of the Head of the School.
- f) Students with an inadequate number of work integrated learning hours will not pass the relevant practical module.

First-year students

Proof of the completion of two hundred and twenty-four (224) work integrated learning hours and all other requirements as specified in the study guide for admission to Nursing Practicum (NUGP1522) must be submitted on the last Monday before the commencement of the end of the year examination date.

Second-year students

Proof of the completion of four hundred and forty-eight (448) work integrated learning hours and all other requirements as specified in the study guide completed for admission to Nursing Practicum (NUGP2624) must be submitted on the last Monday before the commencement of the end of the year examination date.

Third-year students

Proof of the completion of six hundred and seventy-two (672) work integrated learning hours and all other requirements as specified in the study guide completed for admission to Nursing Practicum (NUGP3724) and Midwifery Practicum (NUMP3724) must be submitted on the last Monday before the commencement of the end of year examination date.

Fourth-year students

Proof of the completion of seven hundred and thirty-six hours (736) work integrated learning hours and all other requirements as specified in the study guide completed for admission to Midwifery Practicum (NUMP4808) must be submitted on the last Monday before the commencement of the end of the year examination date.

NUR6 QUALIFICATION WITH DISTINCTION

General Rule A10 of the UFS applies.

NUR7 REGISTRATIONS WITH THE SOUTH AFRICAN NURSING COUNCIL

Students in Nursing are compelled to register with the South African Nursing Council as learners. Registration as learners must occur within 60 days of commencement. The School of Nursing is responsible for registering the students as learners. The UFS will inform the SANC of student misconduct.

After successful completion of the Bachelor of Nursing and having met the minimum requirements prescribed for the education and training as a Professional Nurse and Midwife, the School of Nursing will lodge a completed application for the student for registration in the category Community Service with the South African Nursing Council.

NUR8 PRESENTATION OF MODULES AND PRECONDITIONS

Students need to register for NUGT1514 and NUGP1512 simultaneously the first time Students need to register for NUMT2614 and NUMP2614 simultaneously the first time Students need to register for NUMT2614 and NUMP2614 simultaneously the first time Students need to register for NUGT2624 and NUGP2624 simultaneously the first time Students need to register for NUGT3714 and NUGP3712 simultaneously the first time Students need to register for NUGT3712 and NUGP3712 simultaneously the first time Students need to register for NUGT3724 and NUGP3724 simultaneously the first time Students need to register for NUMT3724 and NUMP3724 simultaneously the first time Students need to register for NUGT4814 and NUGP4814 simultaneously the first time Students need to register for NUMT4814, NUMT4824 and NUMP4808 simultaneously the first time

FRMB2612 and FRMB2622: Pre-condition for final-year registration

NURP4814: Ethics approved research proposal is required

MCBH2614 (Microbiology) is a pre-condition for MCBH2624 (Microbiology)

NUR9 LEARNING PROGRAMME (CURRICULUM)

First year					
First semester		Second seme	ster		
Module code	Module	Credits	Module code	Module	Credits
NUGT1514	General Nursing Theory	16	NUGT1524	General Nursing Theory	16
NUGP1512	General Nursing Practicum	8	NUGP1522	General Nursing Practicum	8
NUET1512	Ethics	8	BMNT1524	Human Anatomy and Physiology Theory	16
SOCI1532	Sociology	8	BMNP1523	Human Anatomy and Physiology Practicum	12
MCBH2614	Microbiology	16	MCBH2624	Microbiology	16
Semester total		56	Semester total		68
Subtotal	Subtotal 124				

^{*}UFSS1504 is a compulsory module for all students registering for a first qualification at the UFS (General rule A3.9 f (ii)). It contributes an additional 16 credits to the minimum required credits for this qualification.

Two hundred and twenty-four (224) work-integrated learning (WIL) hours are required of first-year students.

Second year					
First semester		Second seme	ester		
Module code	Module	Credits	Module code	Module	Credits
NUMT2614	Midwifery Theory	16	NUGT2624	General Nursing Theory	16
NUMP2614	Midwifery Practicum	16	NUGP2624	General Nursing Practicum	16
FRMB2612	Pharmacology	8	FRMB2622	Pharmacology	8
BMNT2614	Human Anatomy and Physiology Theory	16	NUPT2624	Mental Health Theory	16
BMNP2613	Human Anatomy and Physiology Practicum	12			
Semester total		68	Semester total		56
Subtotal 124					

Four hundred and sixteen (416) work integrated learning (WIL) hours are required of second-year students.

Third year					
First semester		Second seme	ster		
Module code	Module	Credits	Module code	Module	Credits
NUGT3714	General Nursing Theory	16	NUGT3724	General Nursing Theory	16
NUGP3712	General Nursing Practicum	8	NUGP3724	General Nursing Practicum	16
NURT3714	Nursing Research Methodology Theory	16	NUMT3724	Midwifery Theory	16
NUPT3712	Mental Health Theory	8	NUMP3724	Midwifery Practicum	16
NUPP3712	Mental Health Practicum	8			
Semester total		56	Semester total		64
Subtotal				120	

Six hundred and seventy-two (672) work integrated learning (WIL) hours are required of third-year students.

Fourth year					
First semester		Second seme	ester		
Module code	Module	Credits	Module code	Module	Credits
NUGT4814	General Nursing Theory	16	NUMT4824	Midwifery Theory	16
NUGP4814	General Nursing Practicum	16	SOCI4824	Organizational Sociology	16
NUMT4814	Midwifery Theory	16	NUAT4824	Management	16
NUMP4808	Midwifery Practicum	32			
NURP4814	Nursing Research Methodology Practicum	16			
Semester total		96	Semester total		48
Subtotal	Subtotal 144				

Seven hundred and thirty-six hours (736) work integrated learning (WIL) hours are required of fourth-year students.

NUR10 DURATION OF THE PROGRAMME

Students who have not completed their studies in the minimum time, plus two (2) years (calculated from the date of first registration with the UFS), will not be allowed to complete their studies without the permission of the Dean of the Faculty of Health Sciences [General Rule A5(a)].

NUR11 LEARNING CONTENT

The themes of the theoretical modules, the scope of papers and the credits are outlined in the following table.

TABLE: Themes of modules and the scope of papers and credits

Modules and papers	Themes	Credits
General Nursing Theory NUGT1514 One paper of 3 hours	Range: environmental safety, communication (techniques) and establishing rapport, vital signs. mobility, nutrition, hygiene, excretion, working and playing (teamwork, problem solving, time management), sexuality, sleeping, sharing of information to promote health and prevent illness, death and dying Knowledge of coping mechanisms and life skills are applied in personal life and nursing care Range: aspect of health and illness, coping mechanisms, stress, anxiety, failure, depression, interpersonal conflict, loss & illness	16
General Nursing Practicum NUGP 1512 OSCE	In order to enable the student to meet the outcomes of the module the following content will be addressed in this practicum module:	8

Modules and papers	Themes	Credits
Modules and papers	 Assessment of basis healthcare needs (history, physical examination, side room investigations, laboratory findings) Interpret assessment findings Plan and implement nursing care to meet the needs of the patient Vital signs: Blood pressure measurement, Temperature measurement, Oxygen saturation Mobility: Body mechanism, mobilisation of patient without aids, bed positions Hygiene: bed bath, hair care, oral care, nail care, shaving of the male patient, foot care Nutrition: Insert nasogastric tube and nasogastric 	Credits
	 feeding, feeding of frail patient, Excretion: catheterisation and catheter care, administration of suppository/ enema, test urine with dipstix, Aseptic principles: hand washing, gloving, use a prepacked sterile tray i.e. wound care closed wound, inserting catheter Infection control measures Lay out a corpse 	
Ethics NUET1512 One paper of 3 hours	 Code of ethics Human rights Patient rights Professional role and conduct Health legislation Batho pele principles Role and function of the South African Nursing Council 	8
Sociology SOCI1532 Continuous assessment	 An introduction to sociology and the application to nursing Culture Social structure and the medical institution Population and health status 	8
Microbiology MCBH2614 One paper of 3 hours	Historical overview and introduction to Microbiology. Classification, cell structure and characteristics of higher protista (algae, protozoa and fungi) and the lower protista (bacteria, cyanobacteria, rickettsia and viruses). Microbial symbiosis, lichens, mycorrhiza, nitrogen binding, the rumen. Characteristics and importance of selected bacterial groups, metabolic pathways. Basic virology, structure, characteristics and replication of bacteriophages, animal viruses and plant viruses. Bacteria: classification, distinguishing characteristics, importance, nutritional groups and physiology, nitrogen and sulphur cycle in nature. Food poisoning: poisoning through the intake of micro-organisms and microbe toxins associated with contaminated food. Microbe genetics: flow of DNA to protein and control mechanisms. Principles and definitions, recombination, gene transfer, plasmids and mobile genetic elements. Microbe Biotechnology: conventional and modern biotechnology; important	16

Modules and papers	Themes	Credits
	historical events, definitions and terminology, non-	
Consequel Numbin of Theorem	specific and specific resistance.	40
General Nursing Theory NUGT1524	Epidemiology,Record keeping, keeping, statistics,	16
Two papers of 2 hours each	Immunisation (EPI)	
	Childhood illnesses (IMCI)	
	Nutrition / Malnutrition	
	Ear, nose and throat condition (Mastoiditis,	
	chronic ear infection)	
	Helminth infections	
	Infant/child HIV and AIDS Fover: Maningitic Maleria	
	Fever: Meningitis, Malaria,Respiratory conditions: Pneumonia, Cough and	
	cold, Asthma in the child	
	Diarrhoea: Dehydration, dysentery	
	Anaemia	
	Skin conditions	
	Anaphylaxis	
	Dispensing	
	Milestone development	
	BreastfeedingHelp babies breath	
General Nursing Practicum	 Help bables breath Assessment of a patient (history taking, physical 	8
NUGP 1522	examination, side room investigation, collecting	
OSCE	appropriate samples for laboratory testing)	
	Interpretation of assessment findings	
	Classify and treat according to IMCI guidelines	
	Weigh and measure	
	• MUAC	
	Z-score	
	Head circumferenceMilestone development	
	Basic life Support for infant and children / choking	
	Dispense medication under supervision	
	Injection /immunisation	
	Breastfeeding techniques	
	Administer oral medication to a child	
	Ear wigging	
	Oxygen therapy/nebulisation/spacer	
	 Finger/heel prick blood specimen (PCR, glucose, Hb) 	
	Tuberculin administration	
	Ear examination	
Human Anatomy and Physiology	Anatomy and organisation of the body	16
Theory	Physiological chemistry and processes	
BMNT1524	Cells and tissues	
One paper of 3 hours	The blood	
	Introduction to nutrition The skin	
	The musculoskeletal system	
	Introduction to genetics	
Human Anatomy and Physiology	Osteology	12
Practicum	The articular system	
BMNP1523	The muscular system	
One paper of 30 minutes		

Modules and papers	Themes	Credits
Microbiology MCBH2624 One paper of 3 hours	Microbe counts: Total counts (direct and indirect methods), living counts. Microbe growth: Growth comparisons: Exponential growth and the general growth equation, calculating specific growth rate, doubling time and yield coefficient. The Monod equation. Growth curves: phases, linear growth. Oxygen as substrate: effect on growth, the provision of oxygen and volumetric transfer coefficient. Microbe death: Measurement of rate of decay, decimal reduction time, Z value. Heat resistance. Factors that influence decay. Practical application of eliminating microbes through heat. The influence of other anti-microbe agents: radiation, physical and chemical agents. Microbe nutrition: Carbon, nitrogen and mineral sources, growth factors. Nutrition classes. Formulation of cultural media. Buffers and pH. Total and living counting methods. Microscopy. Bacterial isolations on selected and differential media. Growth and decay curves: determining kinetic parameters; the effect of environmental conditions. Determining viability of yeast cells. Students will also complete a computer-supported self-study module in bacterial growth.	16
Midwifery Theory NUMT2614 One paper of 3 hours	 Epidemiology, Record keeping, data management system, Preconception care Maternal HIV and AIDS care / prevention of mother to child transmission (PMTCT) Contraception Medical eligibility criteria Miscarriage and termination of pregnancy Sexually transmitted infections (STI) Menstrual disorders Infertility HIV+ mothers/couples Urogenital infections/ conditions Sexual violence and abuse Applicable legislation and policies (TOP, violence against women and children), Development of gender identity and sexual orientation related to maternal and child health 	16
Midwifery Practicum NUMP 2614 OSCE	 Assessment of a patient (subjective and objective) Interpretation of assessment findings Diagnose and treat according to best practice guidelines Female and male genital examination (pelvic examination, PAP smear HIV pre and post-test counselling HIV rapid testing Blood sampling Midstream and closed urine sample collection Prostrate examination (rectal examination) Mammae screening (Breast examination) 	16

Modules and papers	Themes	Credits
	Testicular examination	
	Abdominal examination	
	Starting an intravenous line	
Pharmacology	Pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamics	8
FRMB2612	Routes of administering, formulations and legislation	
One paper of 3 hours	Anti-microbe medicines	
	Anti-fungal, anti-viral and anti-helminthic medical	
	substances	
	Anti-tuberculosis medicines	
	Protozoal infections (including malaria) and	
	rickettsias	
	Analgesics Diuretics	
	Fluids and electrolytes Vitamins	
	Anti-histamines	
	Medicines used in the treatment of haematological	
	conditions	
Human Anatomy and Physiology	The cardiovascular system,	16
Theory	respiratory system,	.0
BMNT2614	nervous system,	
One paper of 3 hours	special senses,	
	urinary system,	
	endocrine system,	
	lymphatic system,	
	digestive system and metabolism and	
	reproductive systems	
Human Anatomy and Physiology	The cardiovascular system,	12
Practicum	respiratory system,	
BMNP2613	nervous system,	
One paper of 30 minutes	special senses,	
	urinary system,	
	endocrine system,	
	lymphatic system,	
	digestive system and	
Conoral Nursing Theory	reproductive systems	16
General Nursing Theory NUGT2624	Irreversible airflow limitations, (chronic bronchitis, amphysams, asthma)	10
Two papers of 2 hours each	emphysema, asthma) Tuberculosis	
I wo papers of 2 flours each		
	Adult HIV and AIDS To describe leavy Disherted Mallitus, thursday	
	Endocrinology: Diabetes Mellitus, thyroid, Musquisologistal, estas artrithia, estas paragia	
	Musculoskeletal: osteo-artrithis, osteoporosis, Onbthalmalague Bad ava vision aquity, glausama	
	Ophthalmology: Red eye, vision acuity, glaucoma	
	Hypertension Check pains accombagities reflect appine acceptation.	
	Chest pain; oesophagitis, reflux, angina, gastritis, gastric ulcer, duodenal ulcer Epidemiology,	
	dastric uicer, duodenai uicer Epidemiology.	
	Record keeping, Keeping statistics, Legislation,	
	Record keeping, Keeping statistics, Legislation, Ethics, Safety of patients, Professional conduct,	
	 Record keeping, Keeping statistics, Legislation, Ethics, Safety of patients, Professional conduct, Leadership, Basic life support 	
General Nursing Practicum	Record keeping, Keeping statistics, Legislation, Ethics, Safety of patients, Professional conduct, Leadership, Basic life support Infection control measures	16
General Nursing Practicum NUGP 2624	Record keeping, Keeping statistics, Legislation, • Ethics, Safety of patients, Professional conduct, Leadership, Basic life support • Infection control measures • Subjective and objective assessment of the	16
NUGP 2624	Record keeping, Keeping statistics, Legislation, • Ethics, Safety of patients, Professional conduct, Leadership, Basic life support • Infection control measures • Subjective and objective assessment of the patient (GOSH)	16
	Record keeping, Keeping statistics, Legislation, thics, Safety of patients, Professional conduct, Leadership, Basic life support Infection control measures Subjective and objective assessment of the patient (GOSH) Diagnose and implement nursing care according	16
NUGP 2624	Record keeping, Keeping statistics, Legislation, Ethics, Safety of patients, Professional conduct, Leadership, Basic life support Infection control measures Subjective and objective assessment of the patient (GOSH) Diagnose and implement nursing care according to applicable best practice and national	16
NUGP 2624	Record keeping, Keeping statistics, Legislation, Ethics, Safety of patients, Professional conduct, Leadership, Basic life support Infection control measures Subjective and objective assessment of the patient (GOSH) Diagnose and implement nursing care according to applicable best practice and national guidelines	16
NUGP 2624	Record keeping, Keeping statistics, Legislation, Ethics, Safety of patients, Professional conduct, Leadership, Basic life support Infection control measures Subjective and objective assessment of the patient (GOSH) Diagnose and implement nursing care according to applicable best practice and national	16

Modules and papers	Themes	Credits
	Collect sputum specimen	
	Range of movement	
	Visual acuity test, cleansing the eye, penetrating	
	object in the eye, foreign object in the eye, eye	
	irrigation, installing eye drops and ointment	
	Foot care	
	Bandaging techniques	
	Basic life support of the adult	•
Pharmacology	Endocrine pharmacology	8
FRMB2622 One paper of 3 hours	Pharmacology and the autonomous nervous system The cardio-vascular system	
One paper or 3 hours	The respiratory system	
	Neuropsychopharmacology	
	Gastro-intestinal tract	
	Dermatology	
	Uro-genital pharmacology	
	Eye pharmacology	
	Emergency conditions and anaesthetic substances	
	Cancer chemotherapy	
	Pharmacokinetics	
	Medicines in extreme ages, pregnancy and lactation	
	Interactions between medicines Poisonings	
	Substance abuse and dependence	
	Control over therapeutic substances and methods of	
	prescriptions	
Mental Health Theory	Subjective and objective assessment of mental	16
NUPT2624	health of a person	
One paper of 2 hours	Strategies to promote mental health	
General Nursing Theory	Peri-operative care	24
NUGT3714	Preoperative:	
Two papers of 2 hours each	types of surgery	
	baseline information and risk factors	
	complications of anaesthesia and surgery big psychological response to surgery	
	bio-psychosocial response to surgeryeducation to patient	
	documentation	
	 provision of special needs of the young, elderly, 	
	obese and diabetics	
	Intraoperative:	
	role and responsibility of members in team	
	high risk areas e.g. positioning, temperature,	
	infection	
	complications during surgery	
	nursing interventions to enhance safety of	
	patient	
	sample taking	
	human tissue legislation	
	Postoperative:	
	immediate care / needs-recovery room core / needs in the word	
	care / needs in the ward quidelines about handover	
	guidelines about handover nain management	
	pain managementhemodynamic status	
	different kinds of shock	
	organ damage	
	documentation	
	- addunionation	

Modules and papers	Themes	Credits
	fluid / blood replacement provision of special	
	needs of the young, elderly, obese and diabetics	
	Wound care:	
	Assessment of a patient with a wound Anatomy and physicle gry of the aking	
	Anatomy and physiology of the skinPhysiology of wound healing	
	Dressing decision makingWound bed preparation	
	Burns:	
	assessment	
	emergency care and emergency room	
	management	
	three periods of a major burn	
	pathophysiology	
	• complications	
	learning needs of patients	
	Wound care products	
	Vascular insufficiency	
	Arterial insufficiency	
	venous insufficiency	
	diabetic foot	
	Ophthalmic conditions related to surgery	
	cataract surgery	
	trabeculectomy	
	trabeculoplasty	
	retinal detachment	
	corneal transplant	
	management of the blind person	_
General Nursing Practicum	Subjective and objective assessment of the	8
NUGP 3712 OSCE	patient	
USUE	Plan and implement comprehensive nursing care in collaboration with the interpretagained.	
	in collaboration with the interprofessional healthcare team	
	Aseptic principles	
	Sterile tray	
	Administration of oral medication	
	Central venous pressure	
	Pain control analgesia	
	Basic wound care	
	Wound swab	
	Wound irrigation and plugging	
	Drain shortening	
	Sutures and clips	
	Bandaging	
	Sharp object in the eye	
	Donning theatre gown and gloves	
	Assist the surgeon during caesarean section	
	Ankle brachial pressure index	
	Manage a patient a chronic wound	
	Compression therapy	
Nursing Research Methodology	In this module students learn the rudimentary	16
Theory	elements of research and plan a research project	
NURT3714	with limited scope within a team	
Research proposal		

Modules and papers	Themes	Credits
Mental Health Theory	Using the nursing process in the treatment of	8
NUPT3712	individuals and groups with common psychiatric	
One paper of 2 hours	disorders, including intellectual disability	
Mental Health Practicum	Psychiatric assessment of the patient	8
NUPP 3712	Therapeutic interview with the patient	
	Assessment of an intellectually disabled person	
	Stimulation of an intellectually disabled person	
	 Making an educational toy for an intellectually 	
	disabled child	
	Therapeutic group	
General Nursing Theory	Cardiology	16
NUGT3724	• ECG	
Two papers of 2 hours each	Stable angina	
	Acute coronary syndrome	
	Myocardial infarction	
	Heart failure	
	Pulmonary embolism	
	Pulmonary	
	Arterial blood gasses	
	Respiratory failure	
	Acute respiratory distress syndrome Vandilation reads also	
	Ventilation methods Ventilation actions	
	Ventilator settings Tutulation oritoria	
	Extubation criteria Pulmanary and amage.	
	Pulmonary oedema Lung biopay	
	Lung biopsyPneumothorax	
	Flail chest	
	Pneumonectomy	
	Under water drainage	
	Gastrointestinal	
	Hepatitis	
	Cirrhosis	
	Cholecyctitis	
	Surgical interventions	
	Acute abdominal pain	
	Irritable bowel syndrome	
	Appendicitis	
	Peritonitis	
	Pancreatitis	
	 Inflammatory bowel diseases 	
	Intestinal obstruction	
	Kidney stones	
	Ostomies	
	Diverticulosis	
	Diverticulitis	
	Aneurism Museulastatal	
	Musculoskeletal	
	Knee and hip replacements Fractures	
Ganaral Nursing Practicum	Fractures Floatropordiography	16
General Nursing Practicum NUGP 3724	Electrocardiography Cardio pulmonary resuscitation	10
OSCE	Cardio pulmonary resuscitationDefibrillation	
	Artificial airways	
	Intubation	
	Mechanical ventilation	
	1- Moonamoa vontillation	1

Modules and papers	Themes	Credits
	Suctioning	
	Underwater drain	
	Emergency care of Haemorrhage	
	Evisceration	
	Emergency care of fractures	
	Emergency care of soft tissue injuries	
	Mobilisation of orthopaedic patient with aids Transfer	
Midwifent Theory	Traction	10
Midwifery Theory NUMT3724	History and context midwifery and respectful care Applied and context midwifery and respectful care	16
One paper of 3 hours	Applied maternal anatomy and physiology Systemia approach and WHO signal functions	
One paper or 3 hours	 Systemic approach and WHO signal functions Antenatal care 	
	Antenatal careFoetal development	
	Medical conditions in pregnancy	
	Waiting homes	
	Teenager pregnancies	
	National guidelines legislation and protocol.	
Midwifery Practicum	Assessment (history taking, physical assessment,	8
NUMP 3724	side room investigations) a pregnant woman and	
OSCE	manage according to best available evidence	
	Palpation of abdomen during pregnancy	
	Calculate date of birth	
	Ultrasound	
	 Determine fundal height 	
	Foetal heartbeat	
	Amnion-synthesis	
	Pelvic assessment	
	Antenatal preparation class	
General Nursing Theory	Nephrology:	16
NUGT4814	Functions of the kidney The second of	
One paper of 3 hours	Types of renal failure The street and particular	
	Treatment optionsNeurology:	
	Suppressed consciousness	
	Raised intracranial pressure	
	Degenerative neurological conditions	
	Brain death	
	Organ donation	
	Epilepsy	
	Stroke	
	Headache	
	Surgery	
	Intracranial bleeding	
	Paralysis	
	Spinal cord injury	
	Geriatric care	
	Paediatric ICU	
Conoral Nursing Practicum	a Doritonool dialysis	16
General Nursing Practicum NUGP 4814	Peritoneal dialysis Neurological assessment	10
OSCE	Neurological assessment Secondary trauma assessment	
	Secondary trauma assessmentPoisoning	
	Poisoning Bites and stings	
	Immobilisation of trauma patient	
	Traction	
	Intracranial pressure monitoring	
	1- Intracramar pressure monitoring	l

Modules and papers	Themes	Credits
Midwifery Theory	Physiological and psychological changes during	16
NUMT4814	birth	
One paper of 3 hours	Monitor birth progression	
	Monitor foetal well-being (cardiotochograph)	
	Mechanism of birth	
	 Malposition (face presentation, face-to-pubis; 	
	brow presentation; oblique lie)	
	 Prolonged labour (related to the 4 "P") 	
	Obstructed labour (mid-pelvis arrest; outlet arrest;	
	cephalo-pelvic disproportion)	
	Assisted births	
	Management of 3rd stage of labour	
	Sensitive caesarean section	
	Obstetric emergencies: cord prolapse, shoulder	
	dystocia, breech birth, twin births	
	Pain relief	
	Neonatal assessment	
	Help babies breath Programma high	
	Premature birth Comparison and distance (RET) Following is abroad.	
	Hypertensive conditions (PET; Eclampsia chronic Hypertensive and HELL Boundary)	
	hypertension and HELLP syndrome)	
	DIC (disseminated intravascular coagulation)	
	Intra-uterine death Netional swidelines largislation and protocol	
Midwife my Dreations	National guidelines legislation and protocol.	20
Midwifery Practicum	Students who successfully completed this module will be able to:	32
NUMP 4808 OSCE	will be able to:	
OSCE	Perform a subjective and objective assessment of the prognant warman.	
	the pregnant womenMonitor the well-being of the pregnant women	
	and foetus	
	 Implement midwifery care to address healthcare 	
	needs of the pregnant woman, infant and family	
	during birth and postnatal phase	
	Perform a subjective and objective assessment of	
	the pregnant women and foetus who are high risk	
	for complications	
	 Monitor the well-being of the pregnant women 	
	and foetus who are at high risk for complications	
	 Implement midwifery care to address healthcare 	
	needs of the pregnant woman, infant and family	
	who are at high risk for complications during birth	
	and postnatal phase	
	Assist mother during normal birth	
	Connect and interpret cardiotochograph reading	
	Monitor progression through first stage of labour	
	Assess new-born baby	
	Help babies breath	
	Suture perineal tear	
	Examine placenta	
	Manage lactation	
	Examination of the new-born baby	
	Bath the new-born baby	
	Essential steps in managing obstetric	
	emergencies	
	Maternal resuscitation	
	Active 3rd stage	
	Nasogastric feeding of neonate	

Modules and papers	Themes	Credits
	Oxygen therapy for a neonate	
	Care of an incubator	
	Kangaroo care	
	Initiate neonatal IV	
	Health dialogue	
Management	Students engage with content addressing:	16
NUAT4824	 management process, 	
One paper of 3 hours	advocacy,	
	shared leadership,	
	shared decision making,	
	leadership styles and	
	 mentoring/precepting techniques. 	
Nursing Research methodology	Students who successfully completed this module	16
Practicum	will be able to:	
NURP4814	Implement research	
Research group project	Analyse research data	
	Disseminate research findings by means of a	
	presentation as well as written research report.	
Midwifery Theory	Students who successfully completed this module	16
NUMT4824	will be able to:	
One paper of 3 hours	assess and manage complications during	
	pregnancy, birth and post-partum phase	
	according to national and international best	
	practice guidelines	
	National guidelines legislation and protocol.	1.0
Organizational Sociology	The world of organisational behaviour	16
SOCI4824	A sociological approach to organisation	
Continuous assessment	Individual behaviour	
	Group and social processes	
	Organisational issues and processes	
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